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CONTRACT AF81(052)-833

7 MAY, 1968

AD 629565

# FINAL SCIENTIFIC REPORT

(IN TWO VOLUMES)

## MULTILAYER FILTERS FOR THE REGION 0.8 TO 100 MICRONS

S. D. SMITH

J. S. SEELEY

VOLUME 2-ILLUSTRATIONS



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S.D. SMITH\*

J.S. SEELEY†

\* DEPT. OF PHYSICS

† DEPT. OF APPLIED PHYSICAL SCIENCES

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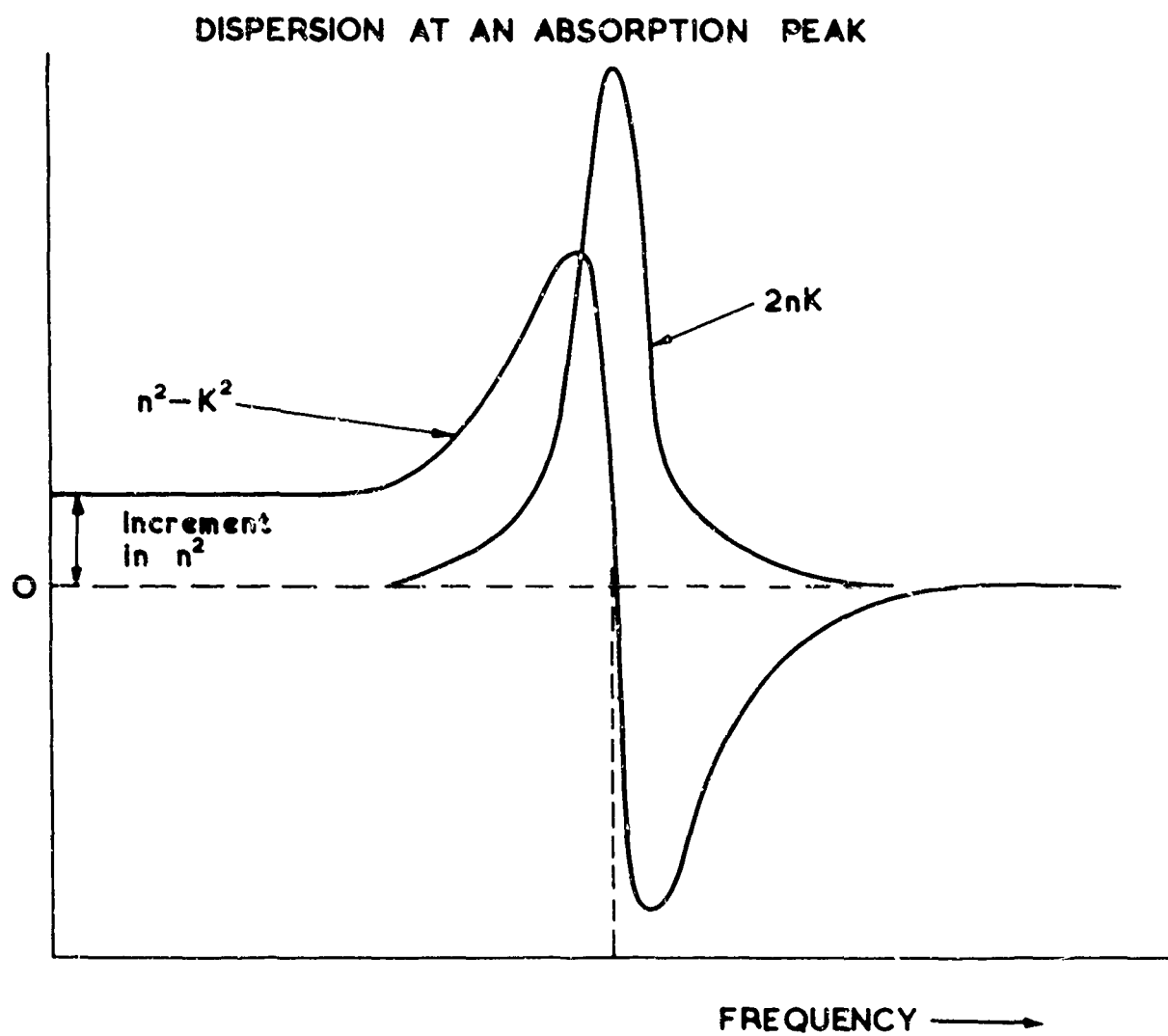
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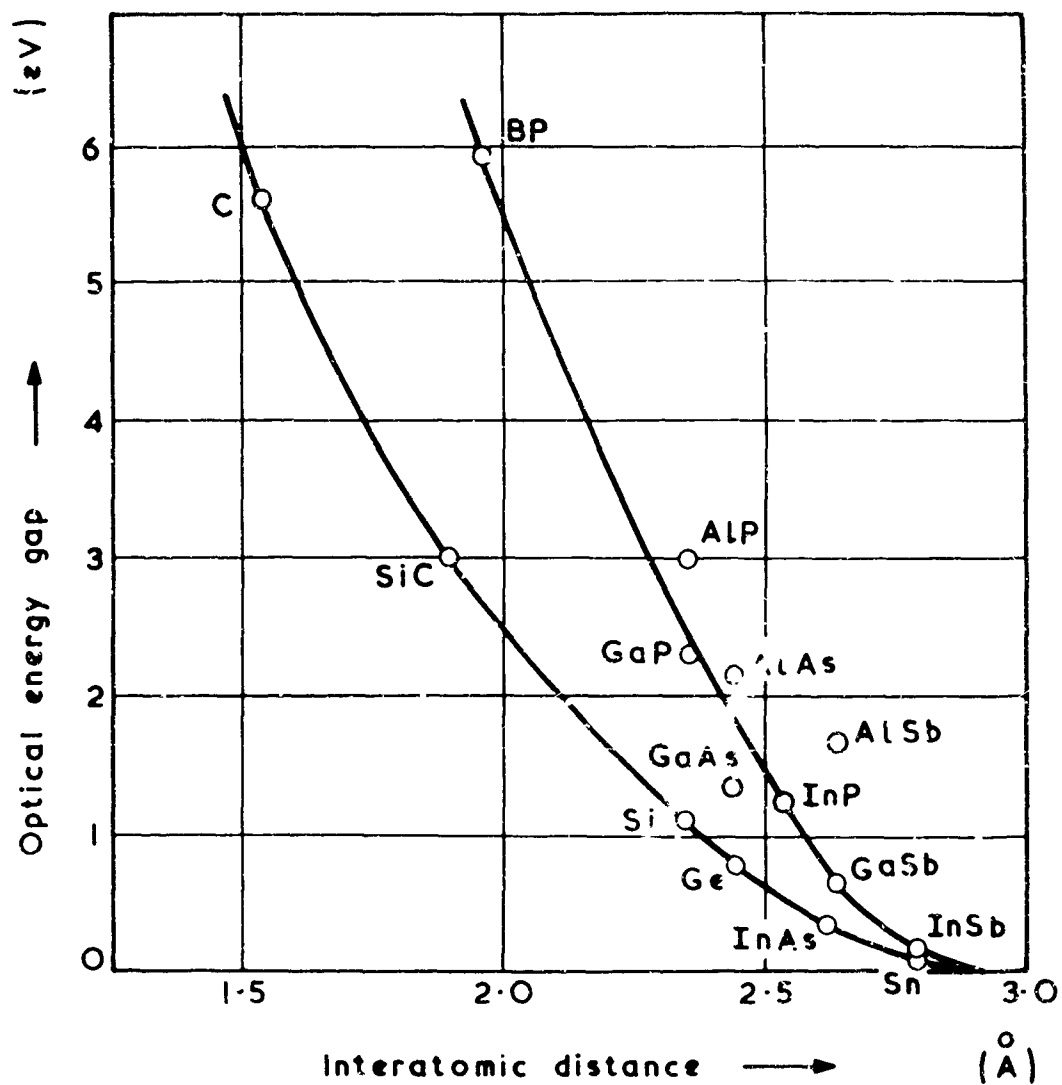
#### Section 6

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**FIG. 2.1**



Energy gap of semiconducting Group IV elements and Group III-V compounds of diamond and zinc blende structure

Fig. 2.2

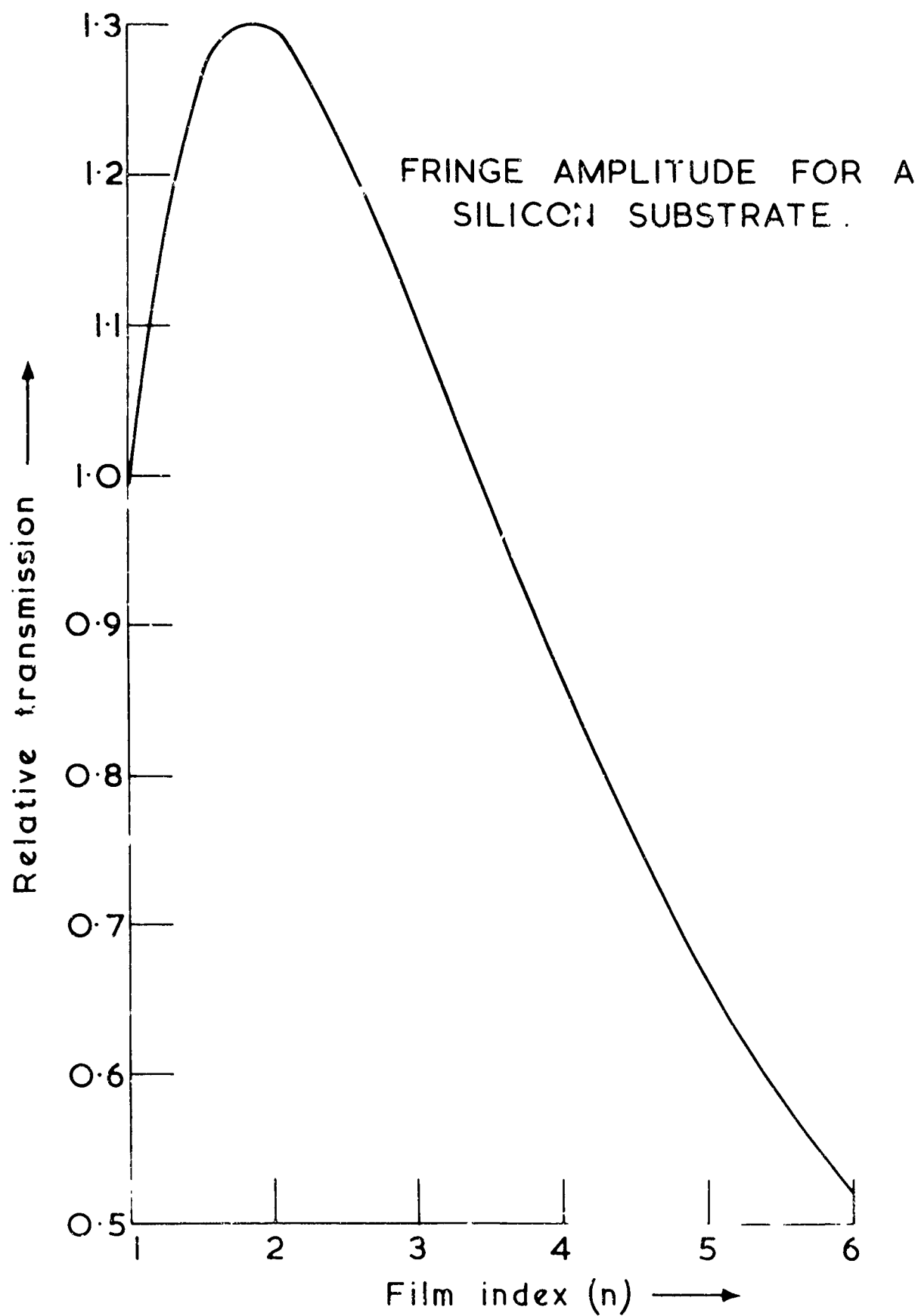


FIG. 3.1

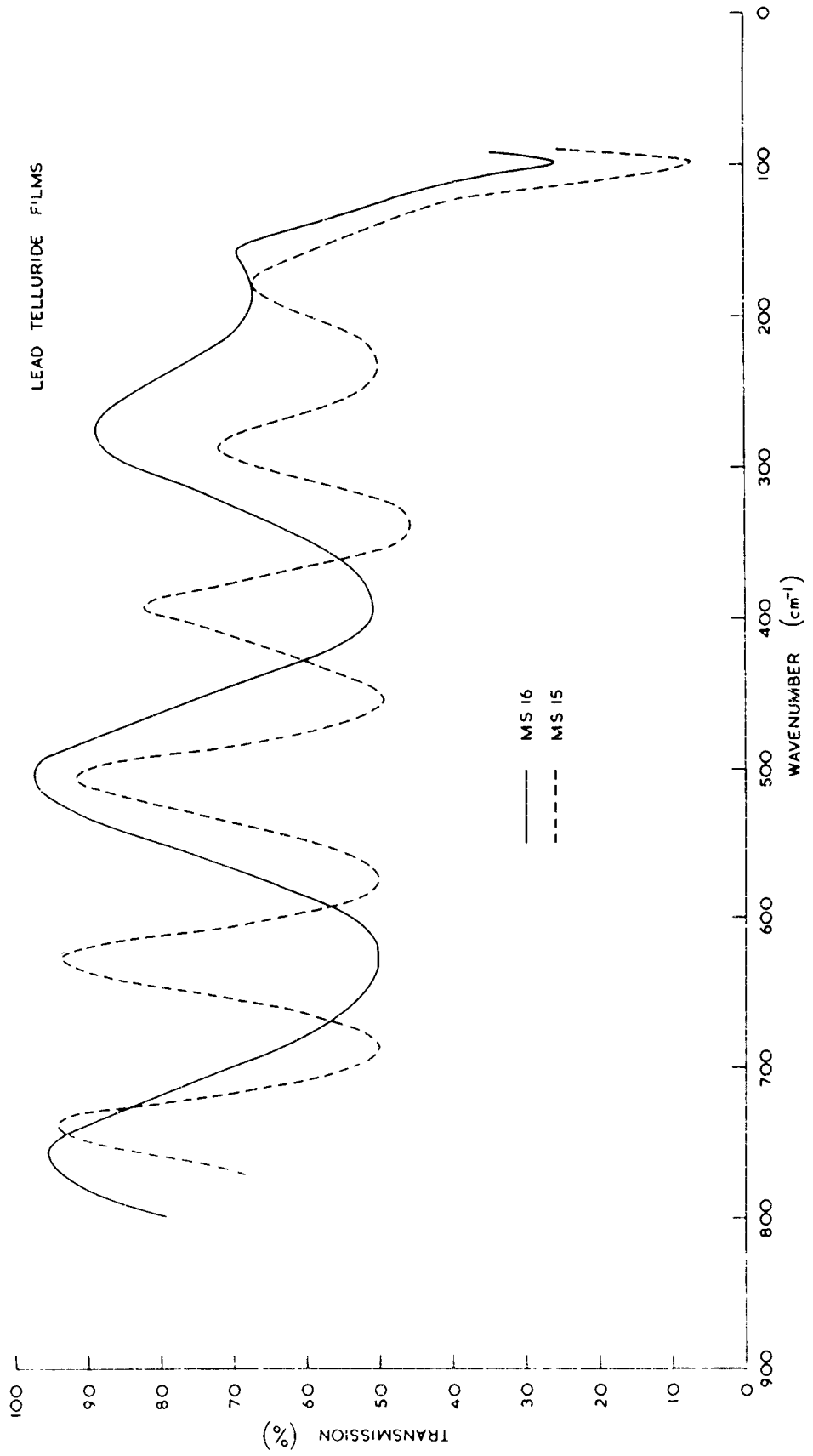


FIG 3 2

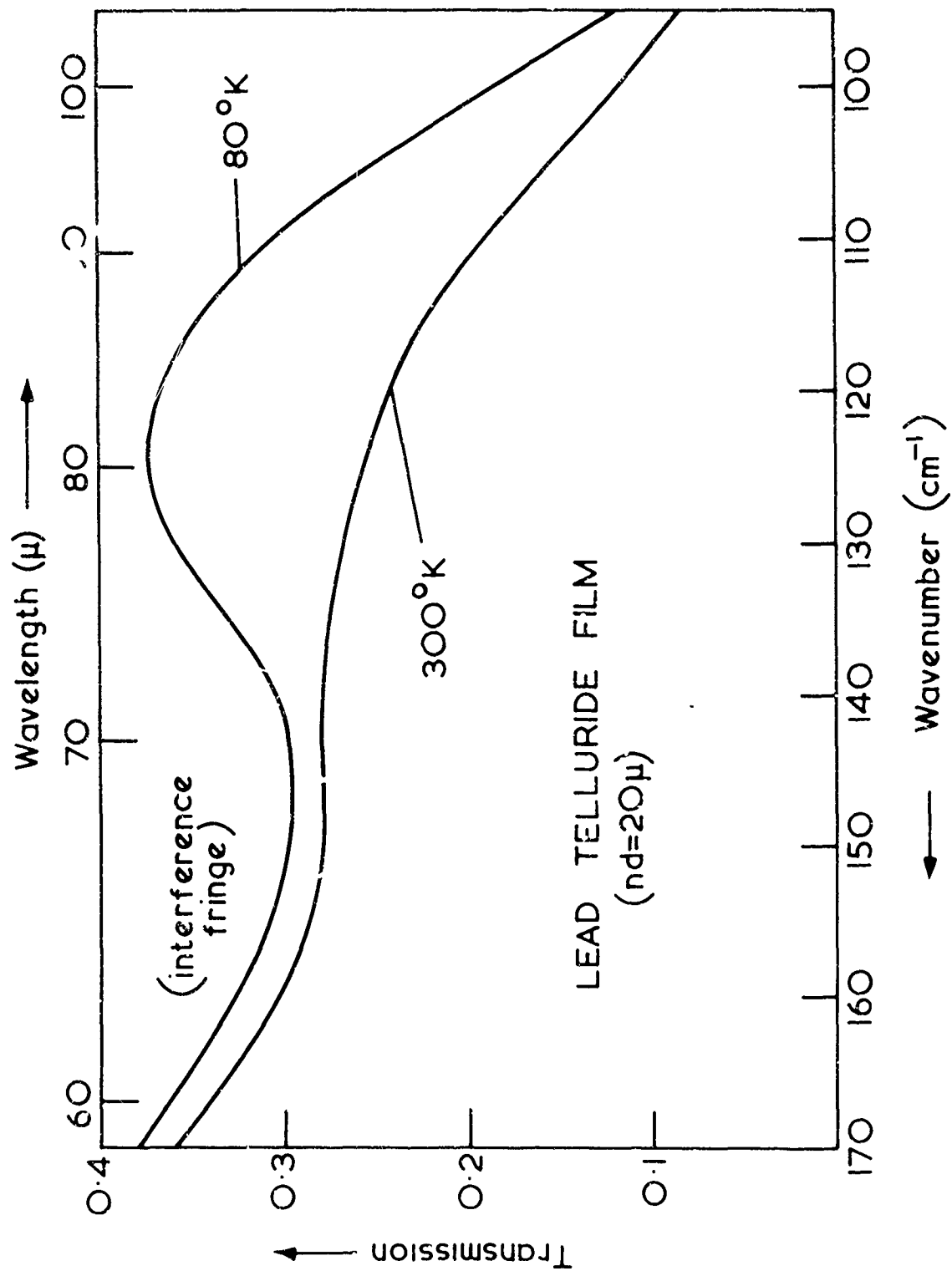


FIG. 3.3

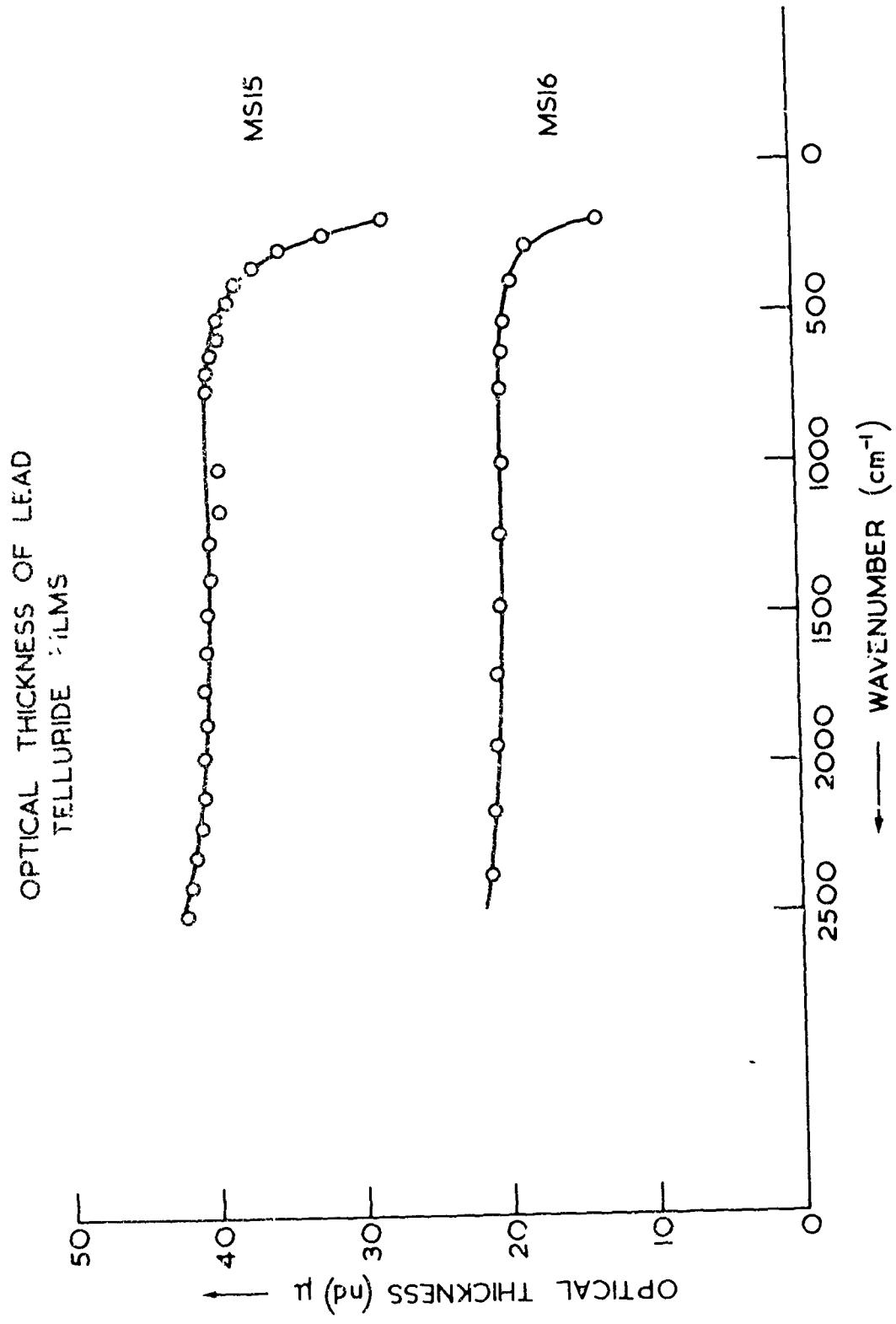
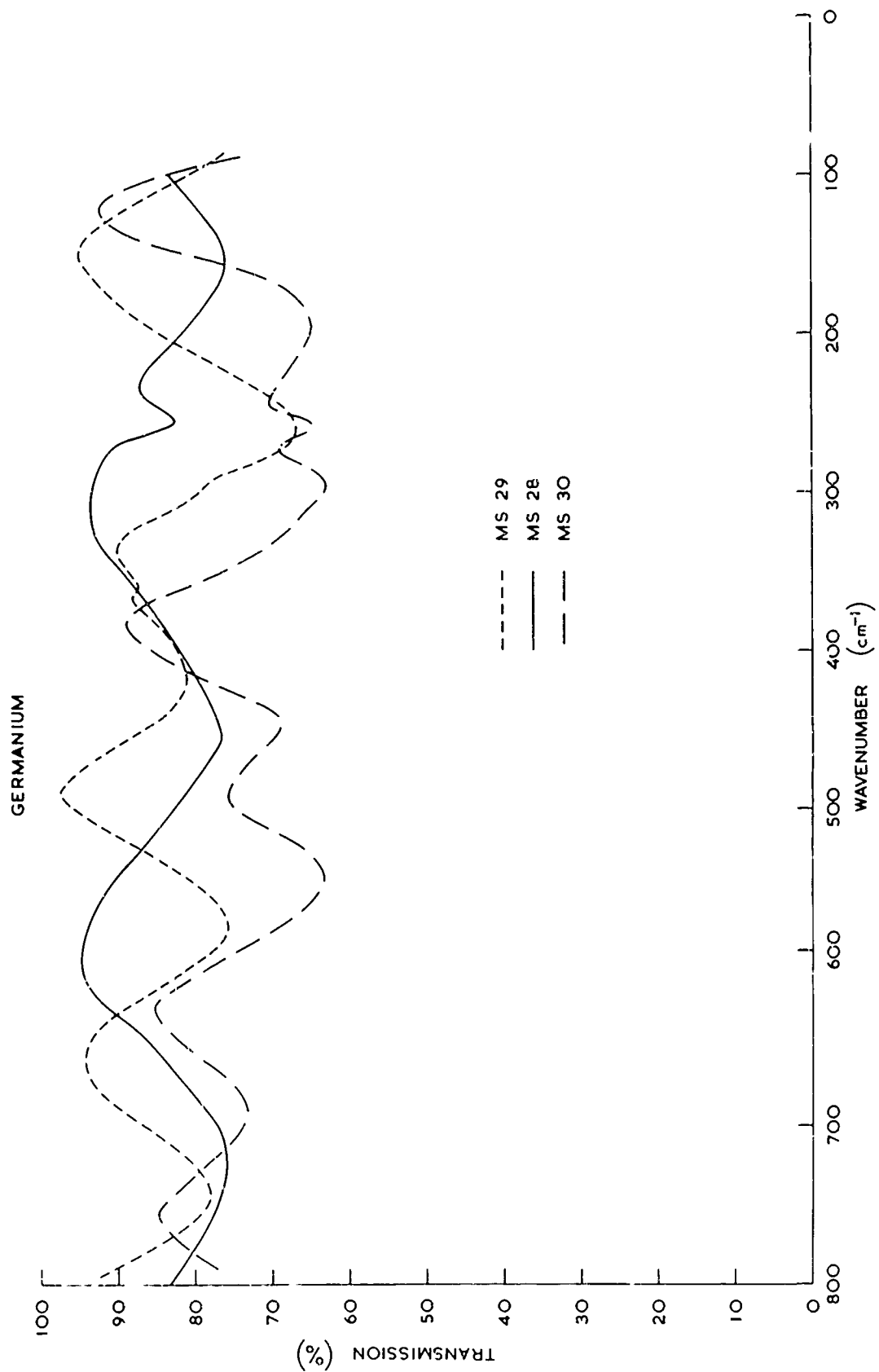


FIG. 3.4



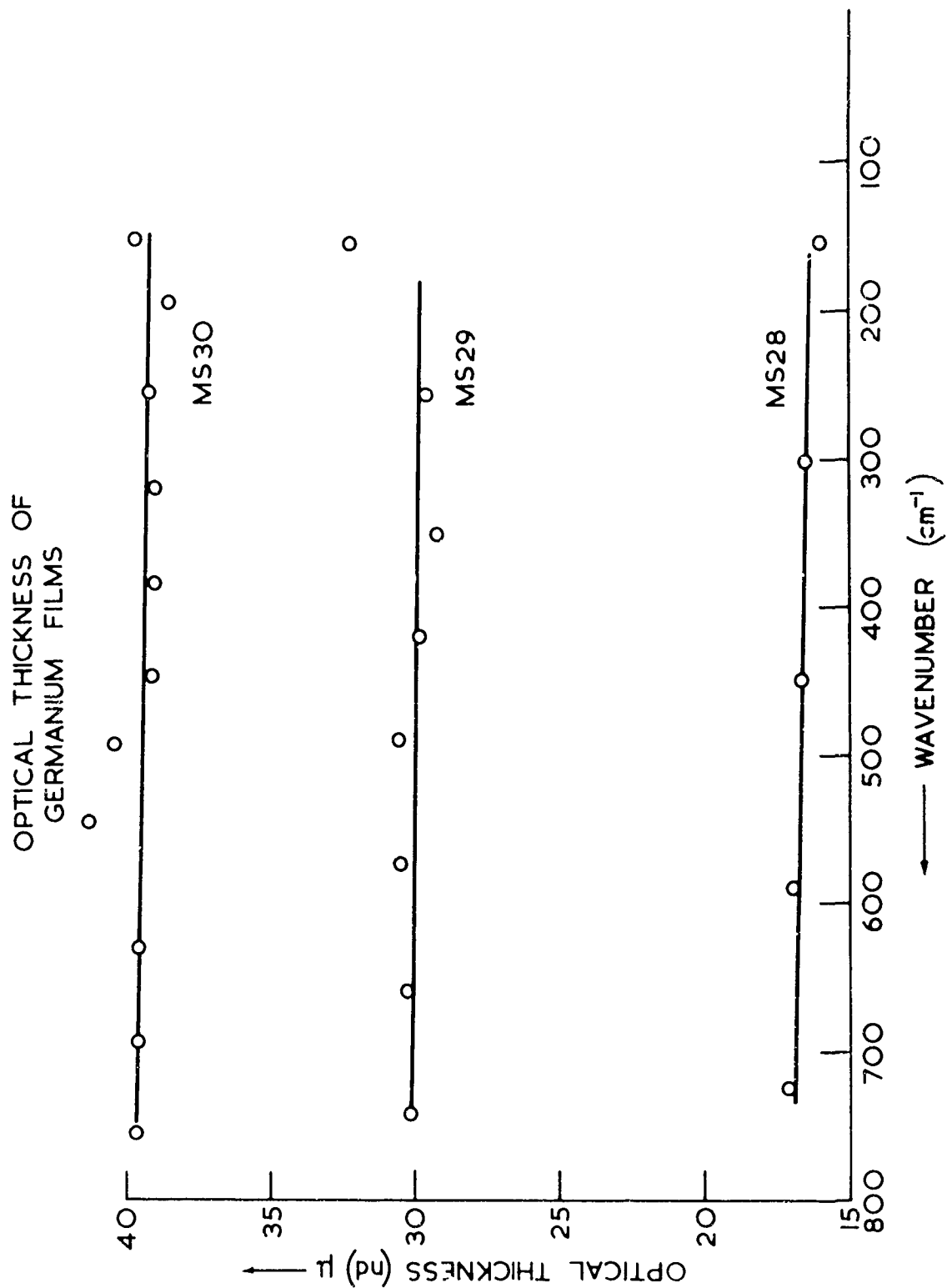


FIG. 3.6



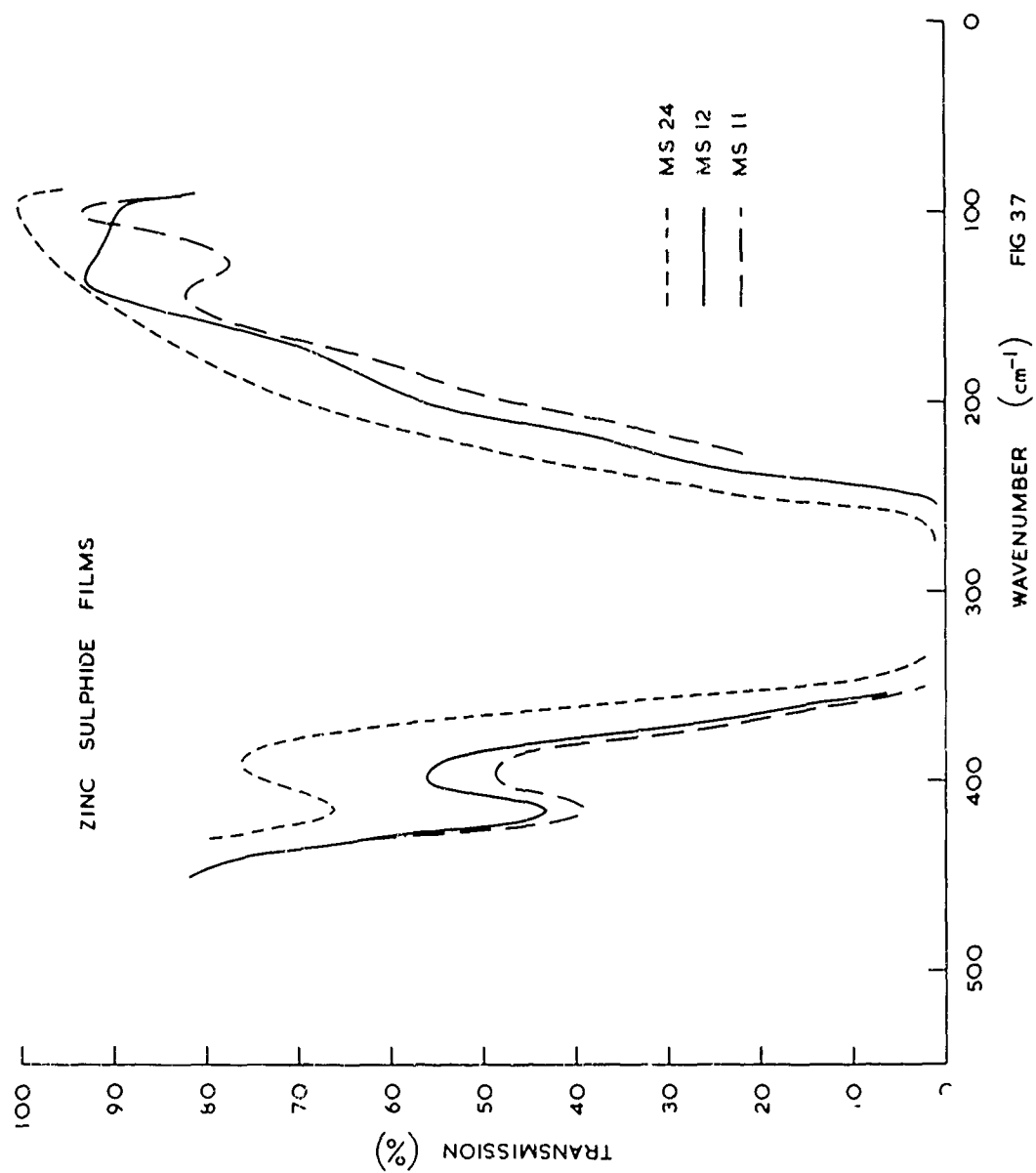


FIG 37

OPTICAL THICKNESS OF  
ZINC SULPHIDE FILMS

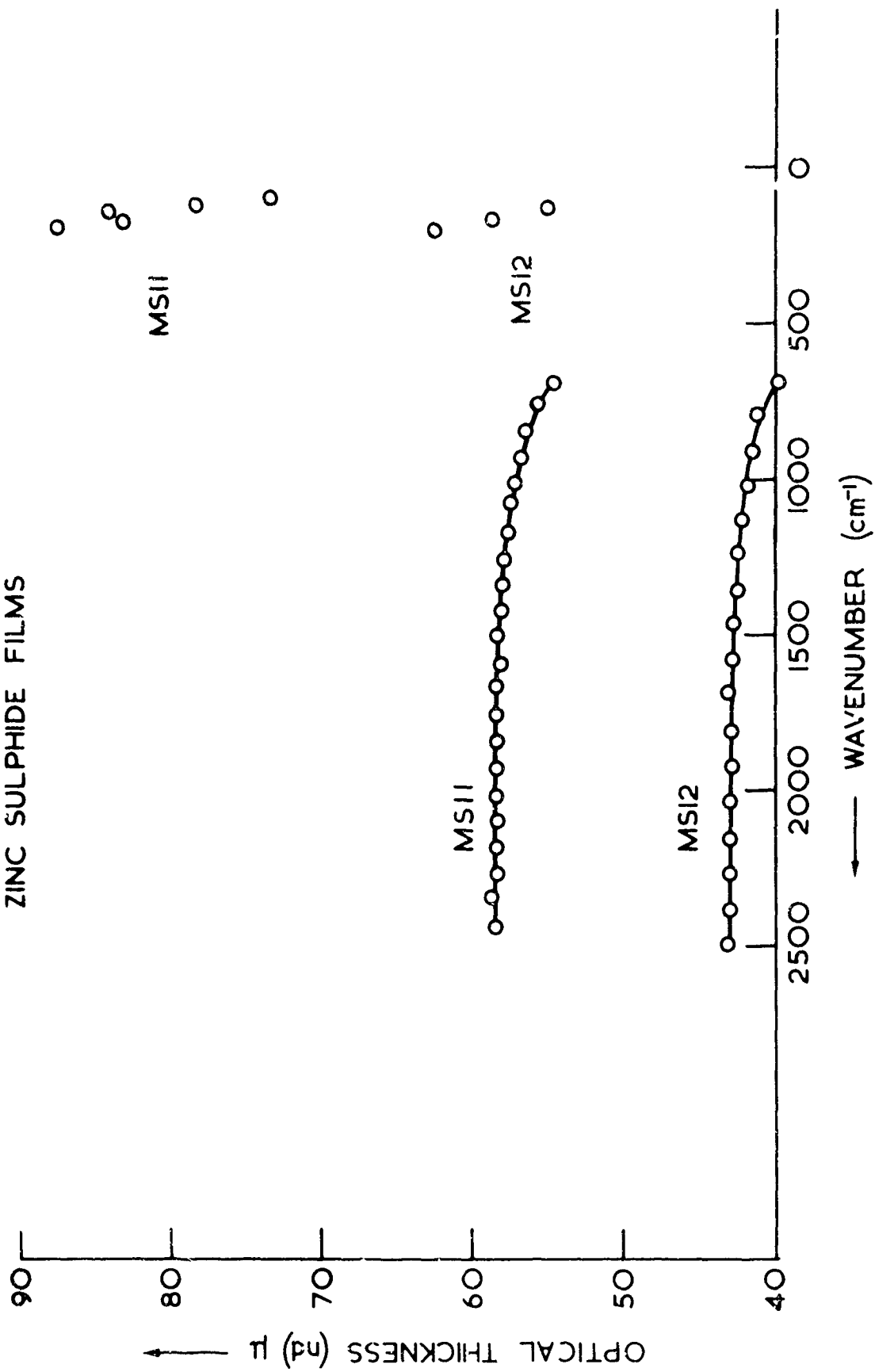


FIG. 3.8

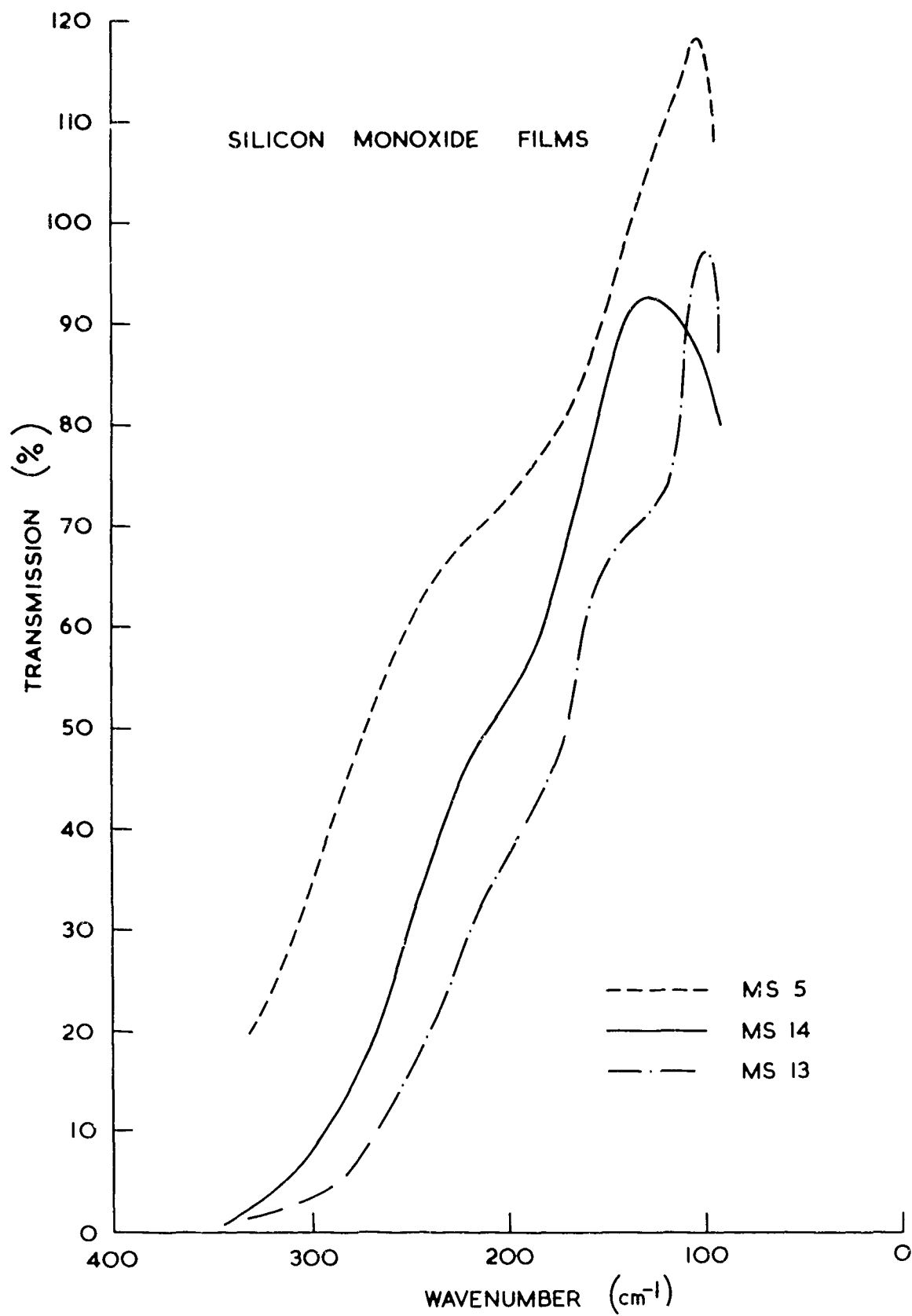
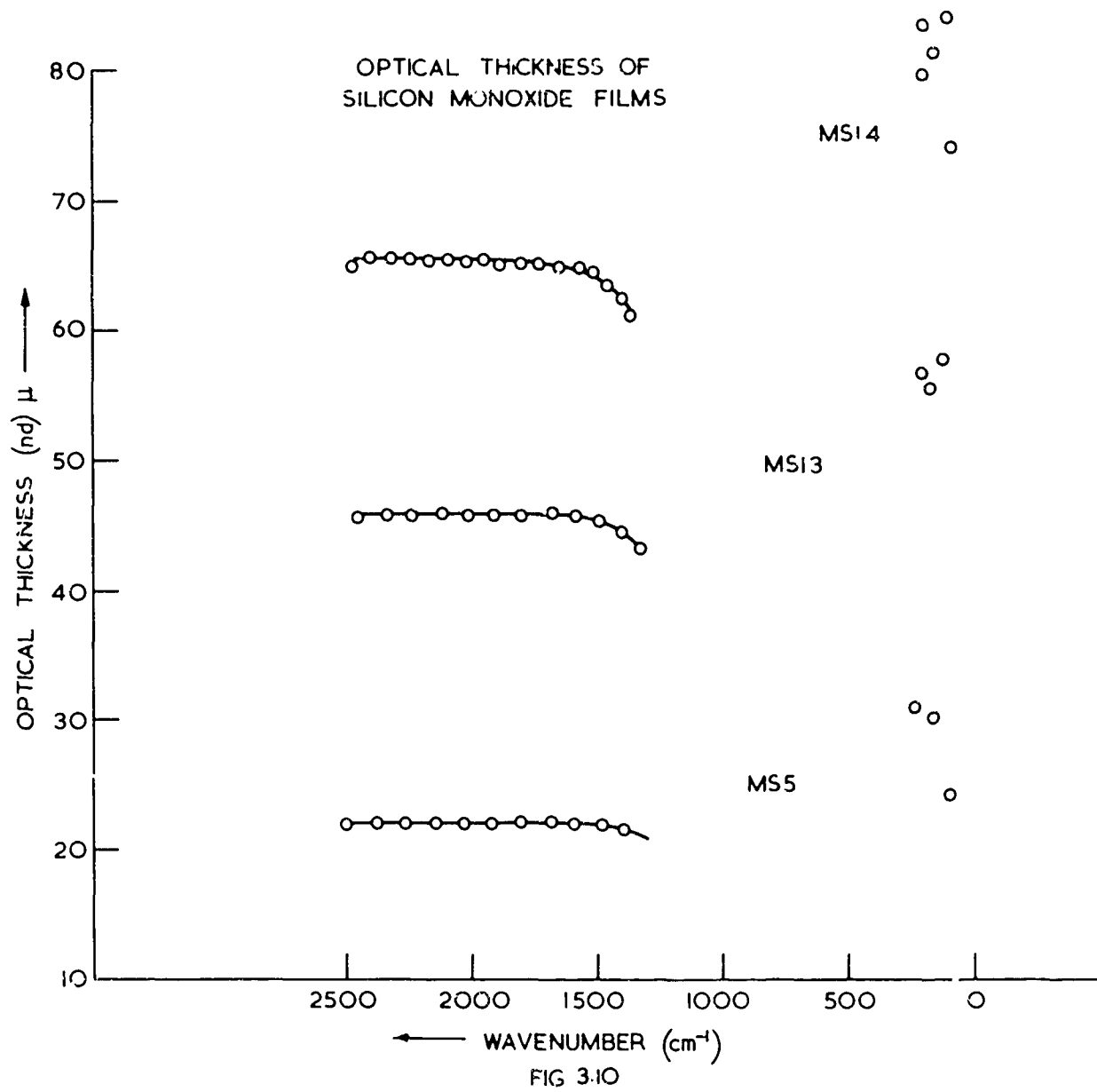


FIG. 3.9



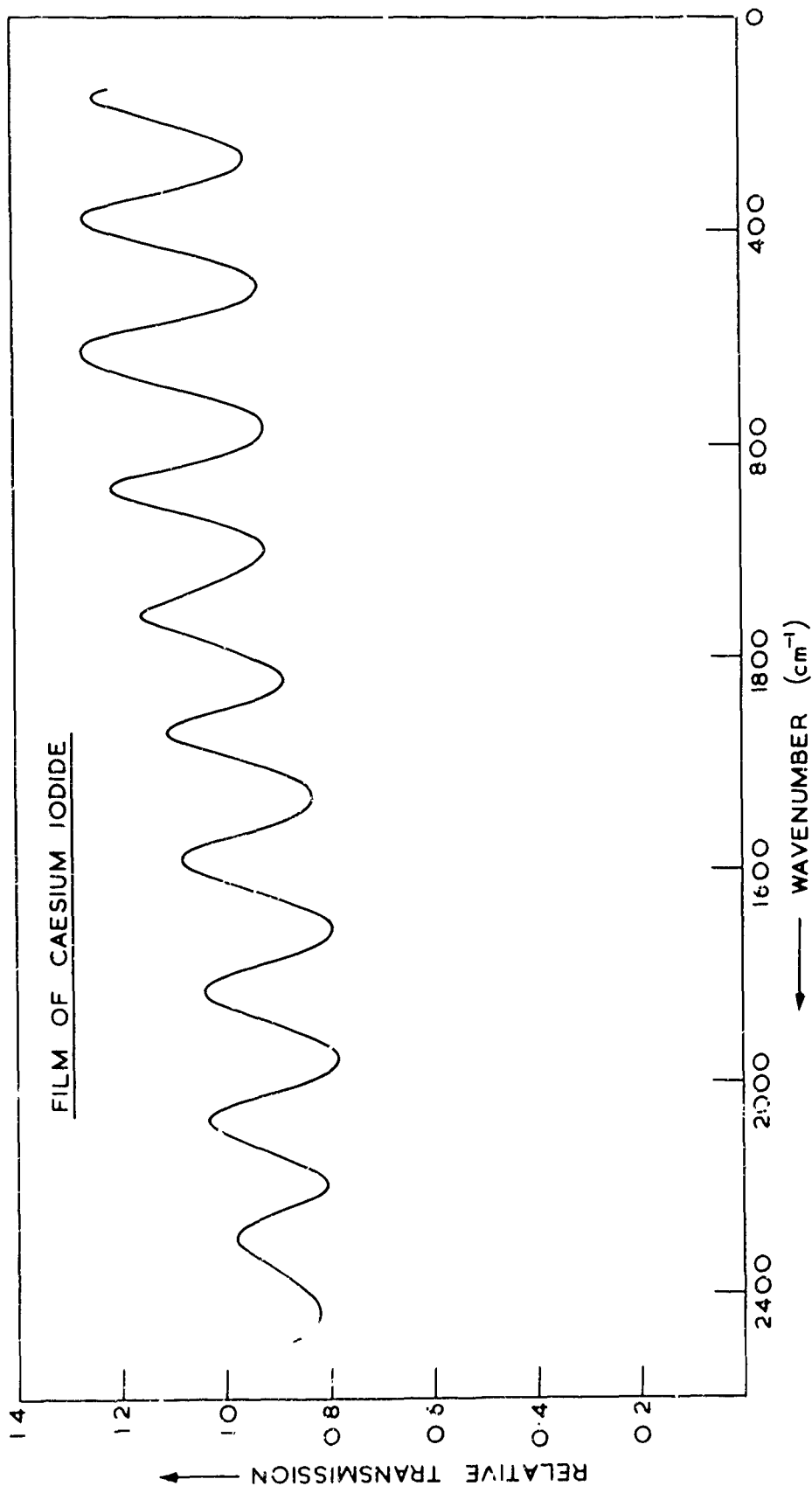


FIG. 3.11

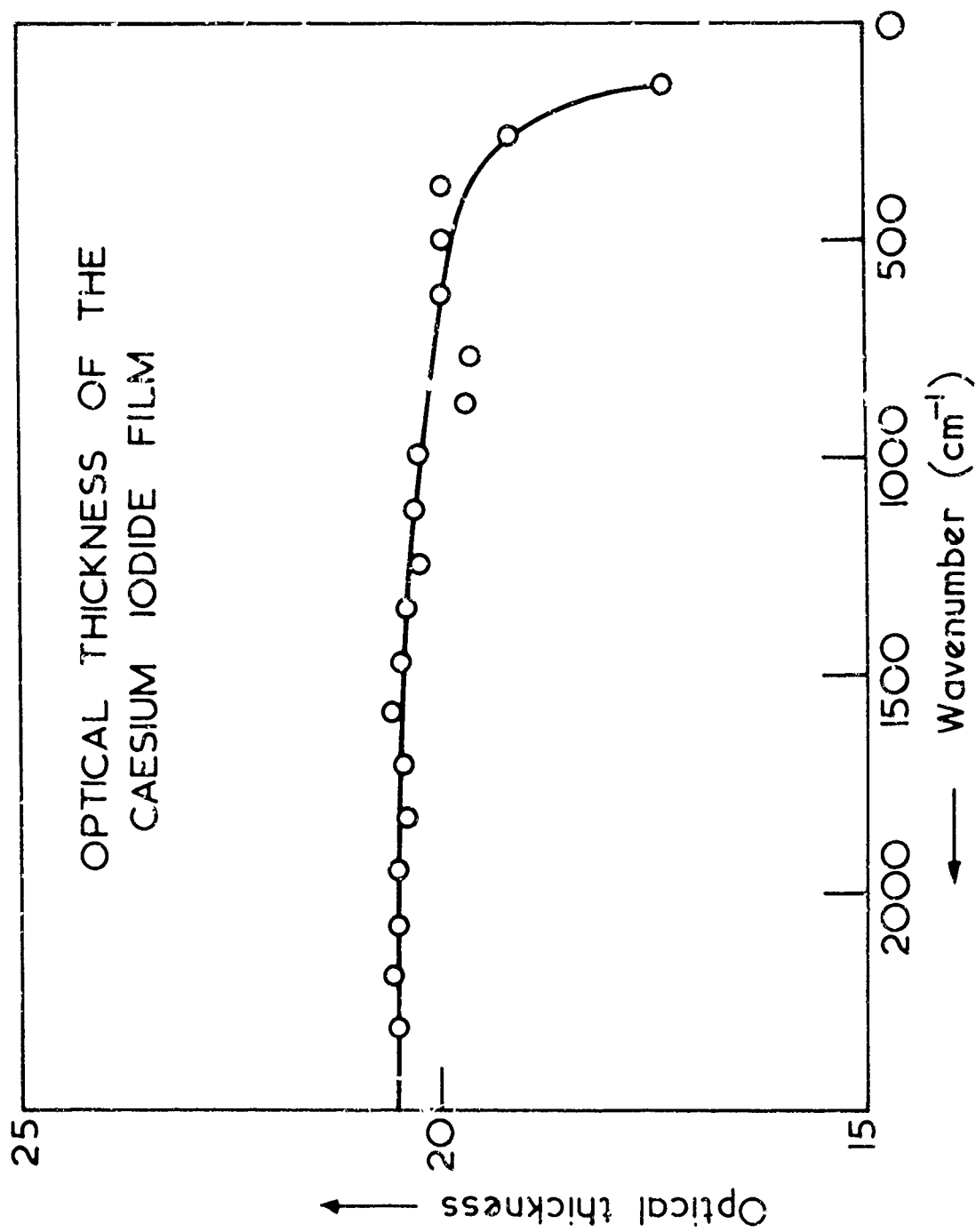
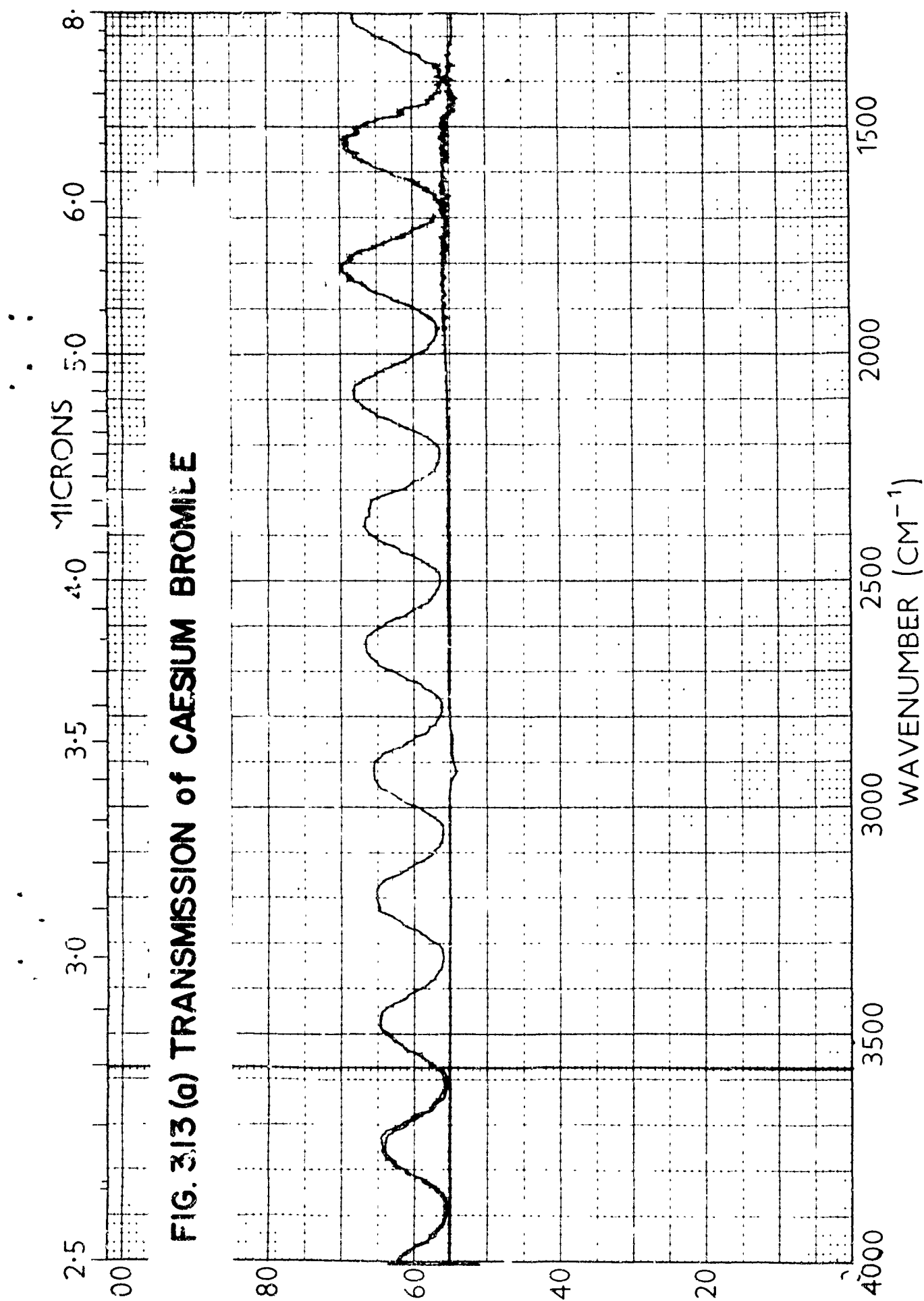


FIG. 3.12



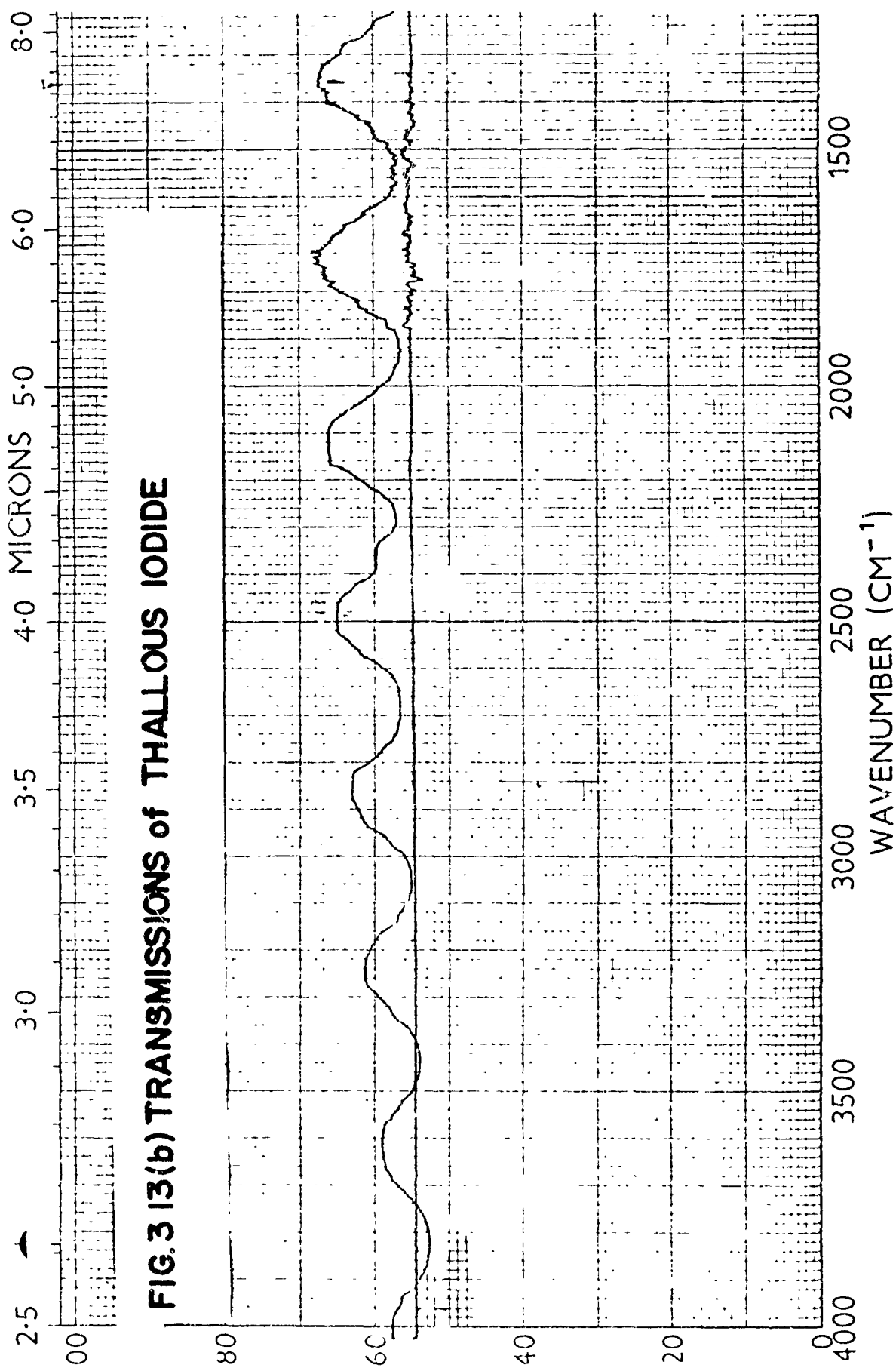
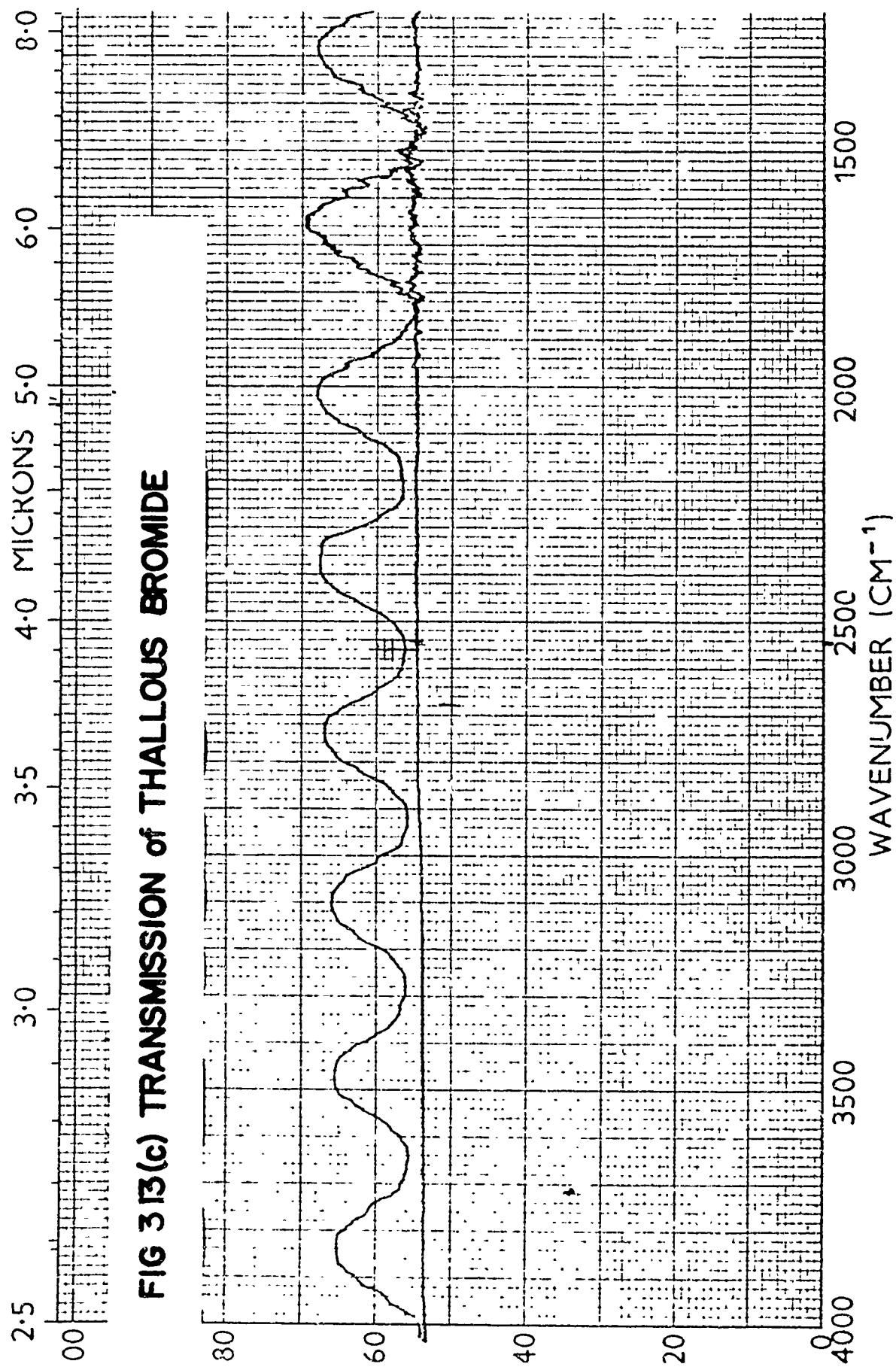
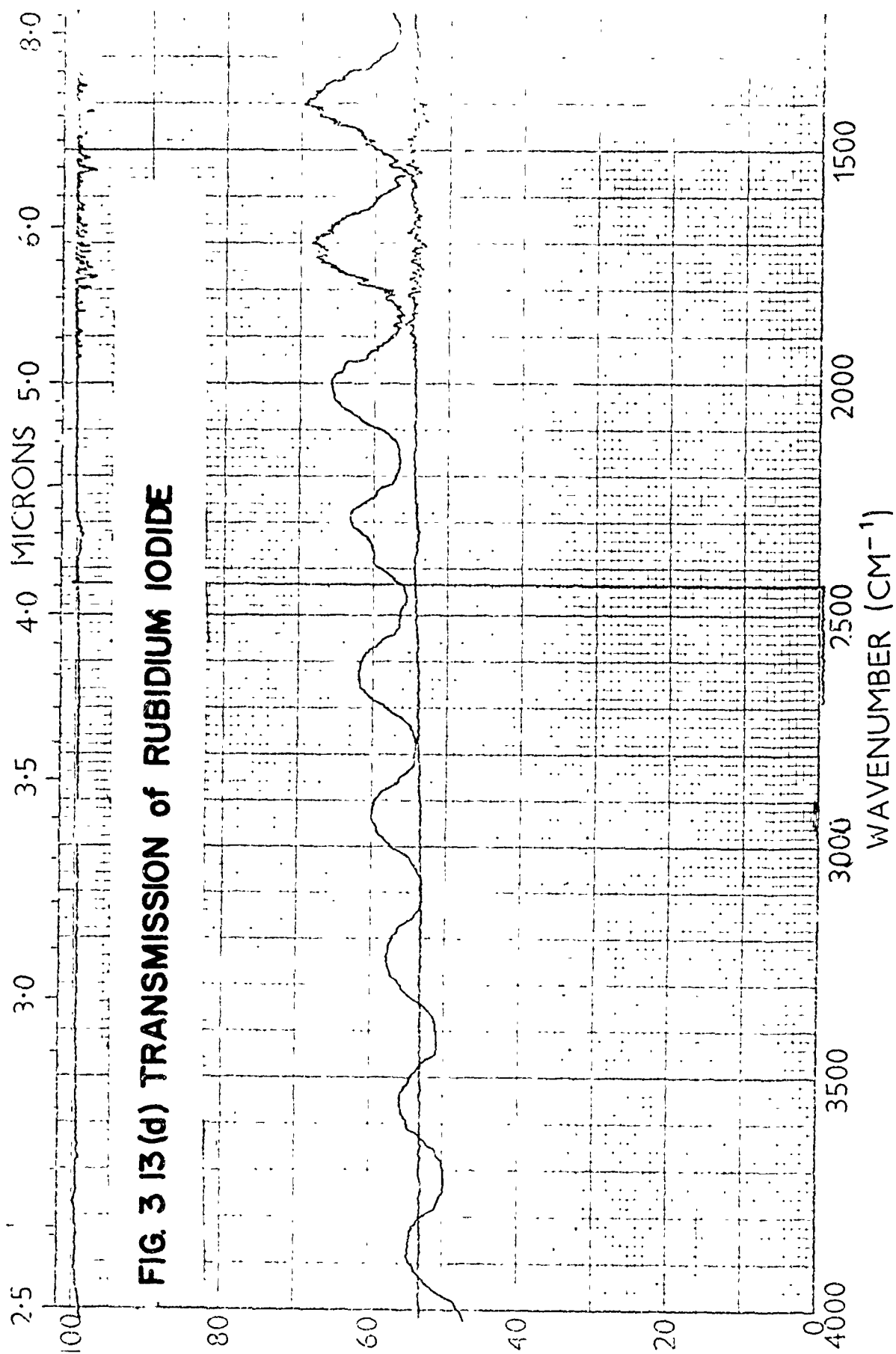
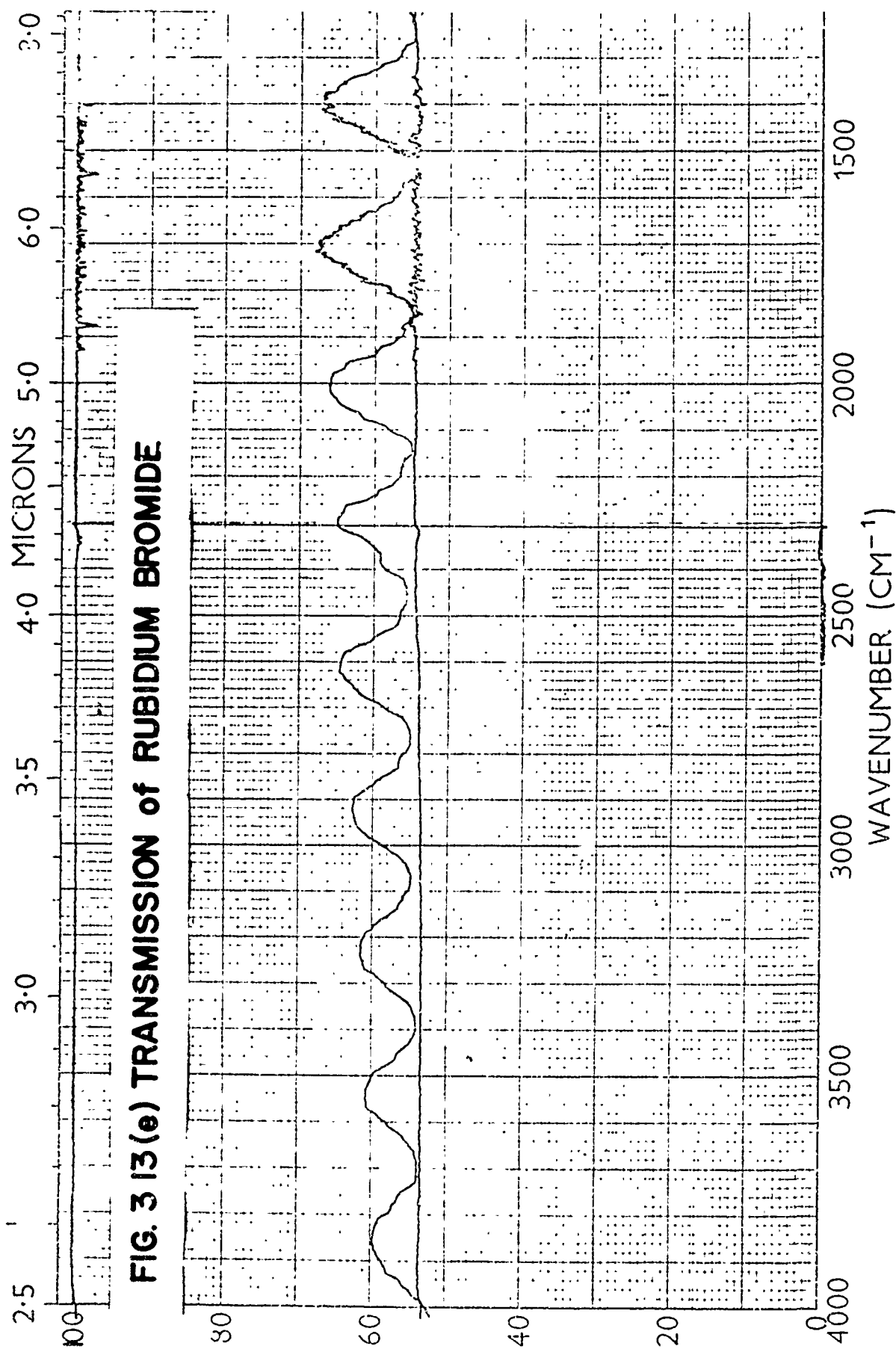


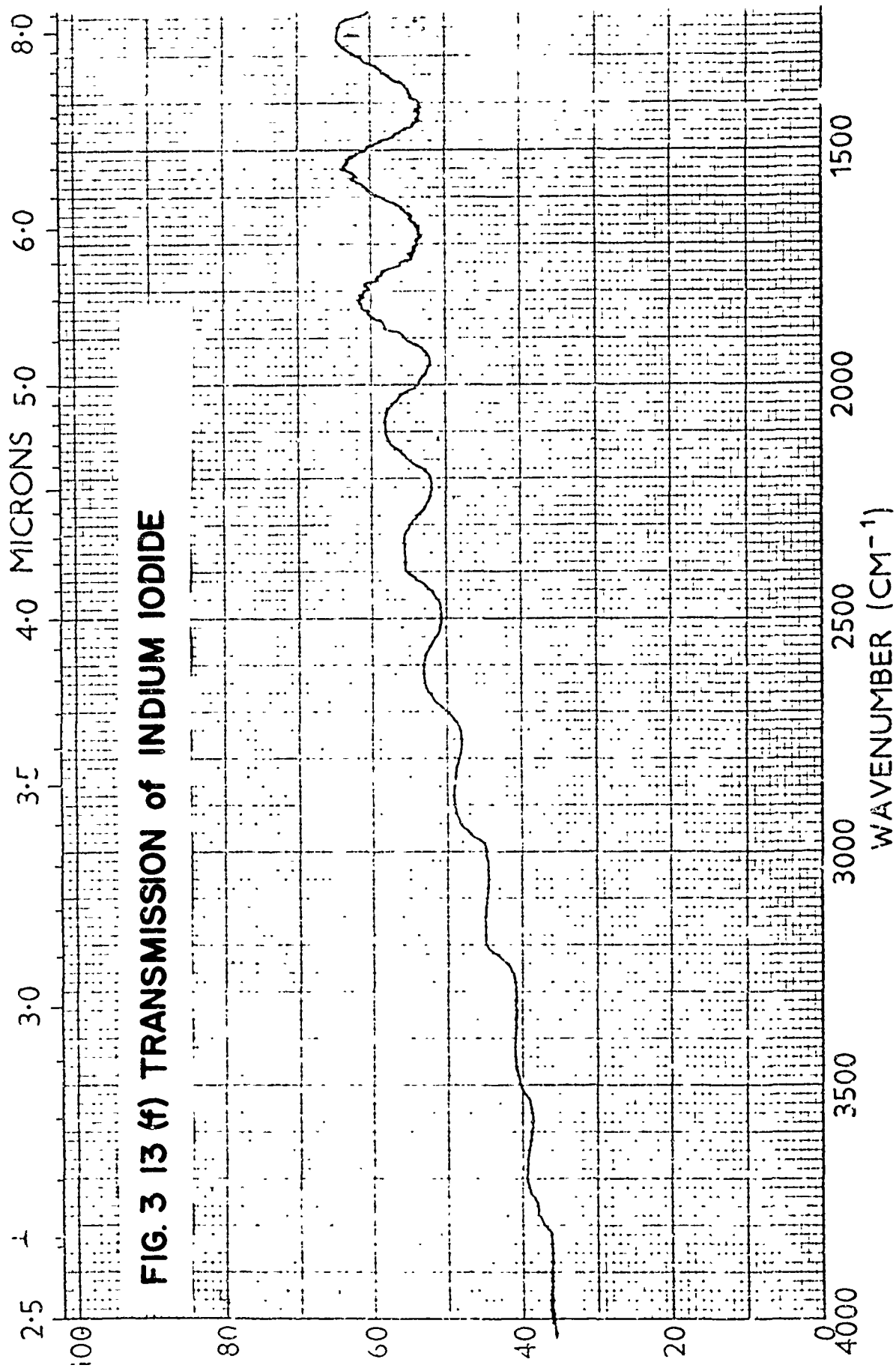
FIG. 3 13(b) TRANSMISSIONS of THALLOUS IODIDE

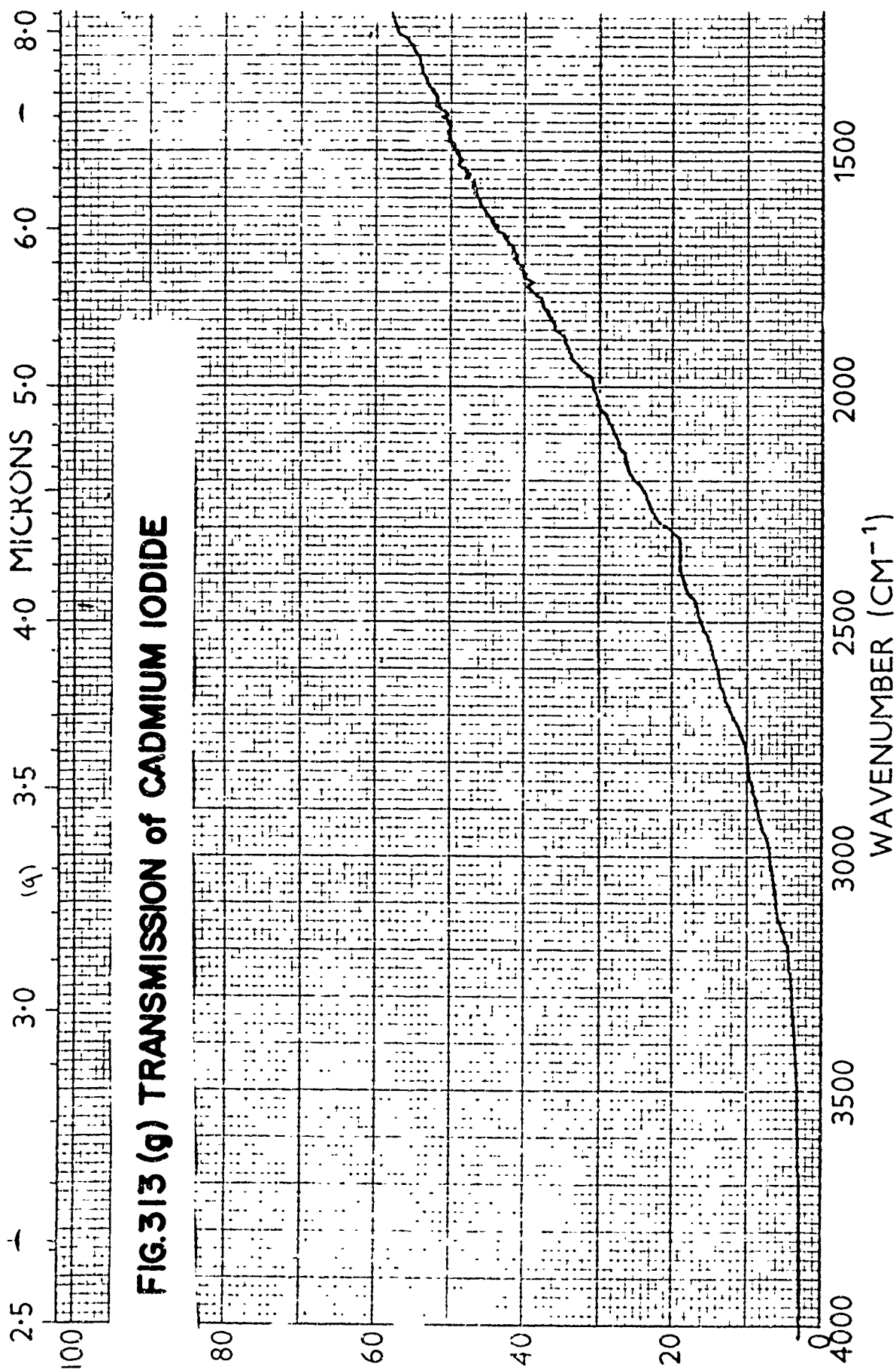


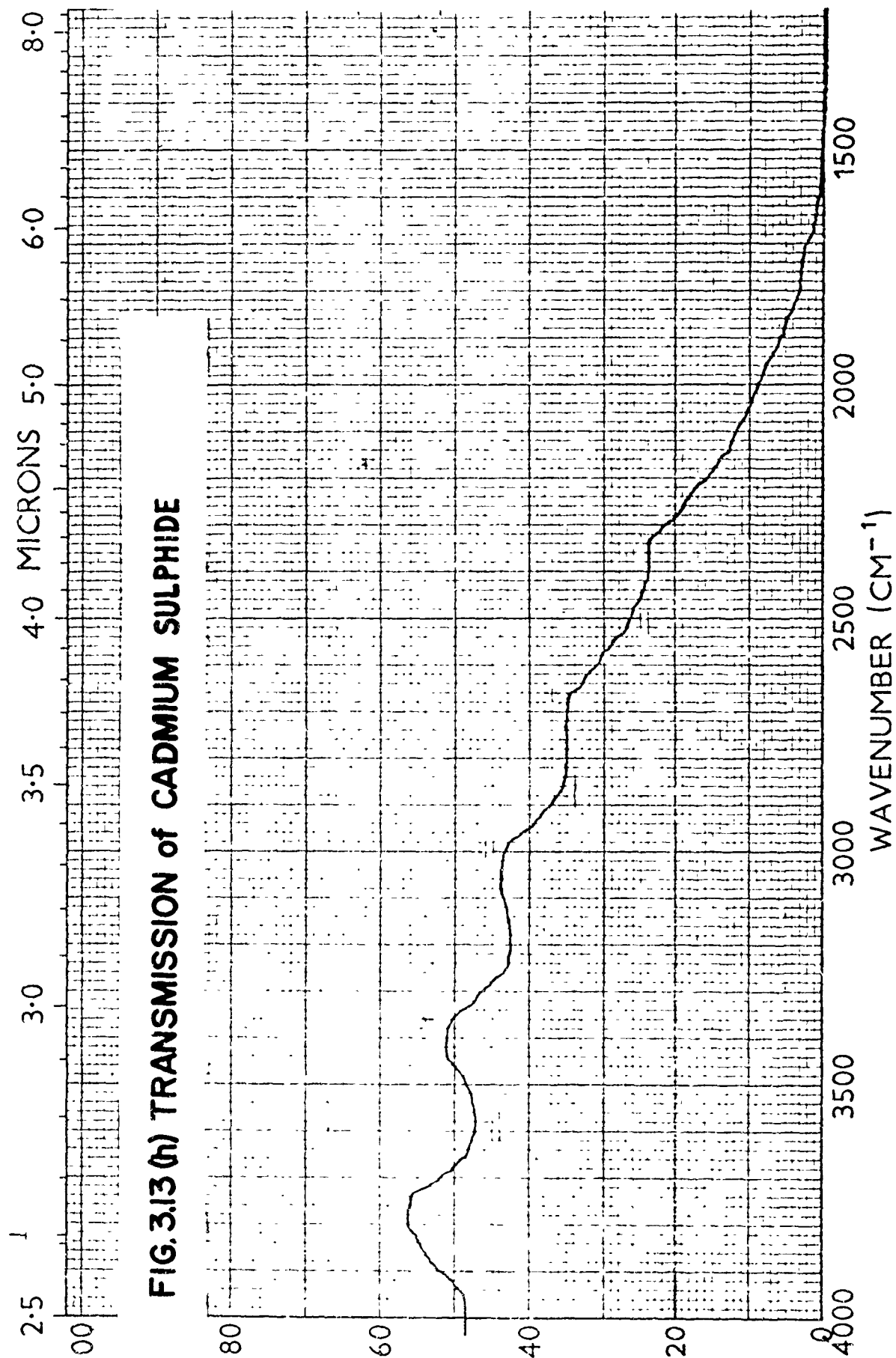


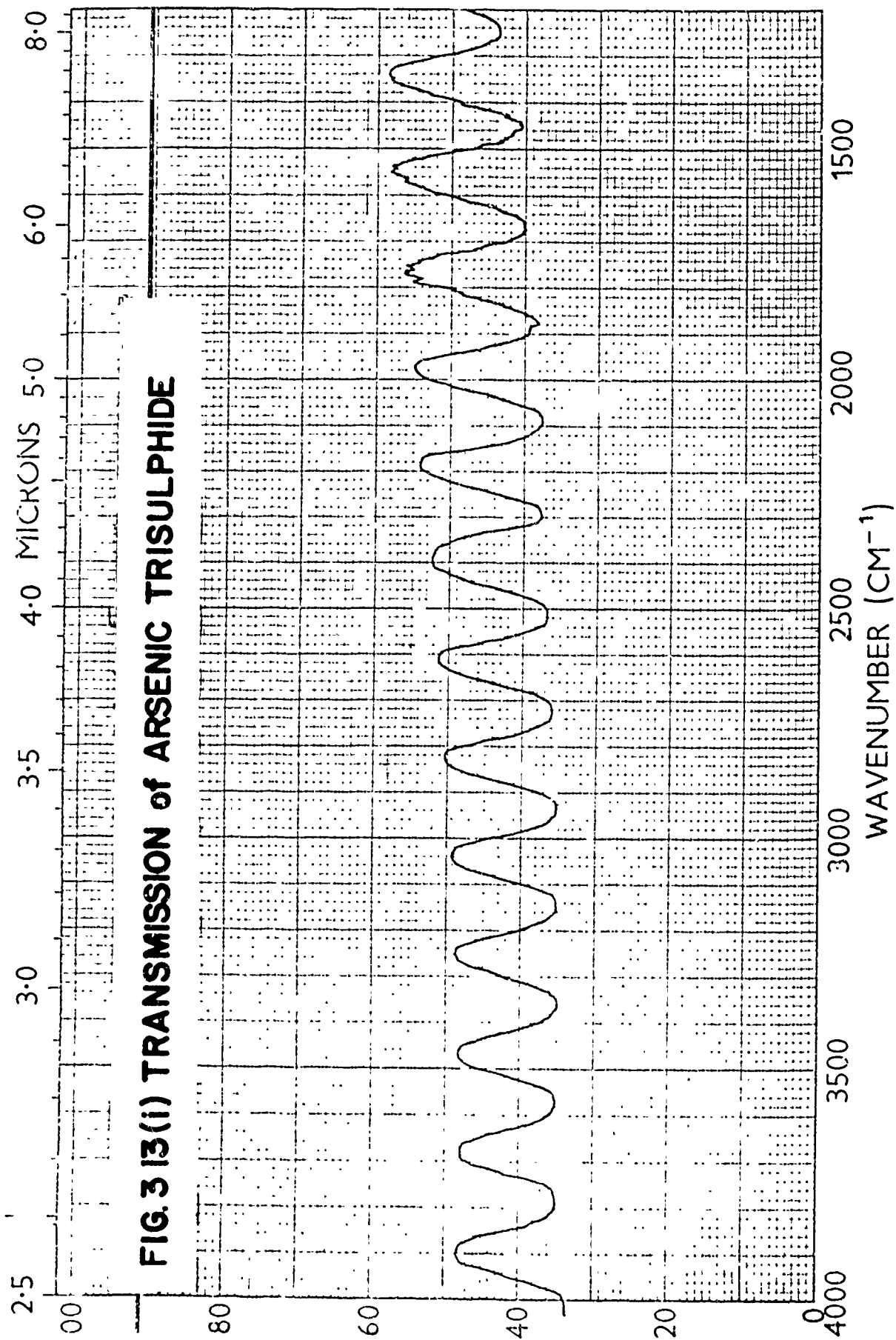


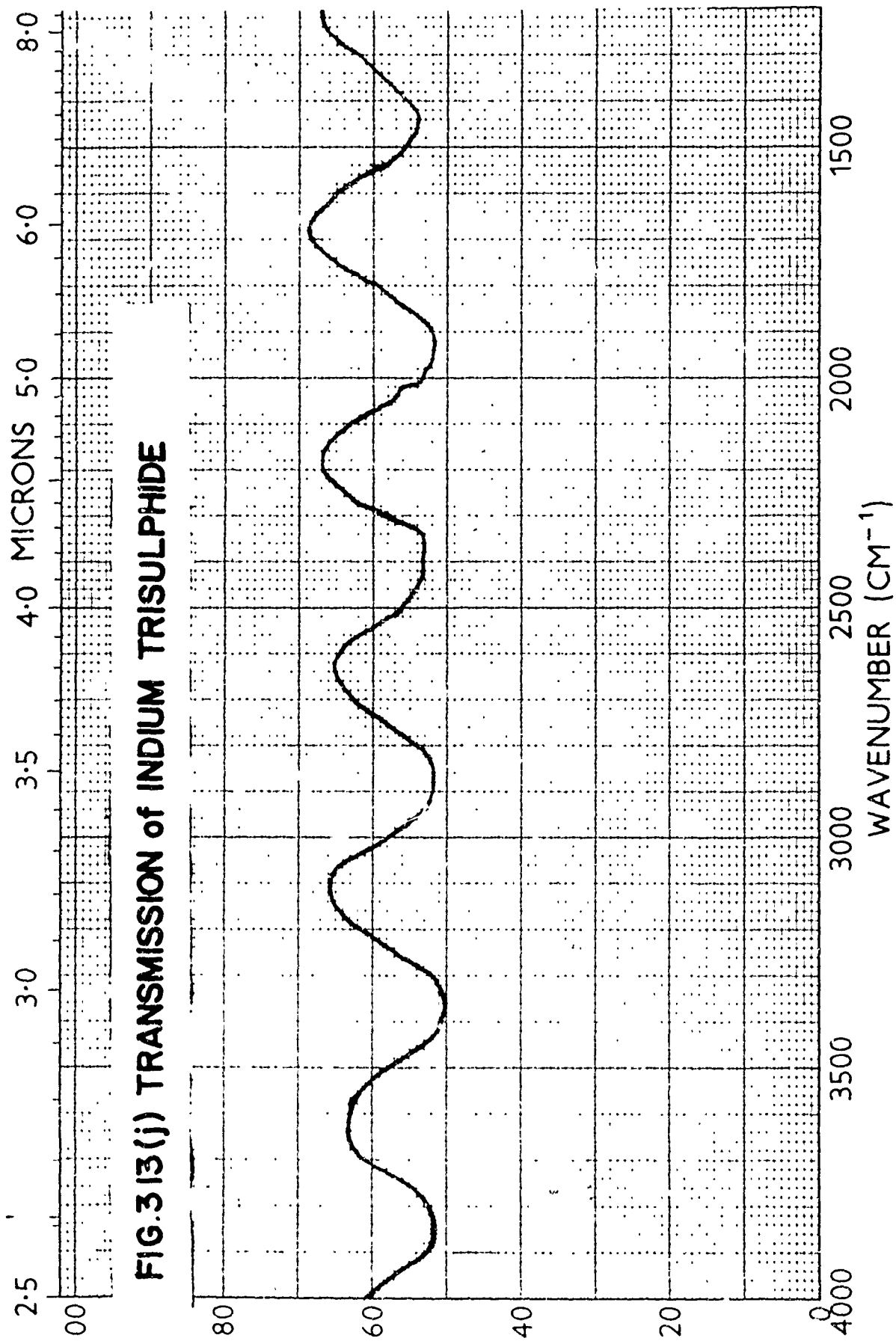














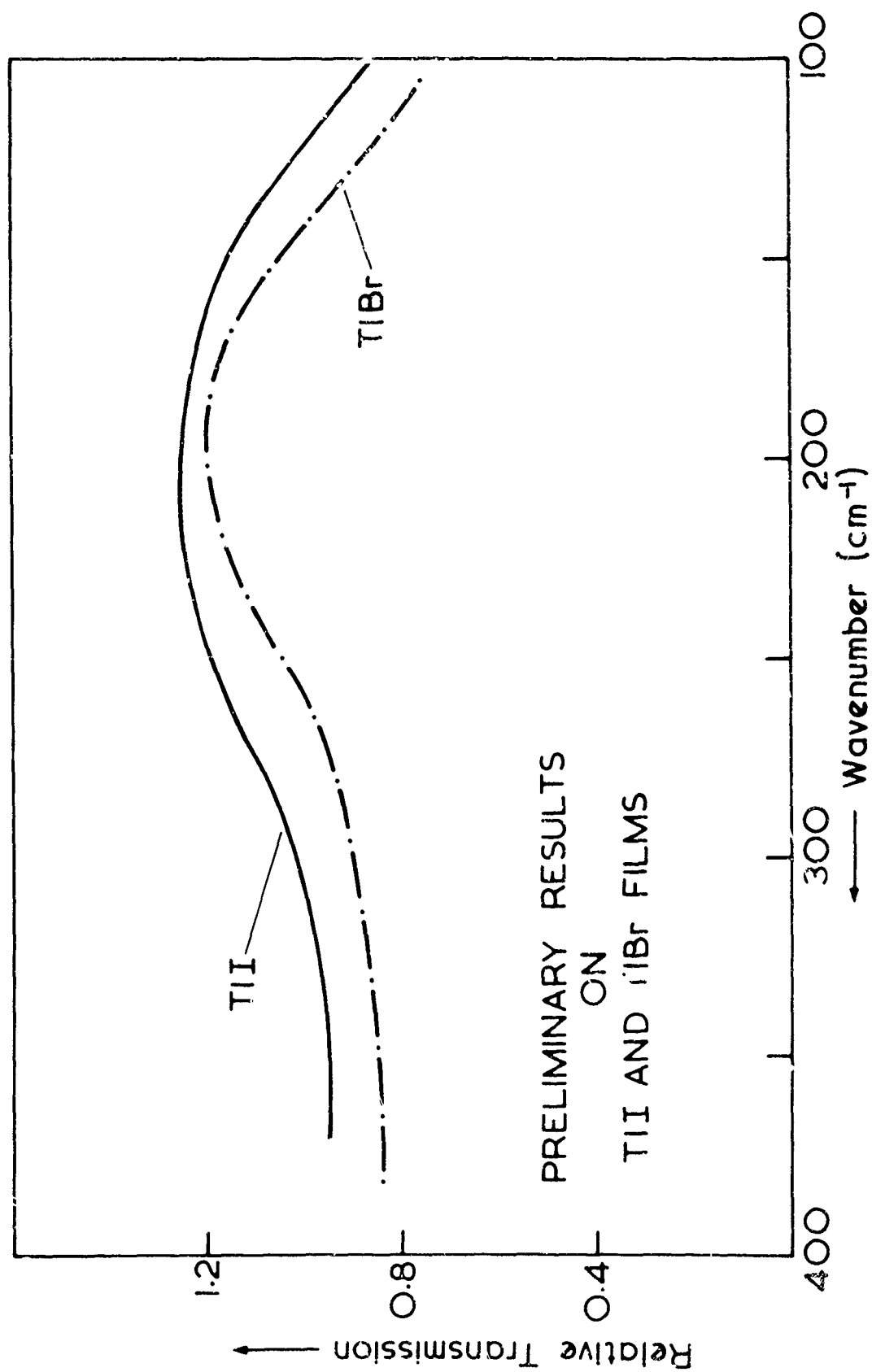


FIG. 3.14

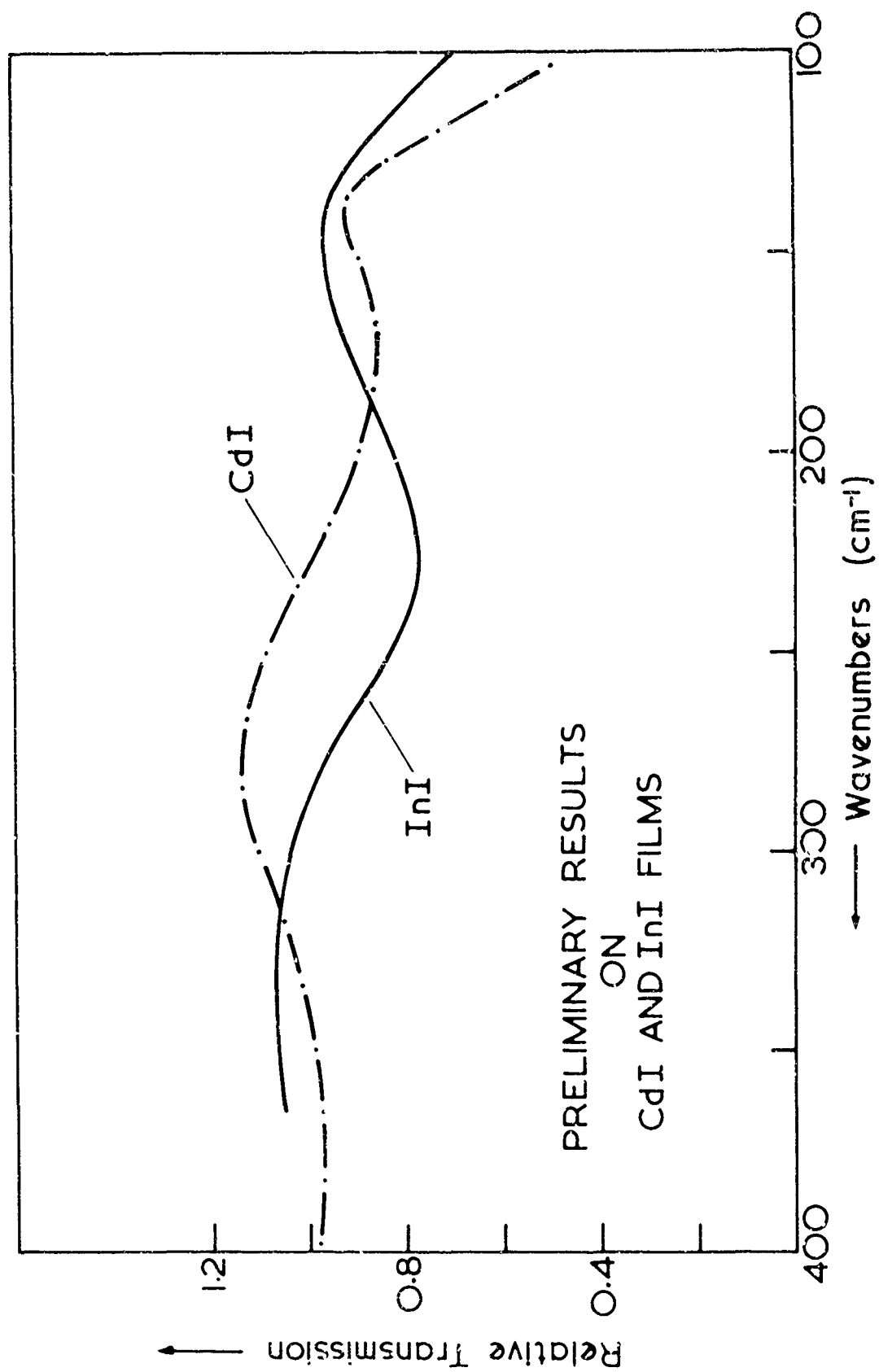


FIG. 3.15

## HIGH VAPOUR PRESSURE METHOD

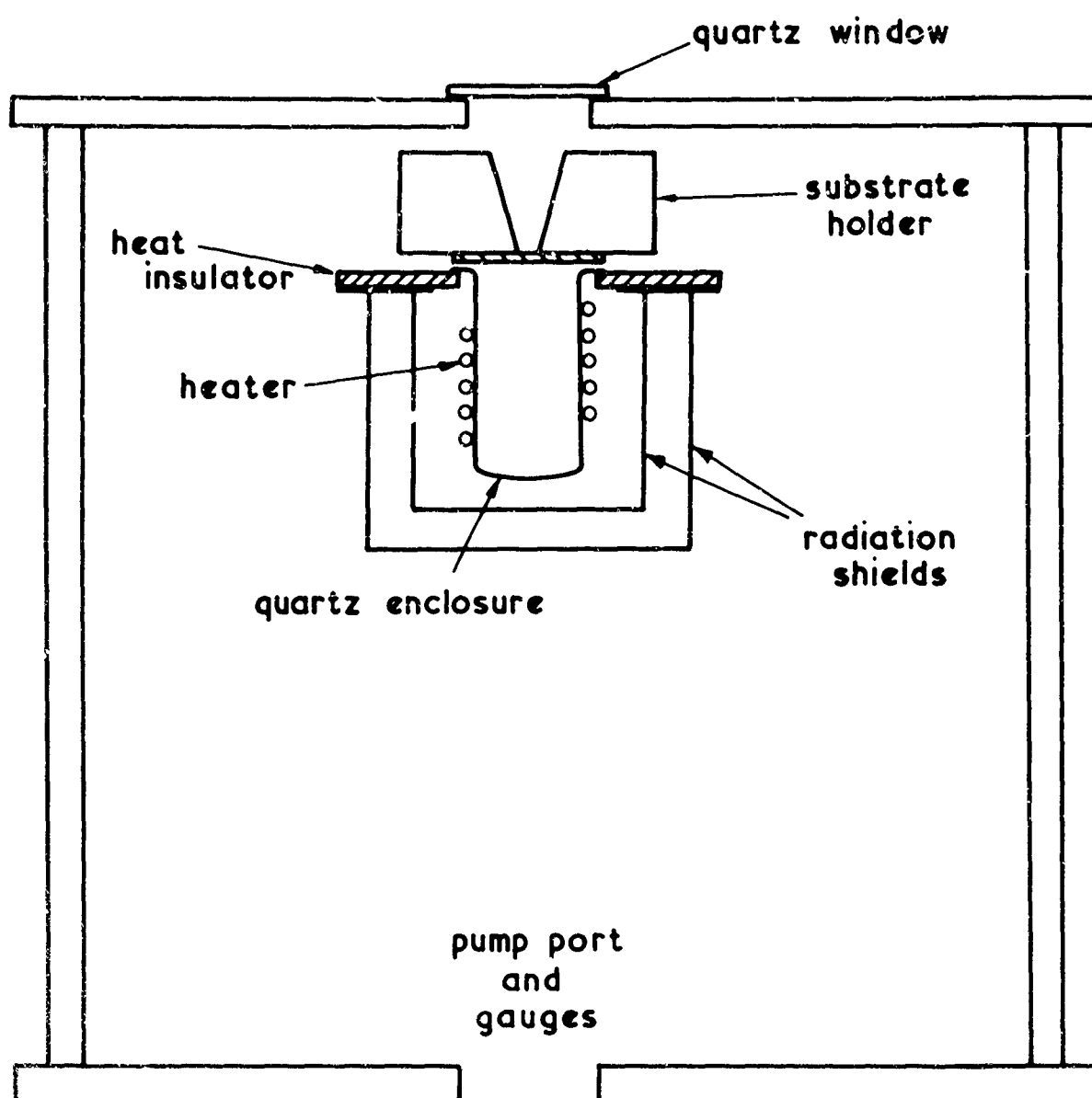


FIG. 3-16

# GAS FLOW METHOD

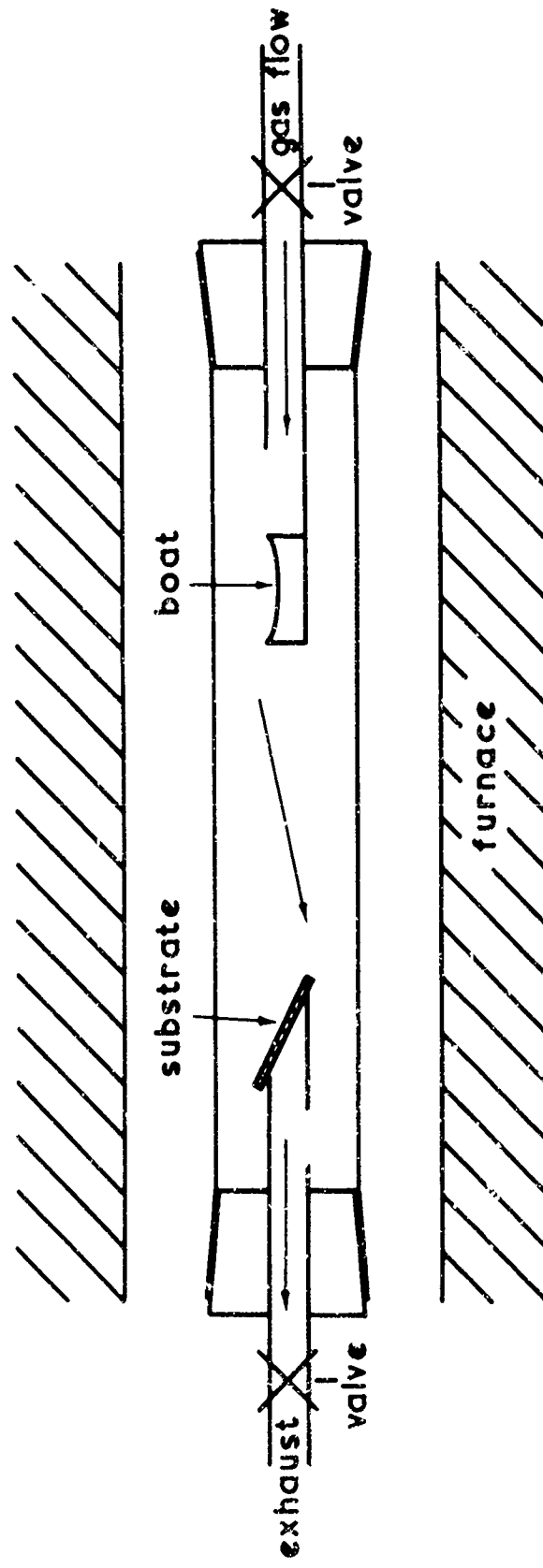


FIG. 3.17

COMPARISON OF GROUND AND POLISHED SILICON SUBSTRATES

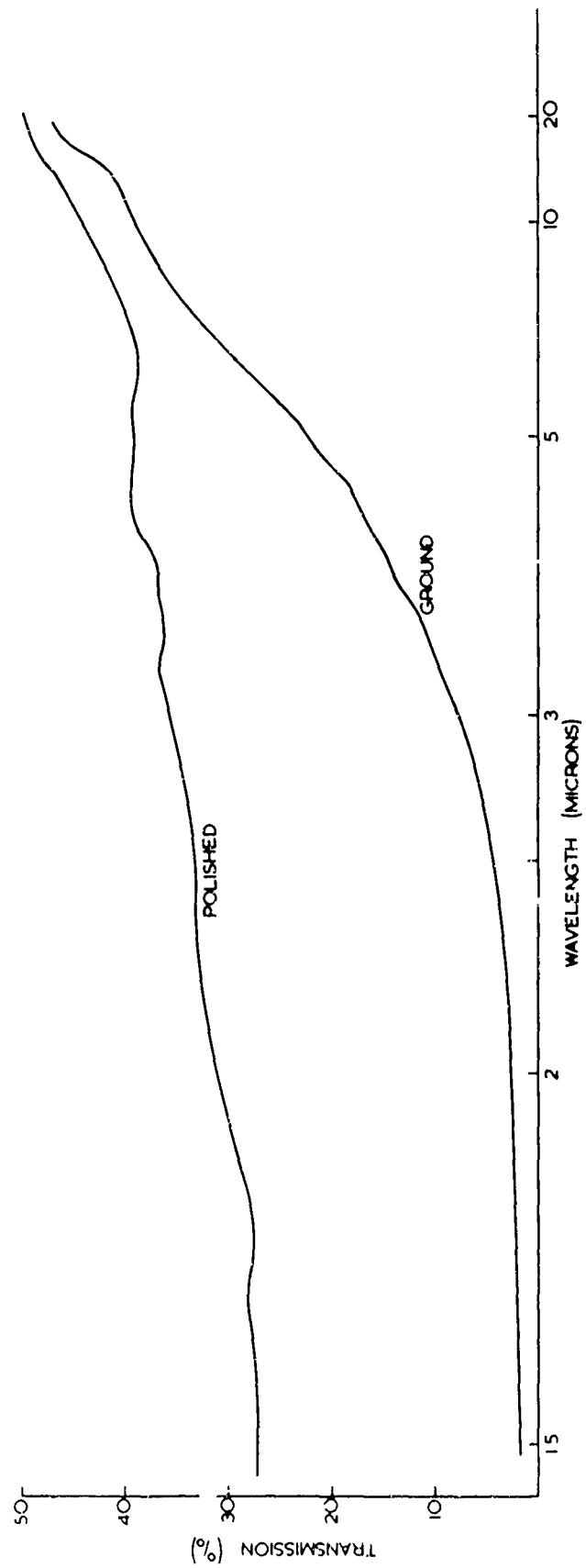


FIG 3.18

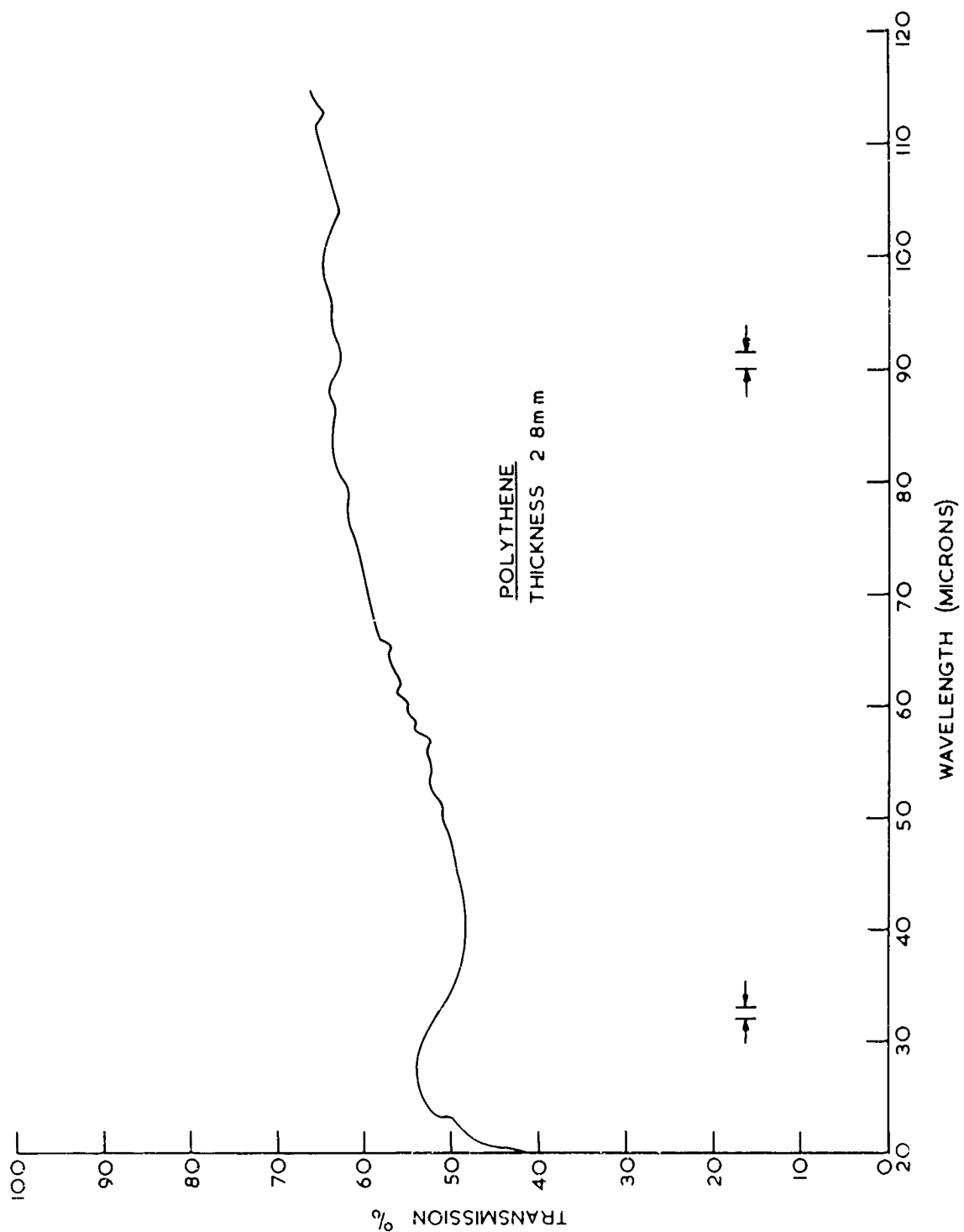


FIG 3.19

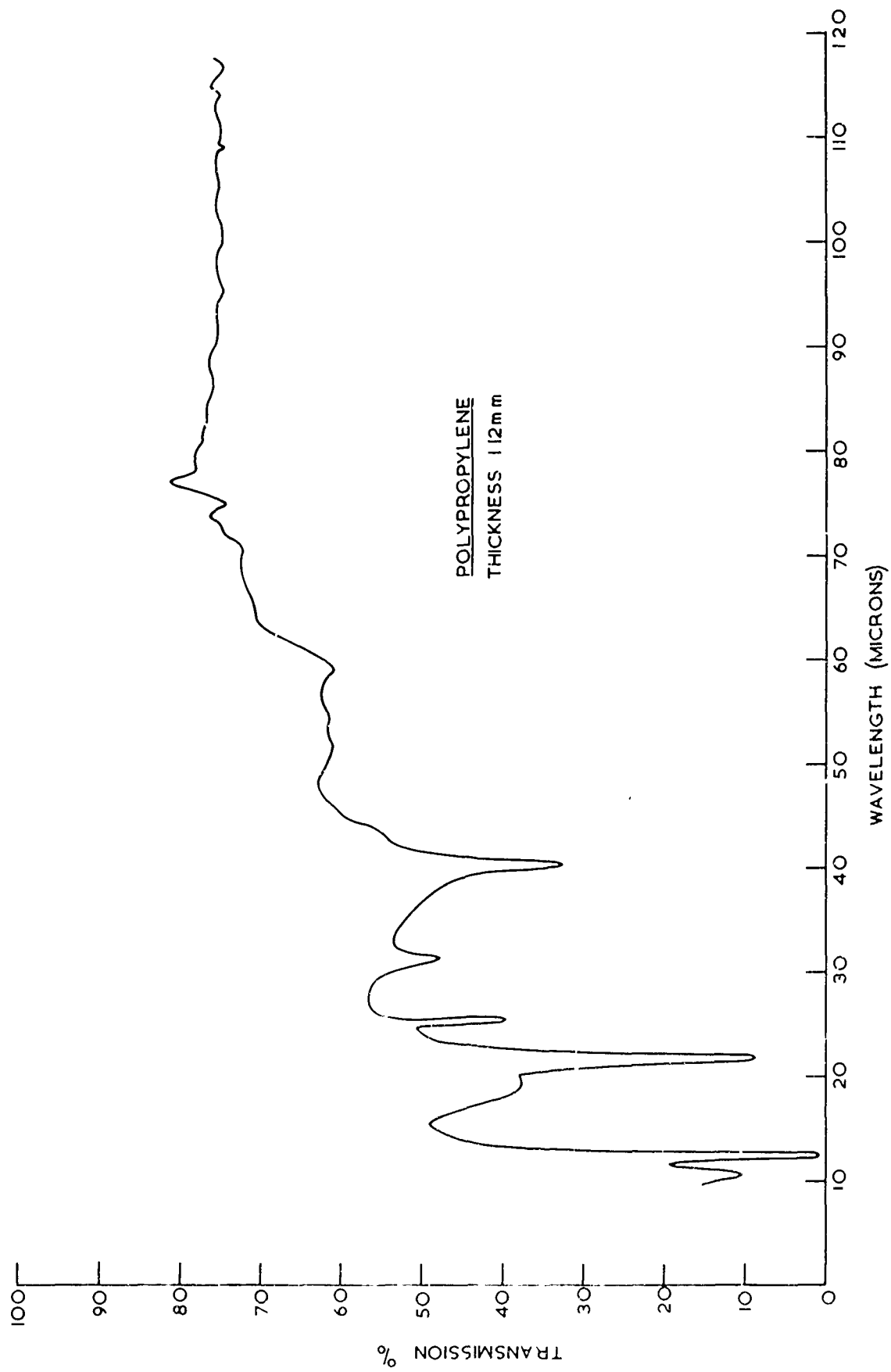


FIG. 3.20

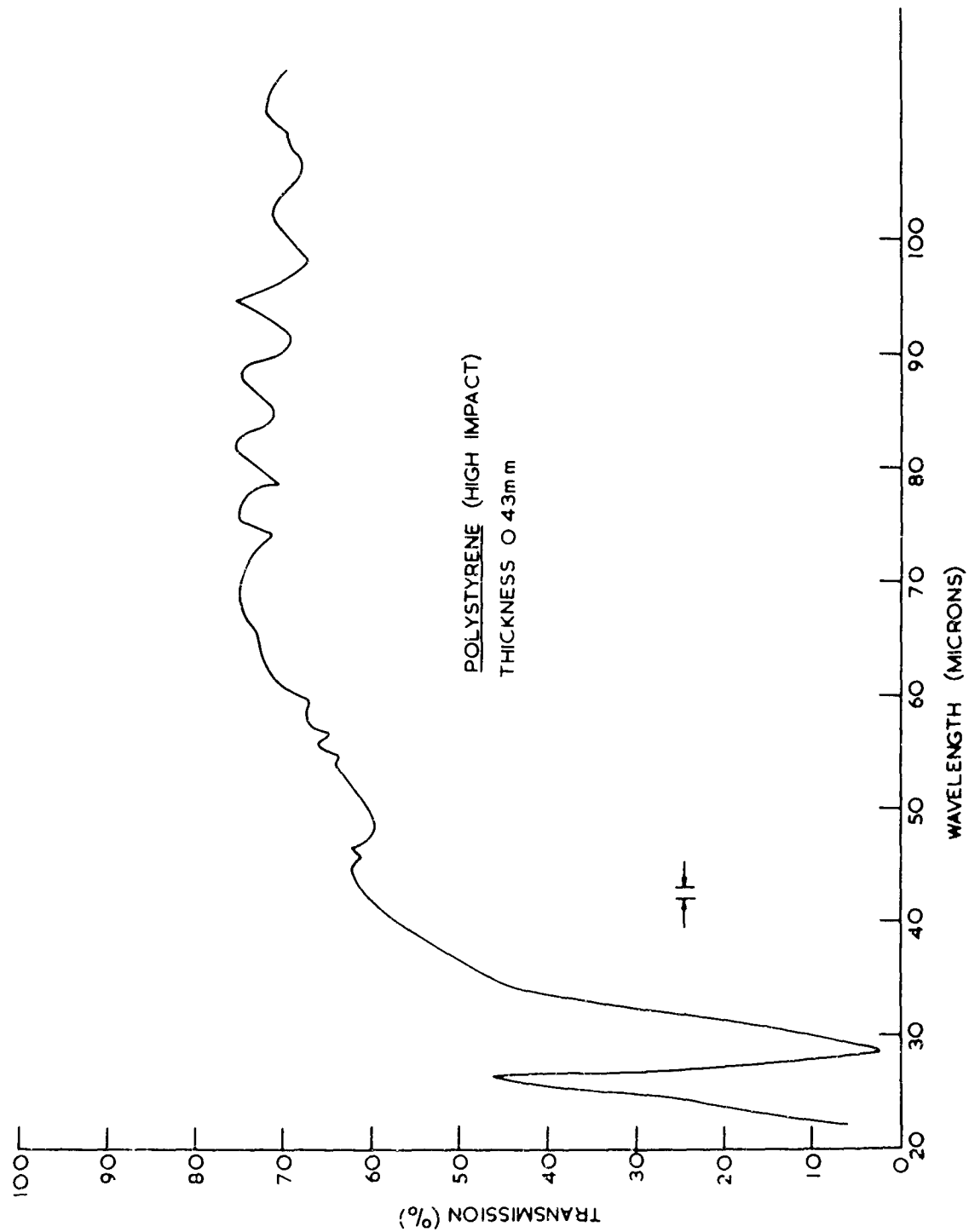


FIG. 3.21



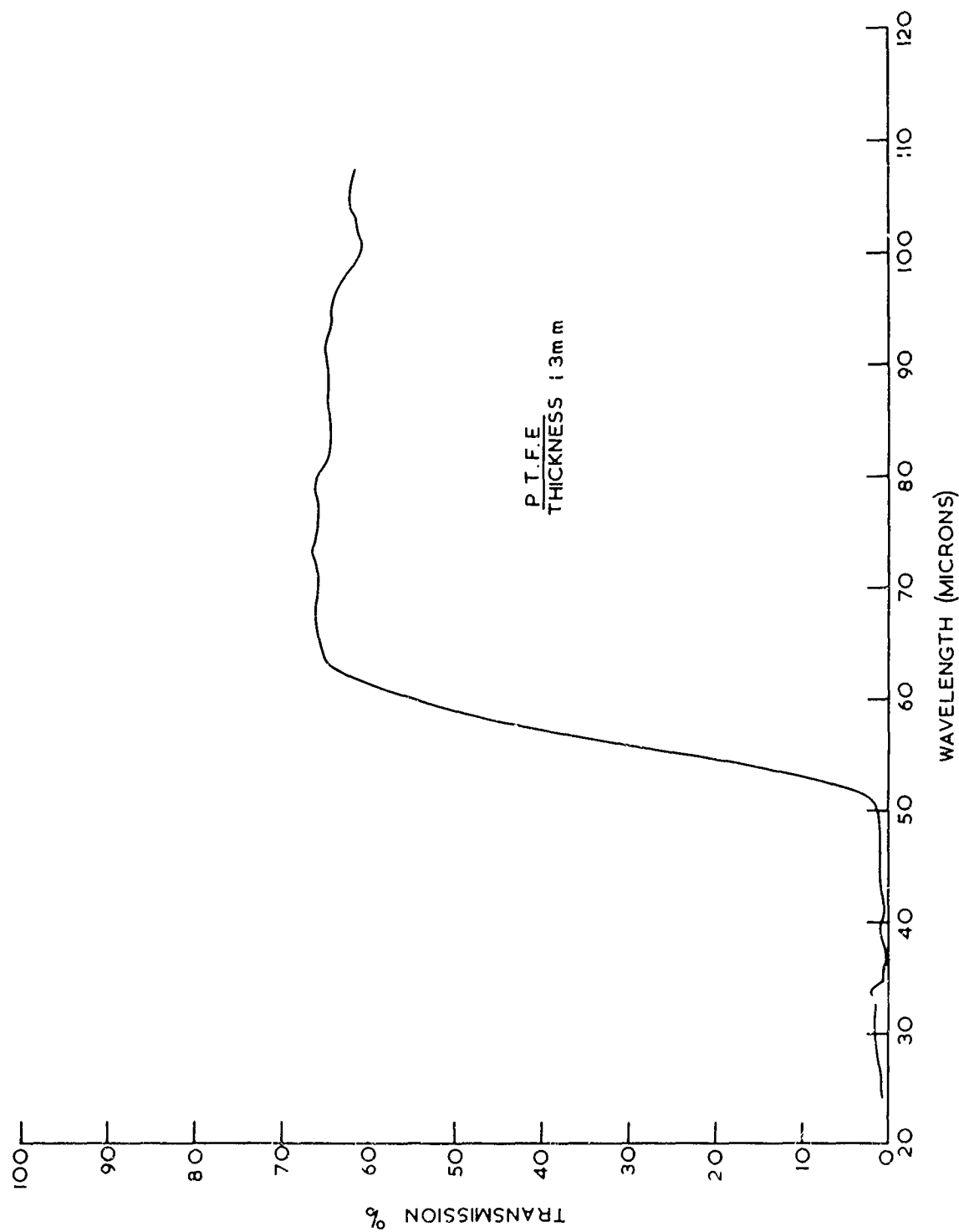


FIG 3-22

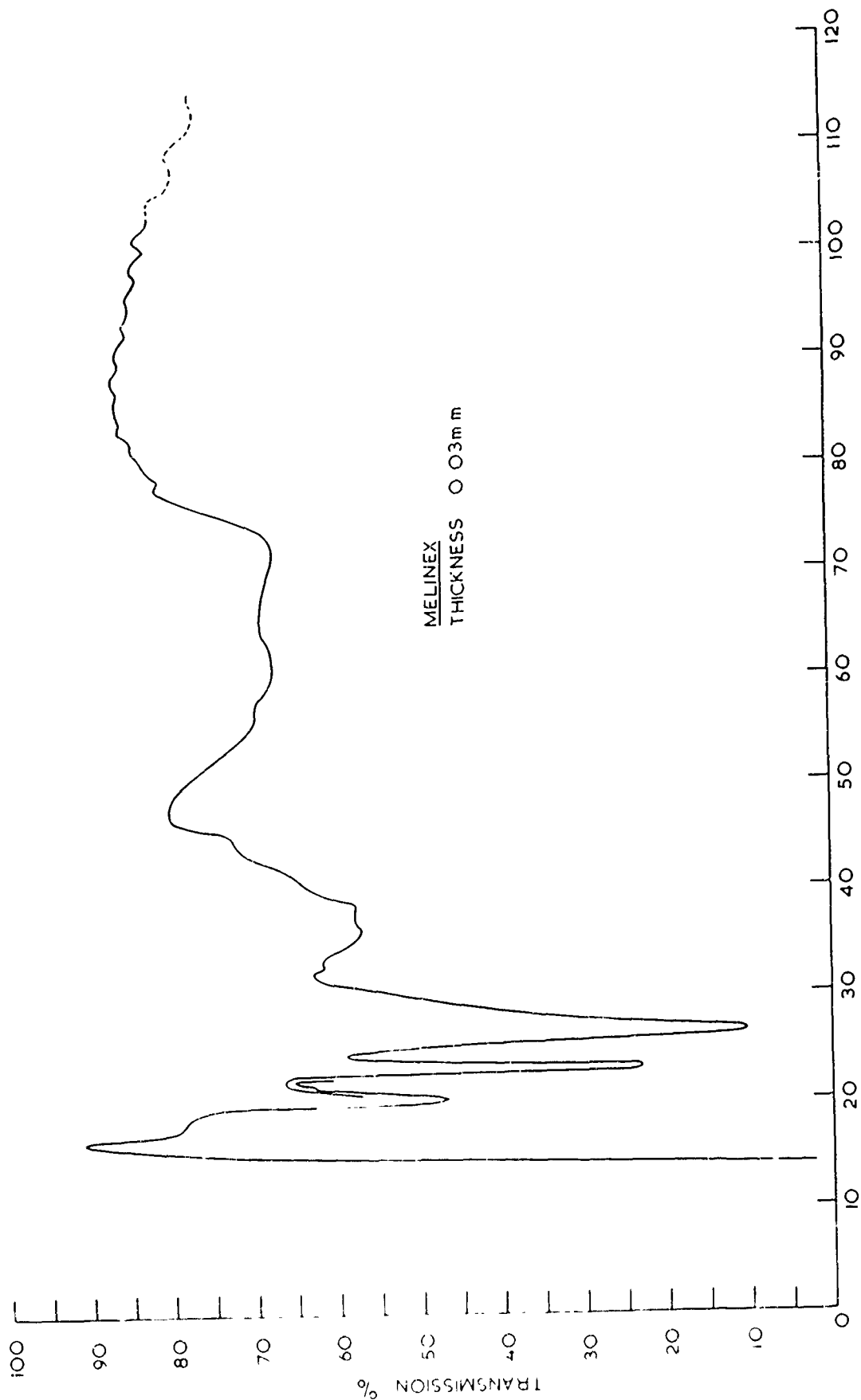


FIG. 3.23

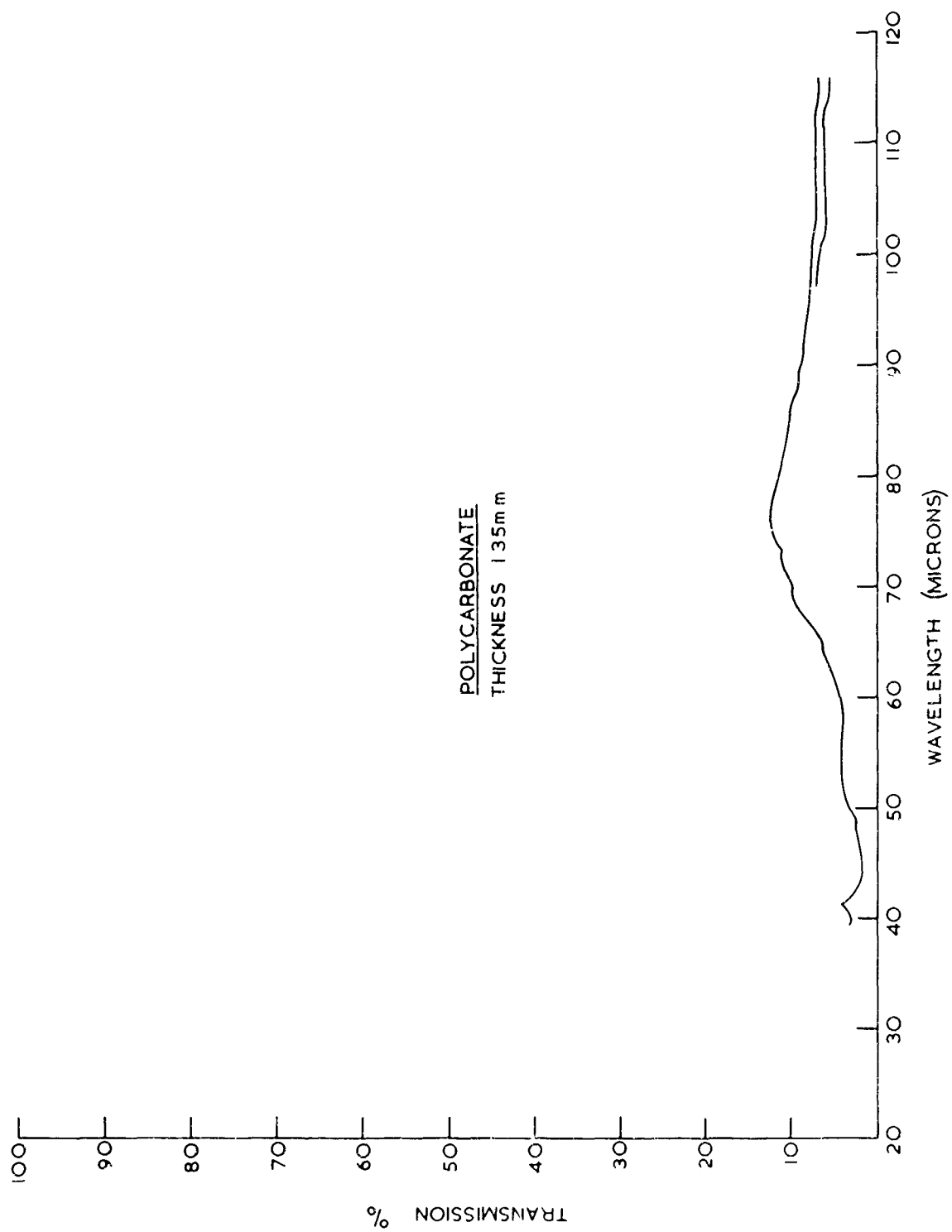
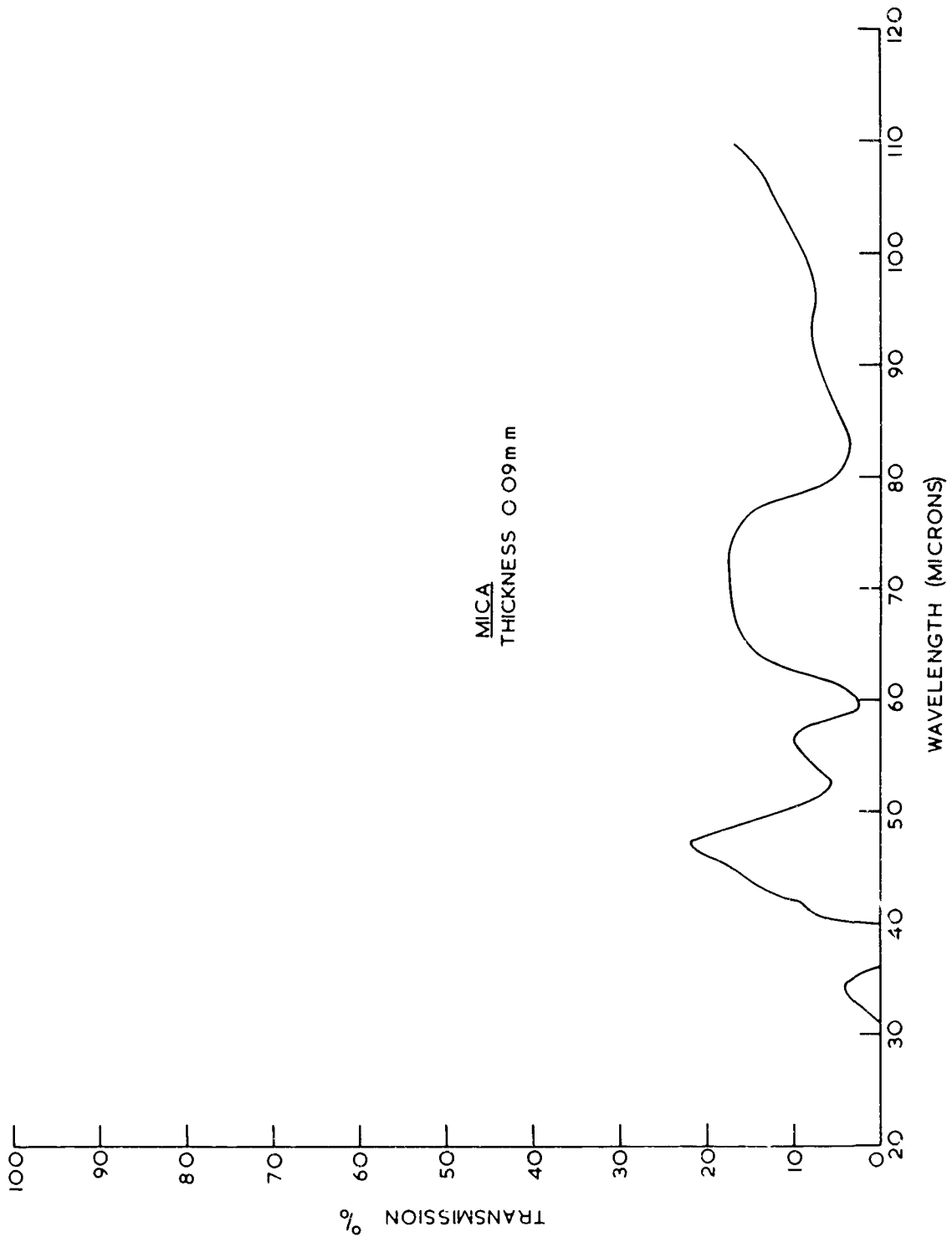


FIG 3 24



MICA  
THICKNESS 0.09 mm

FIG 3 25

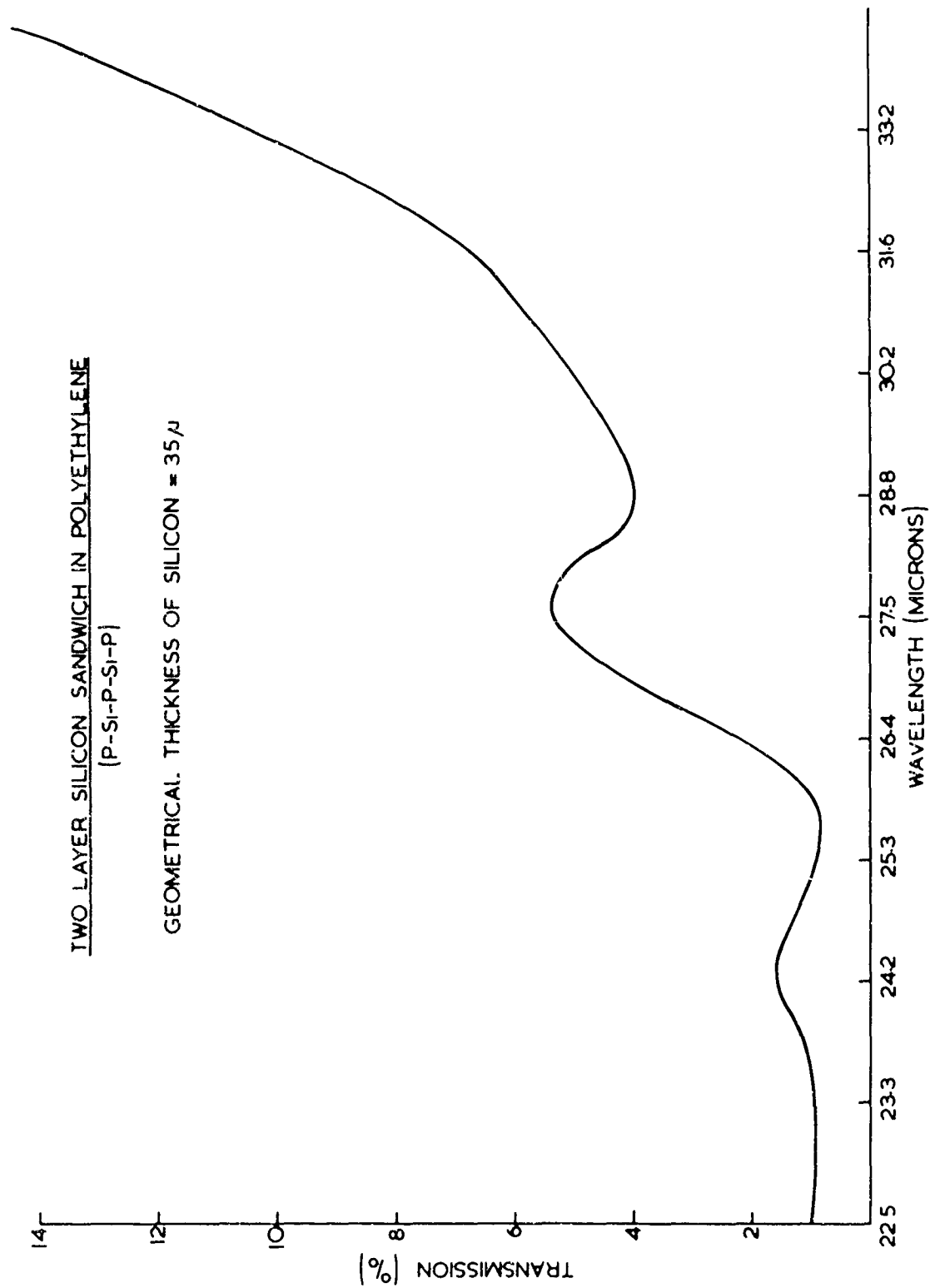


FIG 3 26

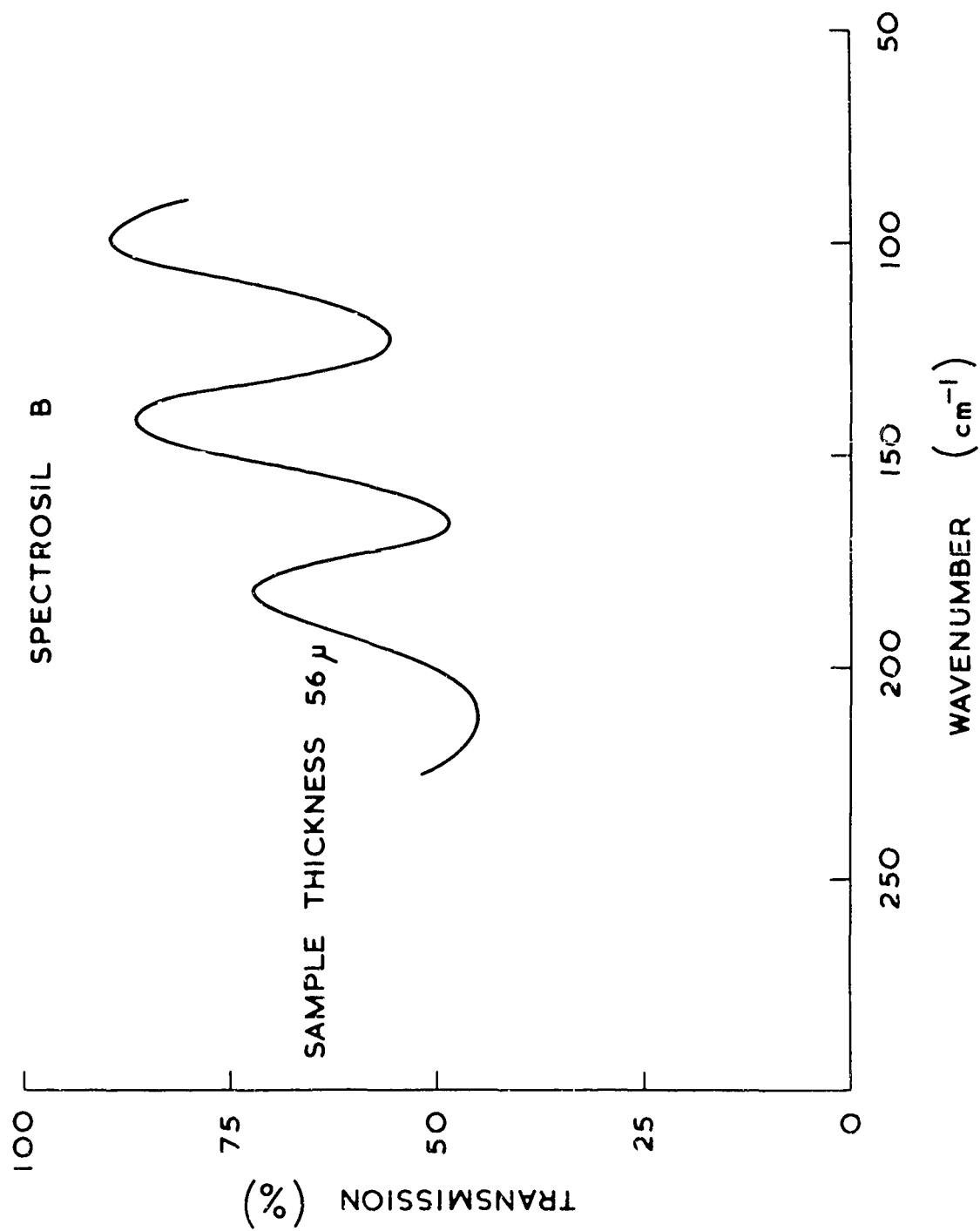


FIG. 3.27

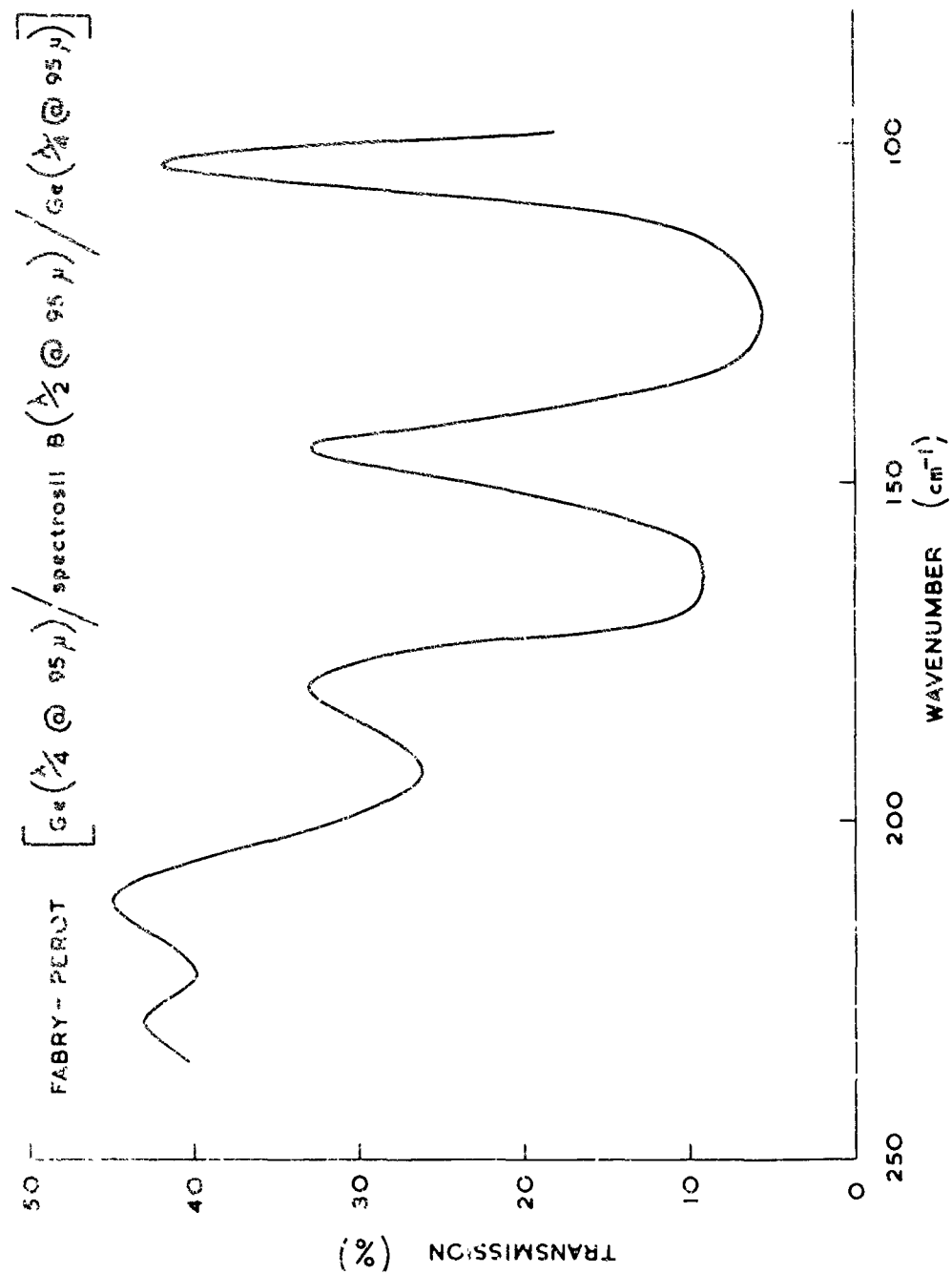


FIG 3:28

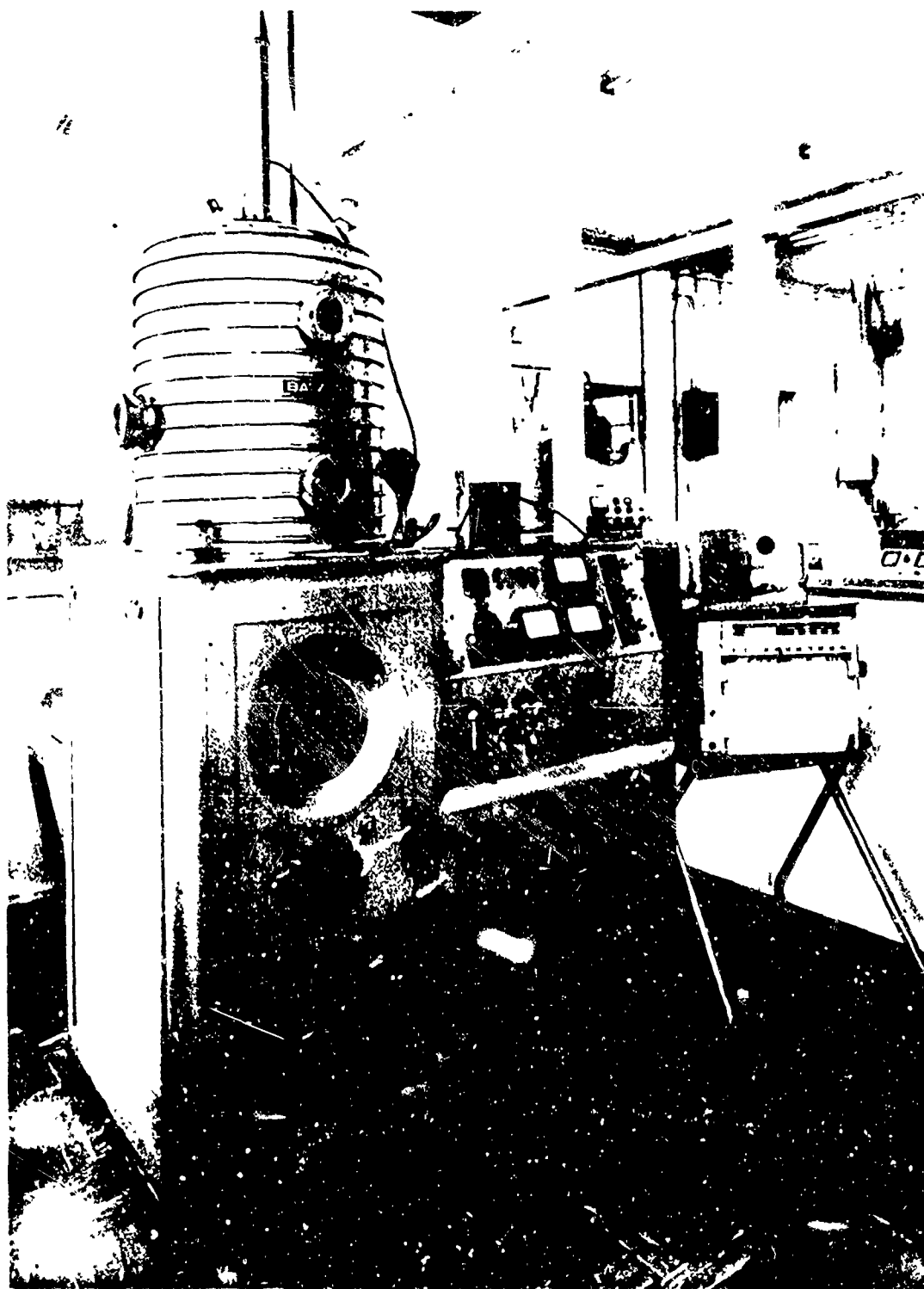
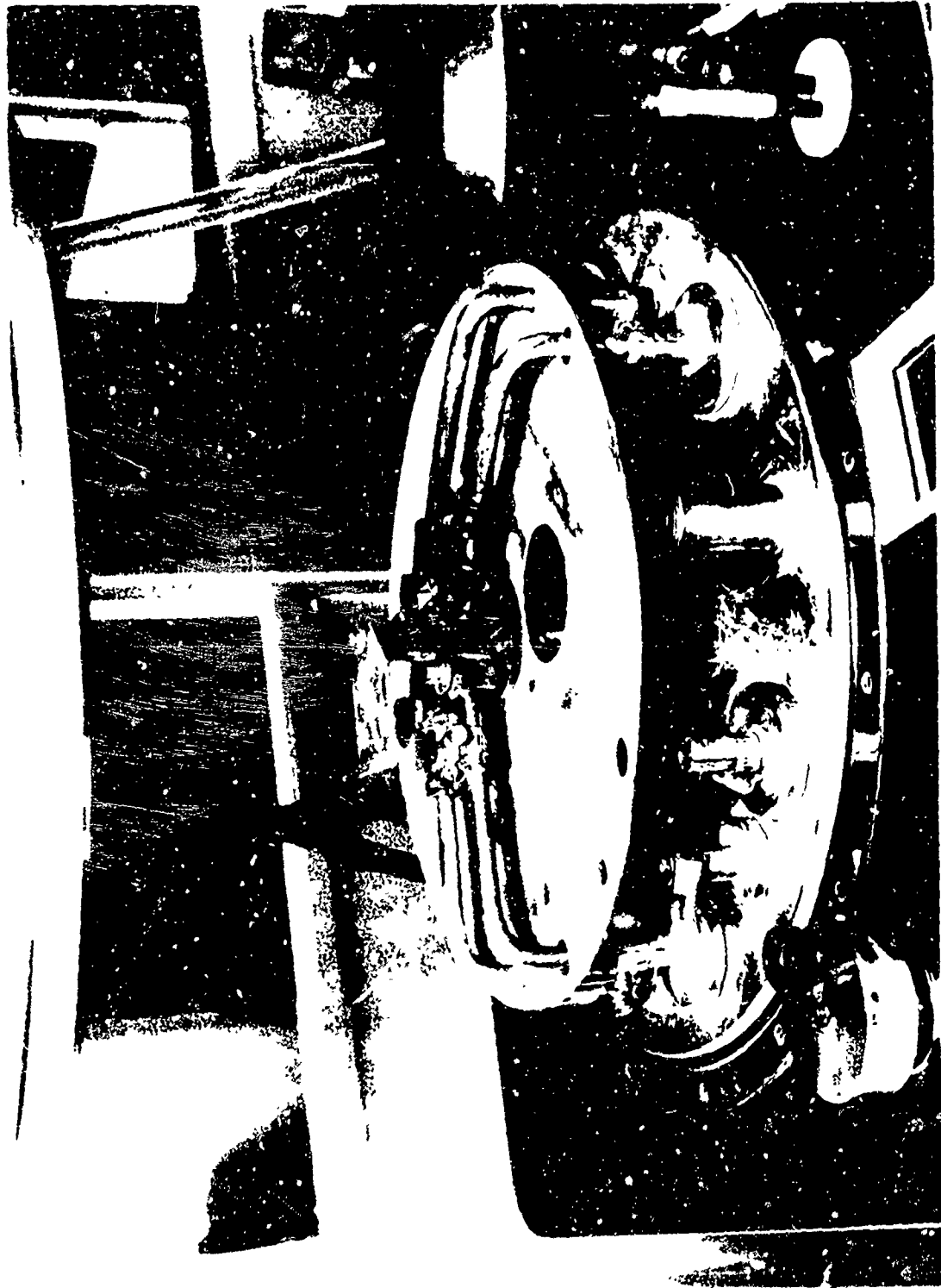


FIG: 4.1(a) BA 500 PLANT USED at GRUBB PARSONS



FIG:4.1 (b) ARRANGEMENT of FIXED SOURCES



DESIGN	GE/LH LHL HH LHLH	REFRACTIVE INDEX	Ns = 4.0
		NL = 2.35	
		NH = 5.3	

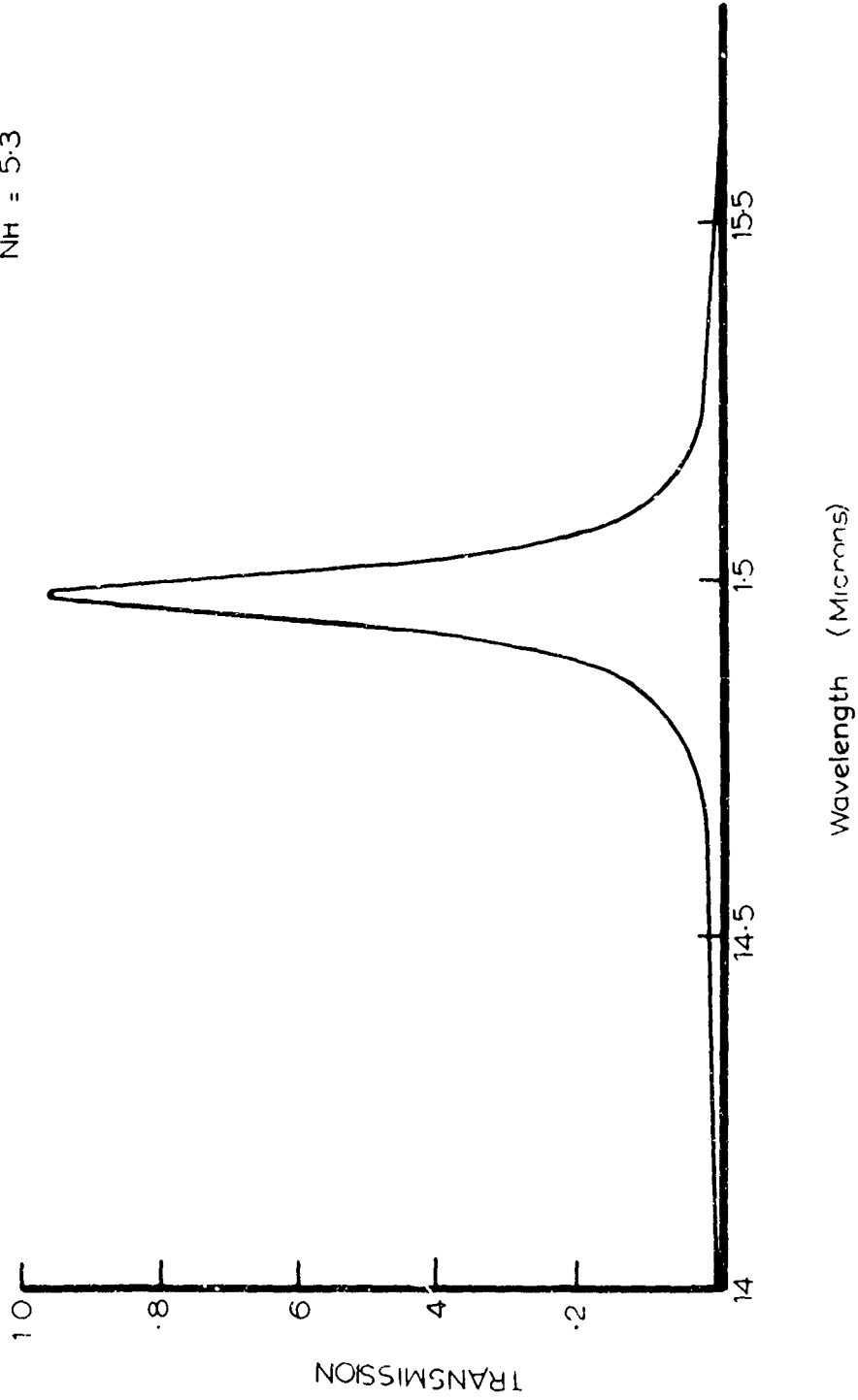


FIG 4.2 (a)      COMPUTED    TRANSMISSION OF FABRY PEROT AT 15μ

DESIGN Ge/LHL HHLHLH LH LHL HH LH

REFRACTIVE INDEX

$N_s = 4.0$   
 $N_L = 2.35$   
 $N_H = 5.3$

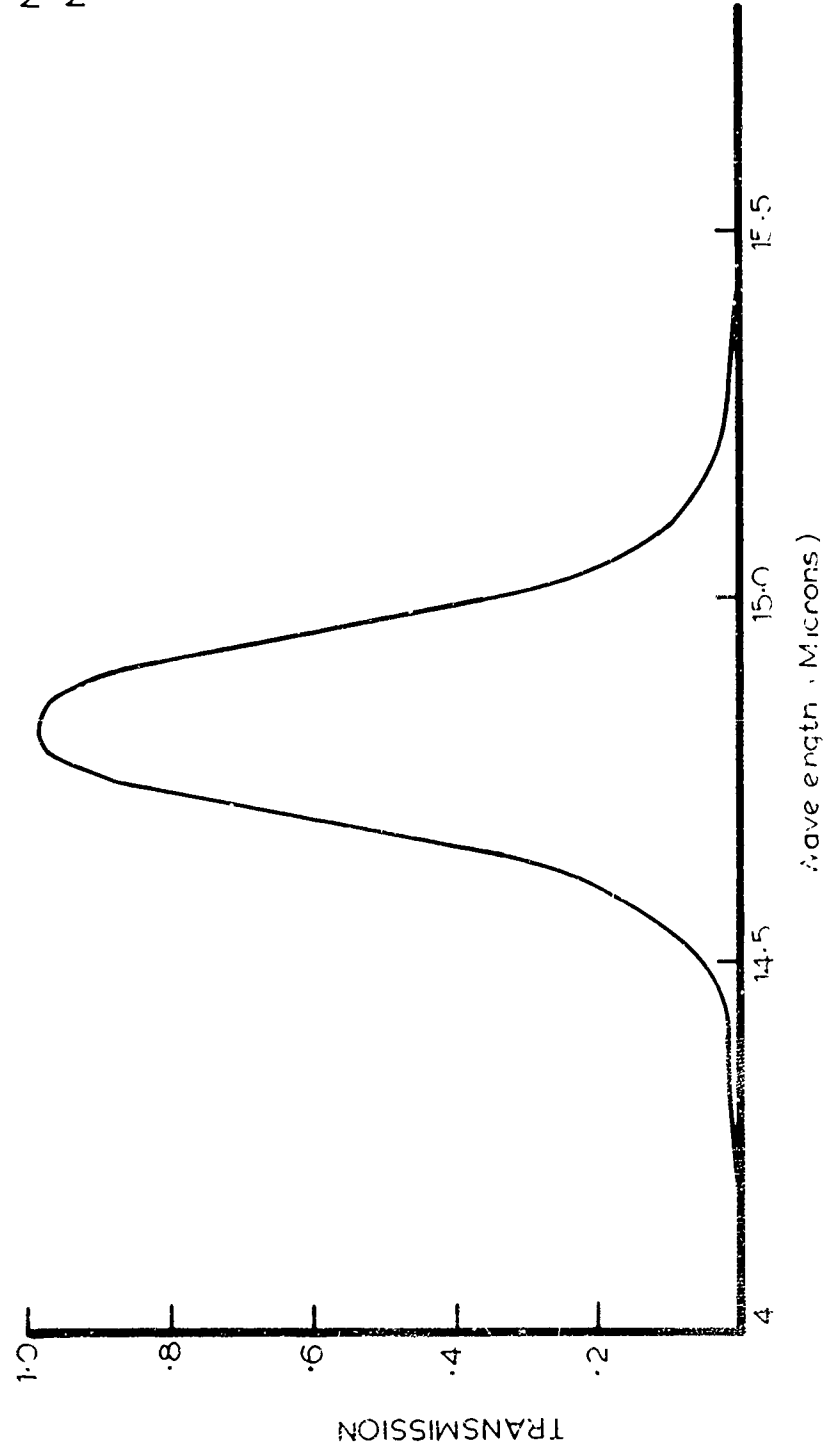


FIG 4.2 (b) COMPUTED TRANSMISSION OF D.H.W. AT 14.83 $\mu$

DESIGN

Ge/L HH L H L H L HH L H

REFRACTIVE INDEX     $N_s = 4.0$   
                               $N_L = 2.35$   
                               $N_H = 5.3$

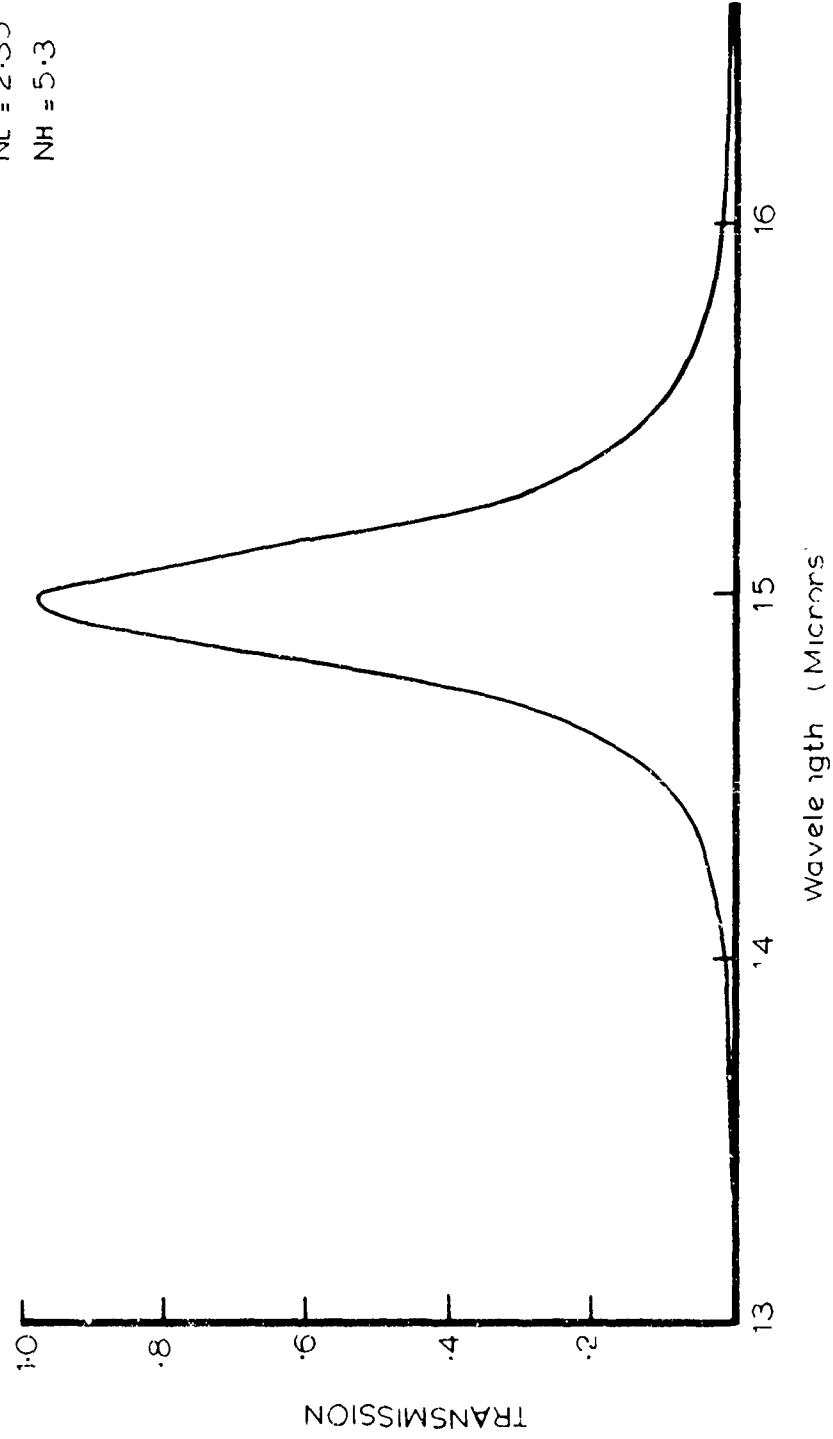
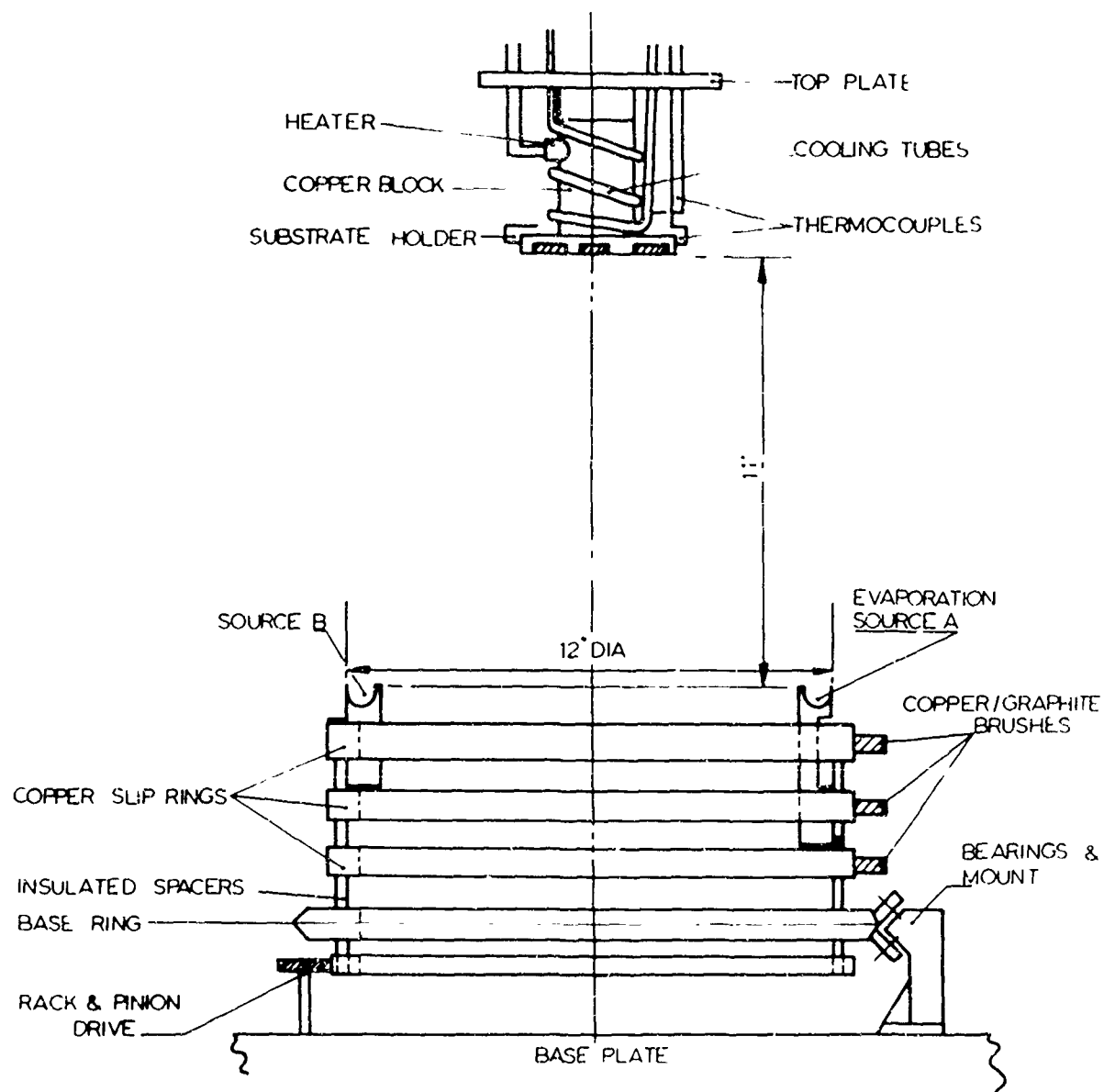
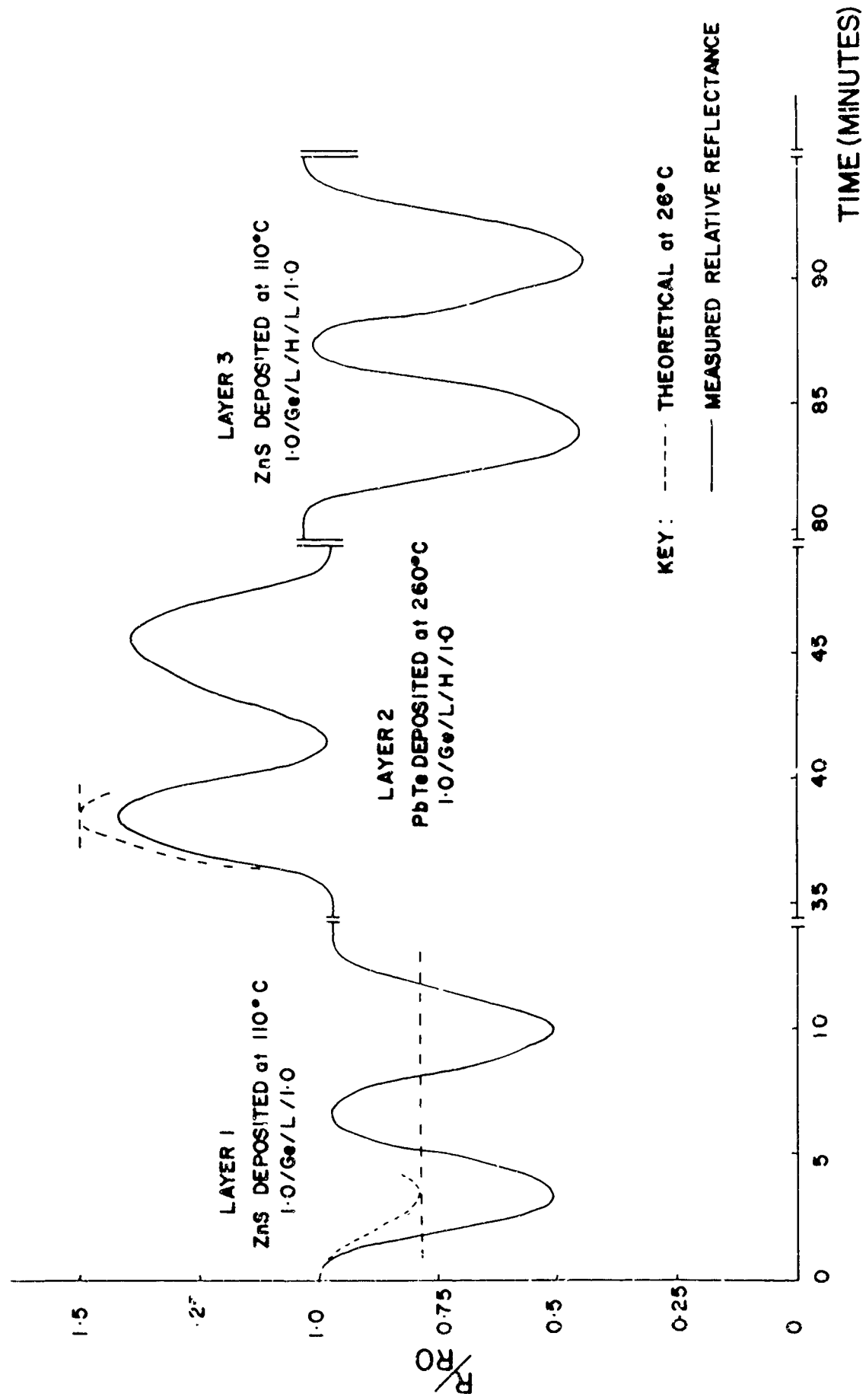


FIG 4.2(C) COMPUTED TRANSMISSION OF D.H.W. AT  $15\mu$



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM OF ROTATING SOURCE  
ASSEMBLY & SUBSTRATE HOLDER

FIG 4.3



ZnS DEPOSITION TEMPERATURE  
100 °C

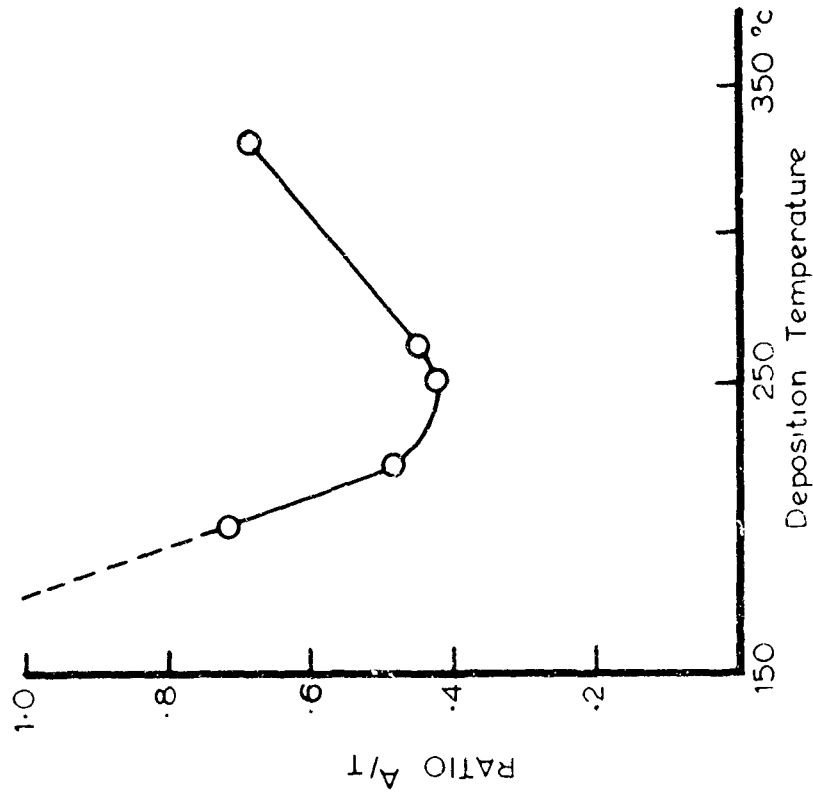


FIG 4.5 (a) VARIATION IN FABRY PEROT ABSORPTION WITH PbTe DEPOSITION TEMPERATURE.

PbTe DEPOSITION TEMPERATURE  
250 °C

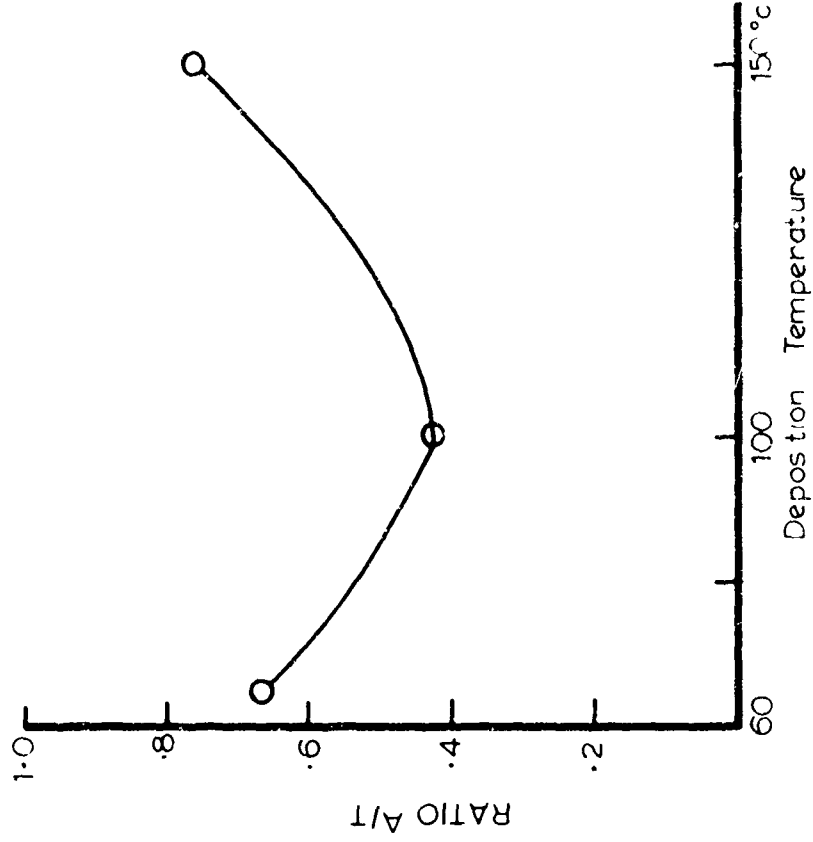
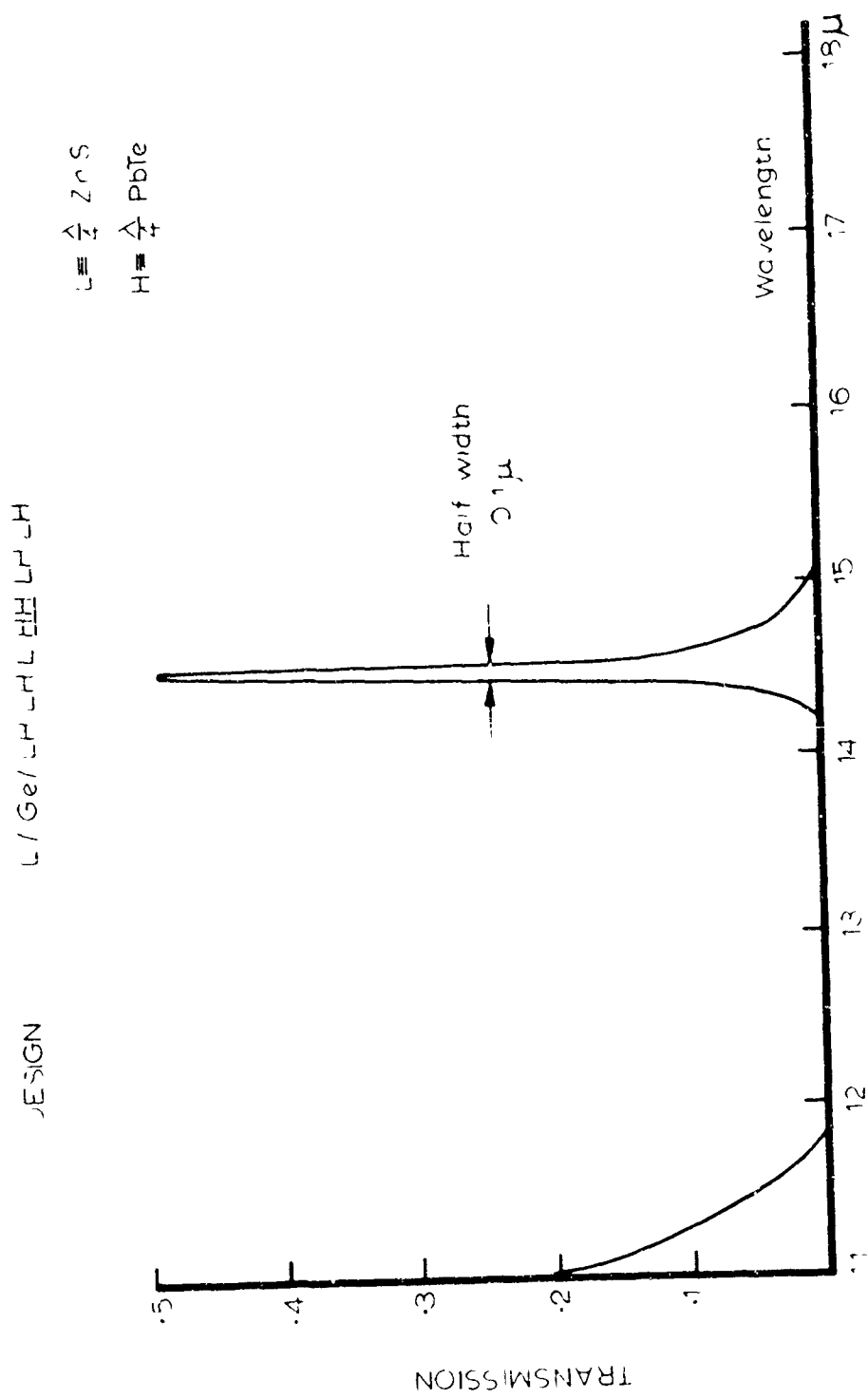


FIG 4.5 (b) VARIATION IN FABRY PEROT ABSORPTION WITH ZnS DEPOSITION TEMPERATURE.





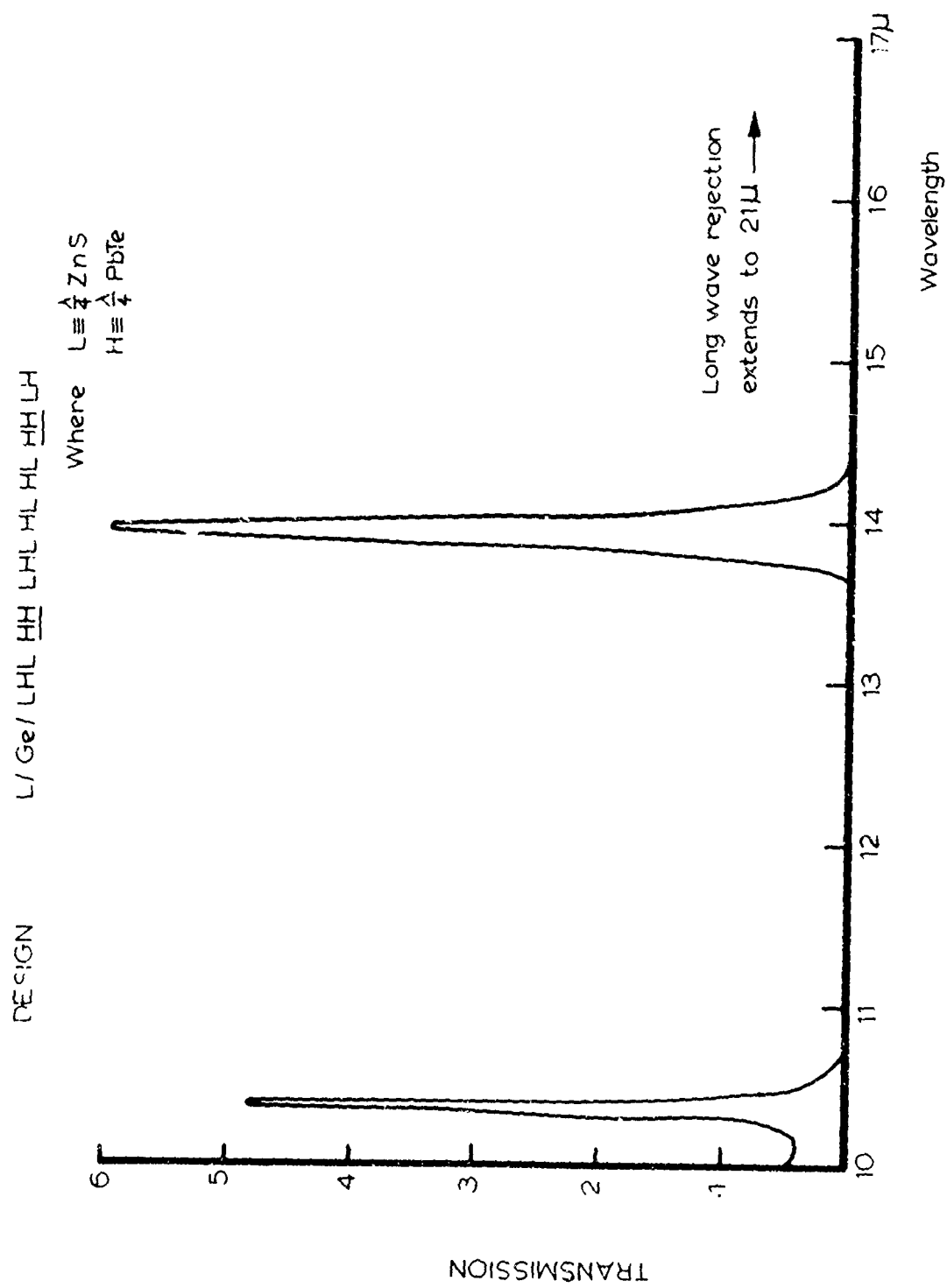


FIG. 4.7(a) MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF D.H.W.5.

DESIGN    L / Ge/L   H H   L H L   H H L   H H L

L  $\equiv \frac{\lambda}{4}$  ZnS

H  $\equiv \frac{\lambda}{4}$  PbTe

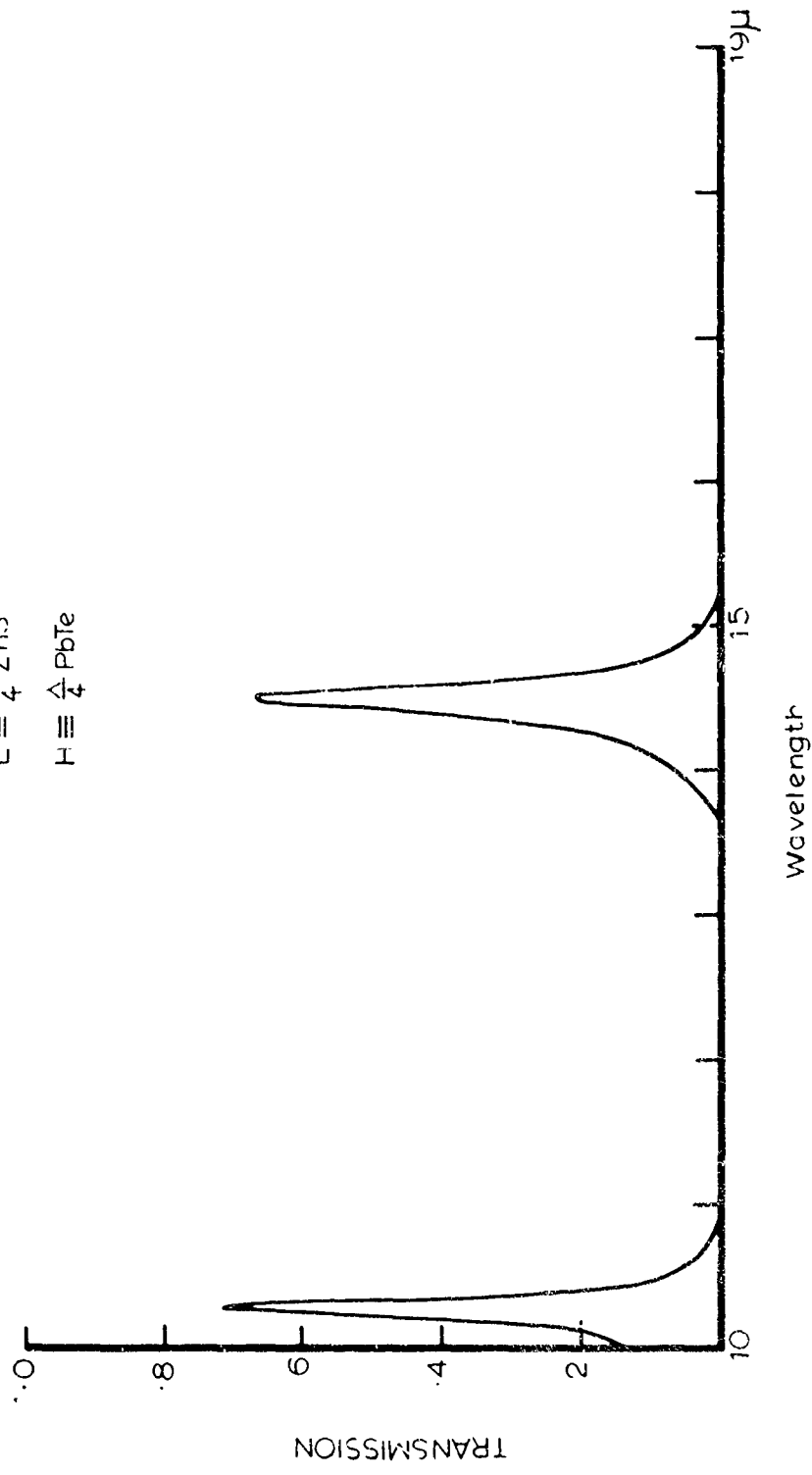


FIG 4.7(b) MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF D.H.W. 13.

DESIGN      L / Ge / LHH LH LHL HH LH

$L \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4} \text{ ZnS}$   
 $H \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4} \text{ PbTe}$

Deposited at 160 °C  
 " " " "

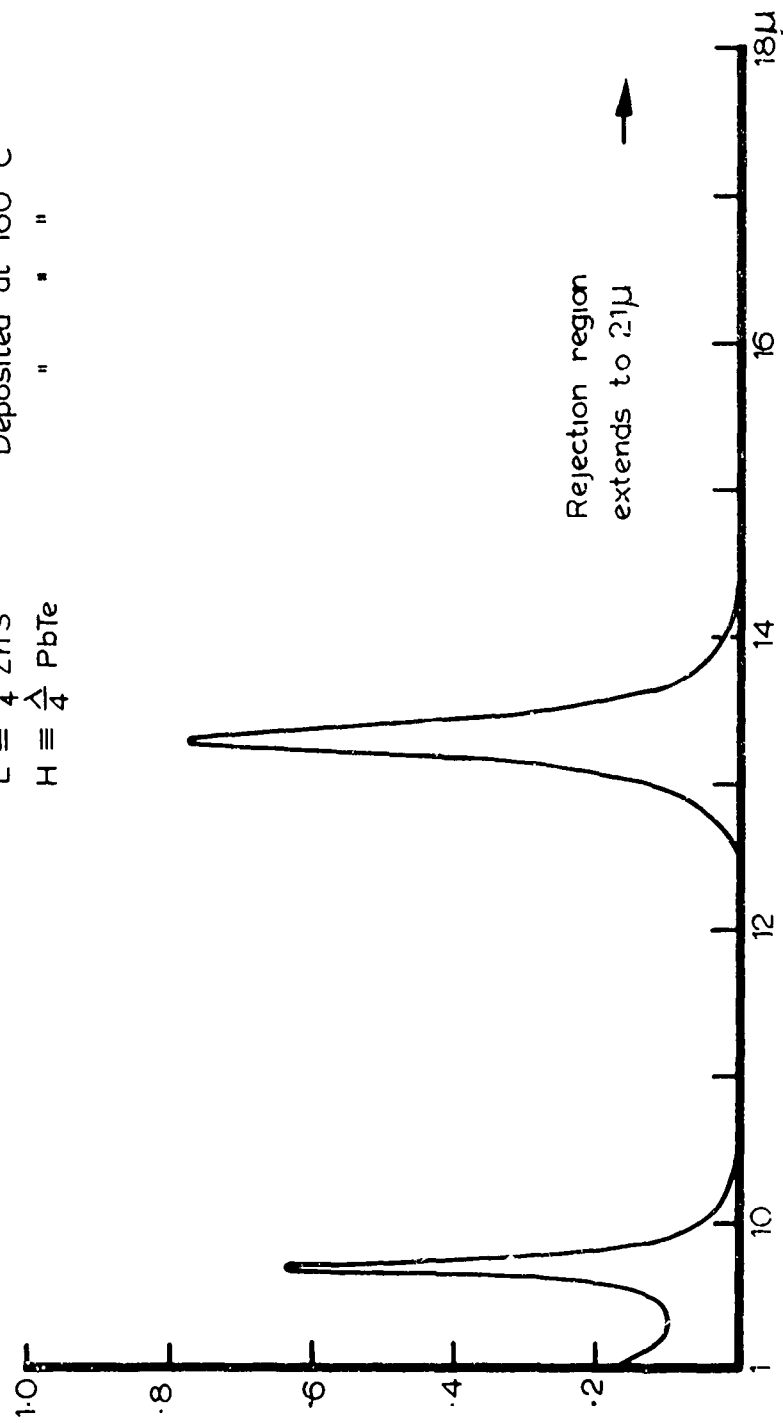
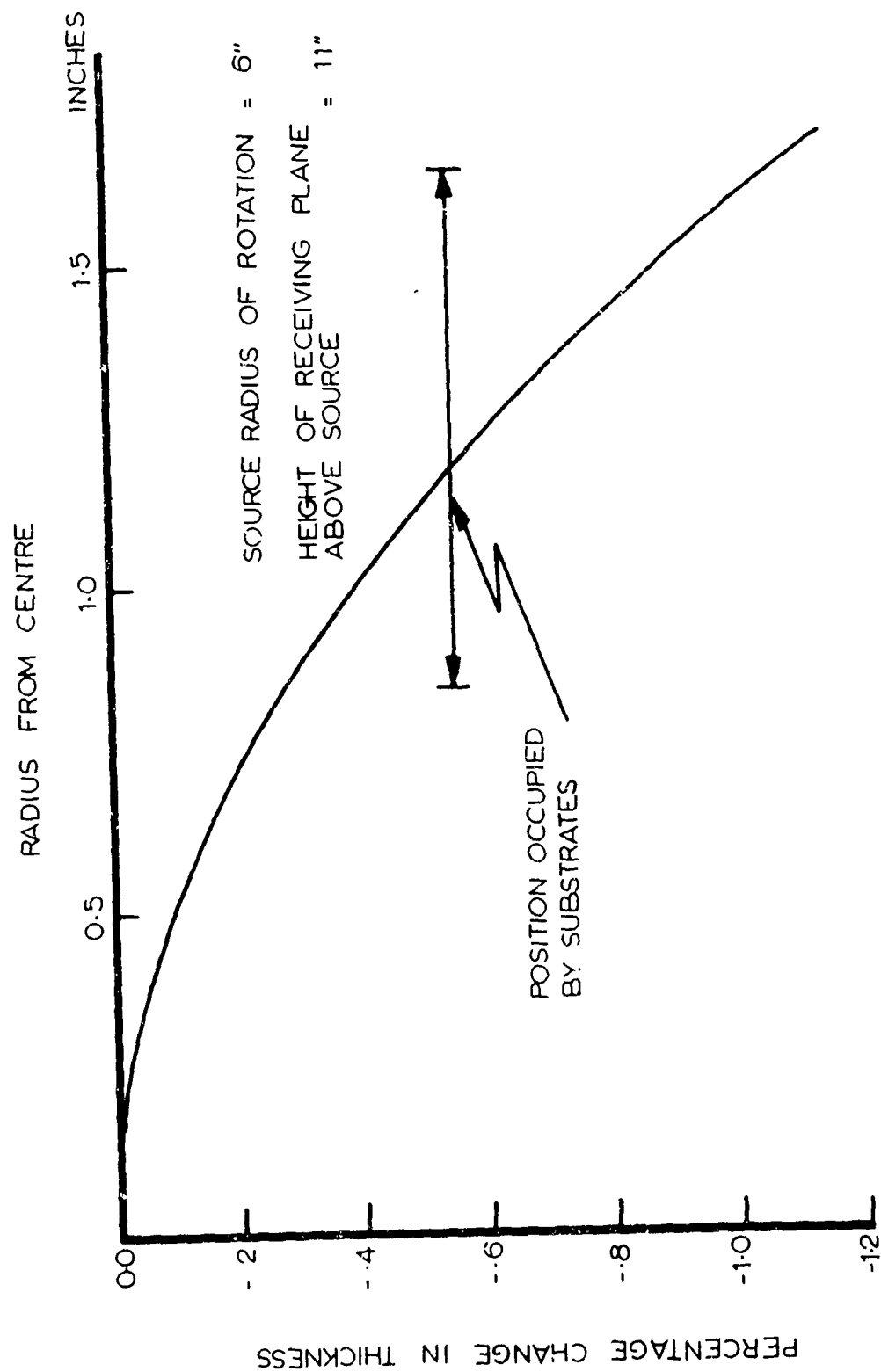


FIG. 4.8. MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF D.H.W.19.

FIG 4.9. THEORETICAL DISTRIBUTION OF EVAPORANT FROM A SMALL ROTATING SURFACE SOURCE.



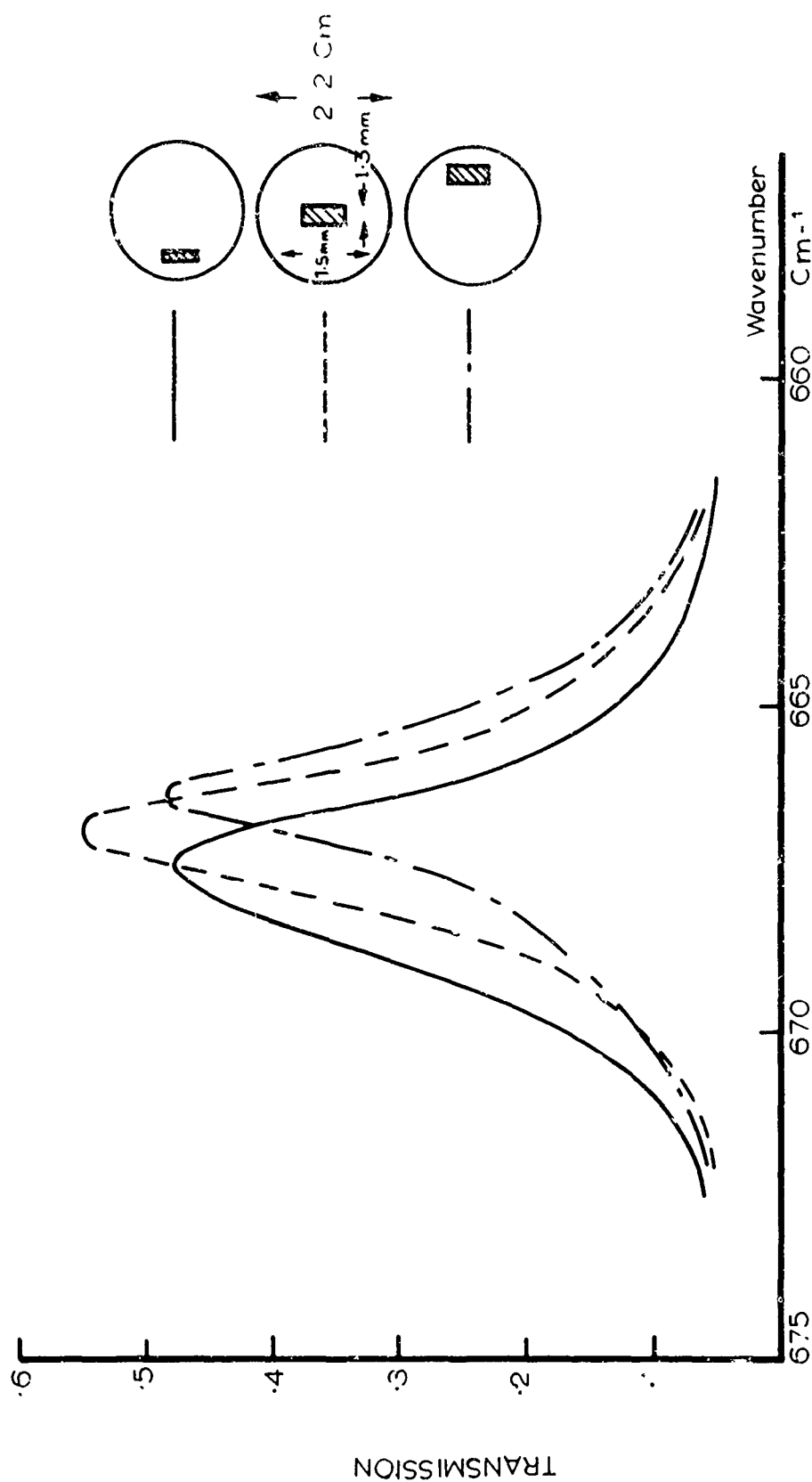


FIG. 4.10. F.P. FILTER 8180/4/MONITOR. MEASUREMENTS TAKEN AT 3 DIFFERENT PLACES ON FILTER SURFACE AT A FOCUS POSITION & AT NORMAL INCIDENCE.

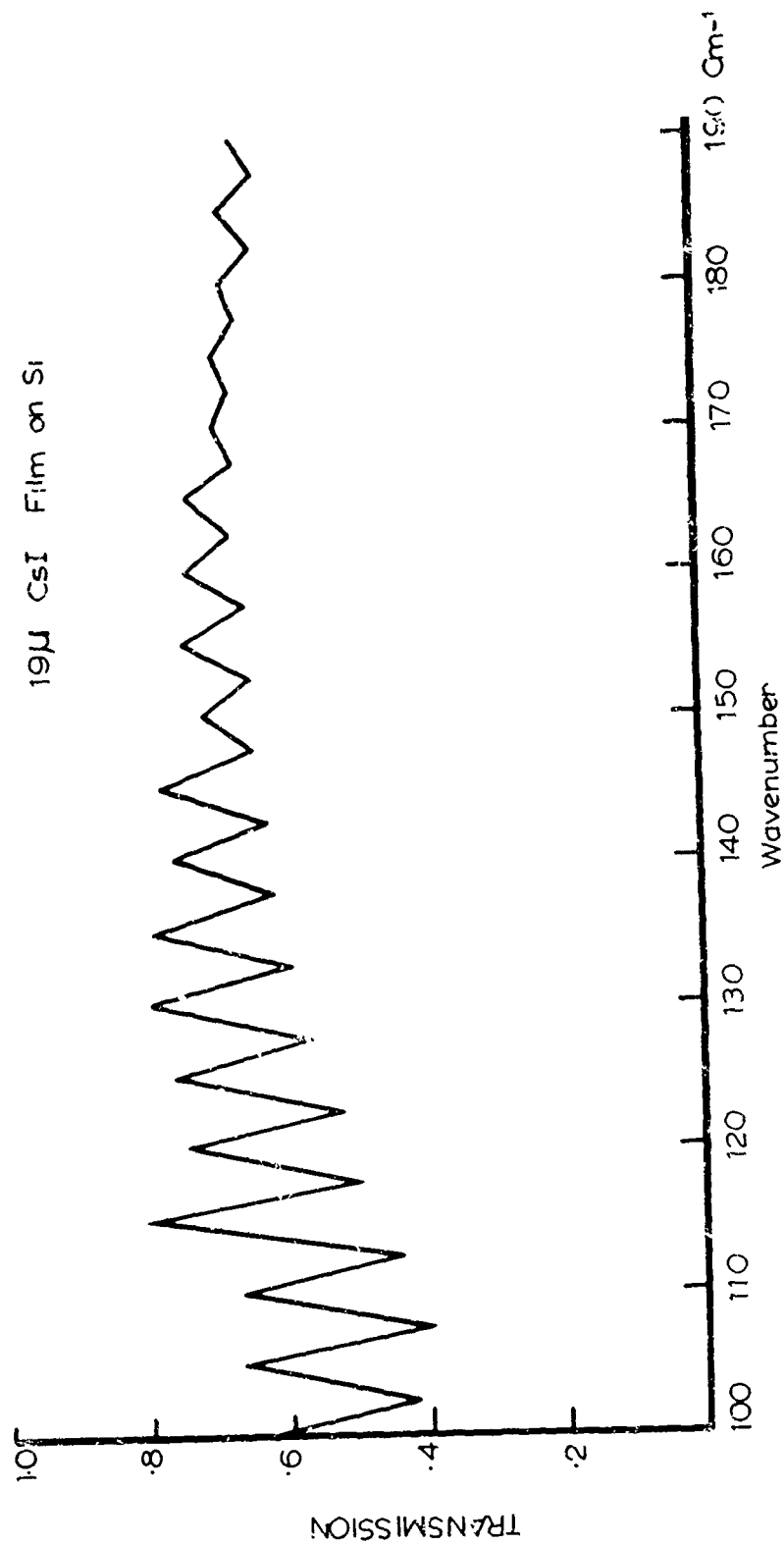


FIG. 4.11. INTERFEROMETRIC MEASUREMENT OF A CsI FILM ON Si SUBSTRATE AT 2.5  $\text{cm}^{-1}$  RESOLUTION SHOWING FRINGES DUE TO SUBSTRATE INTERFERENCE.

SPECTROSIL B

Thickness  $\pm .003$  "

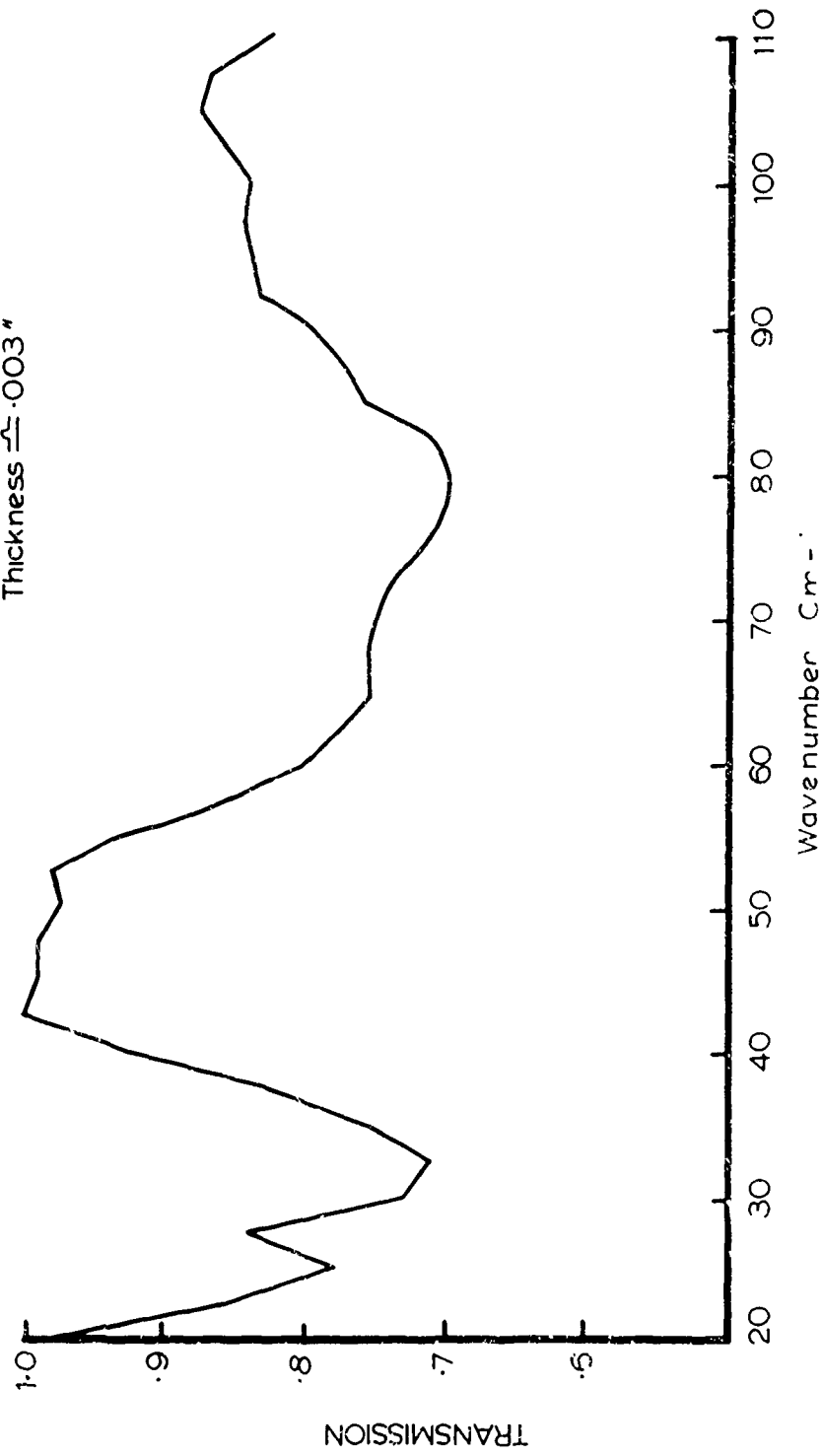


FIG 4.12. TRANSMISSION OF THIN (0.003IN) SPECTROSIL B  
PLATE AS MEASURED BY IRIS INTERFEROMETER.

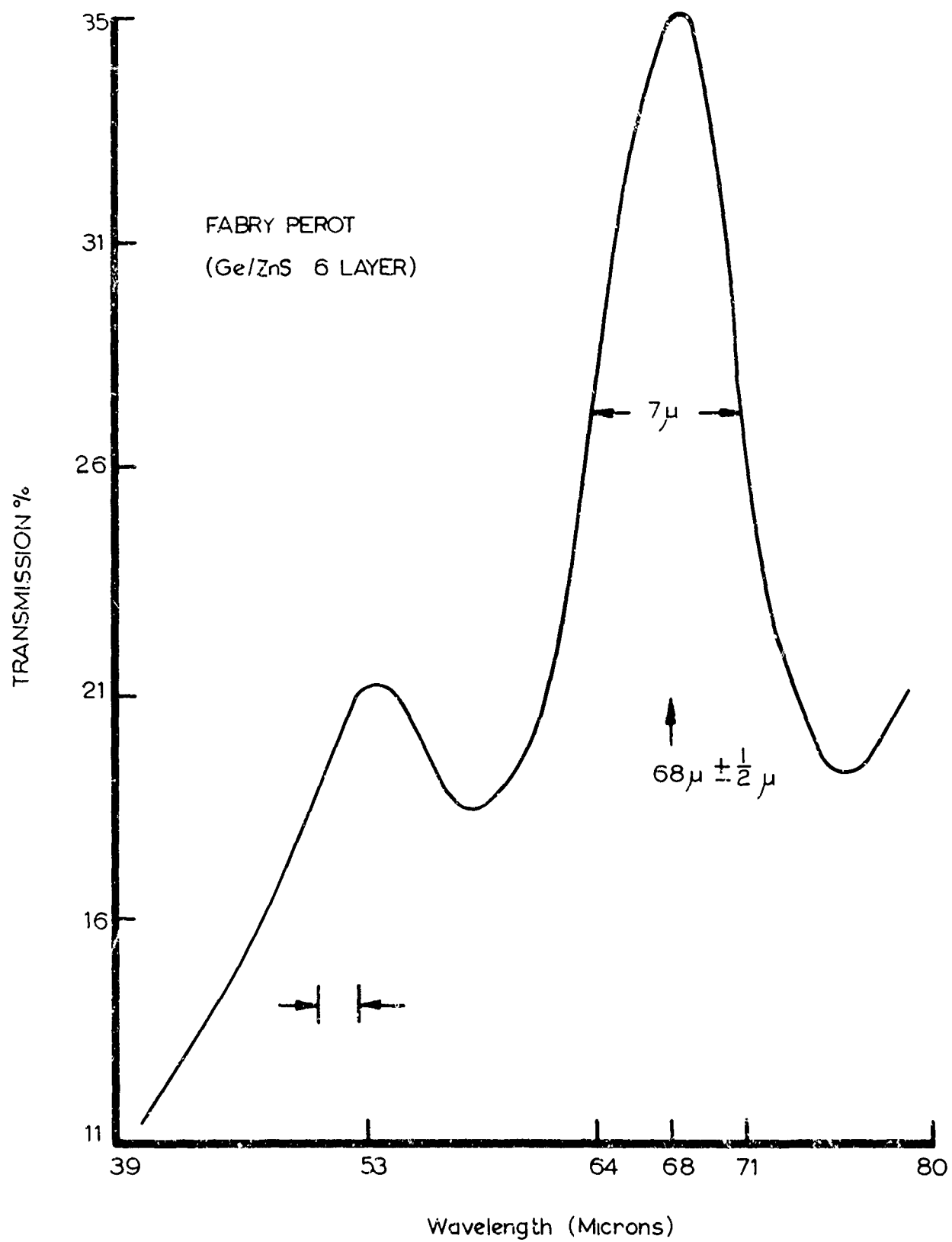


FIG. 4.13.



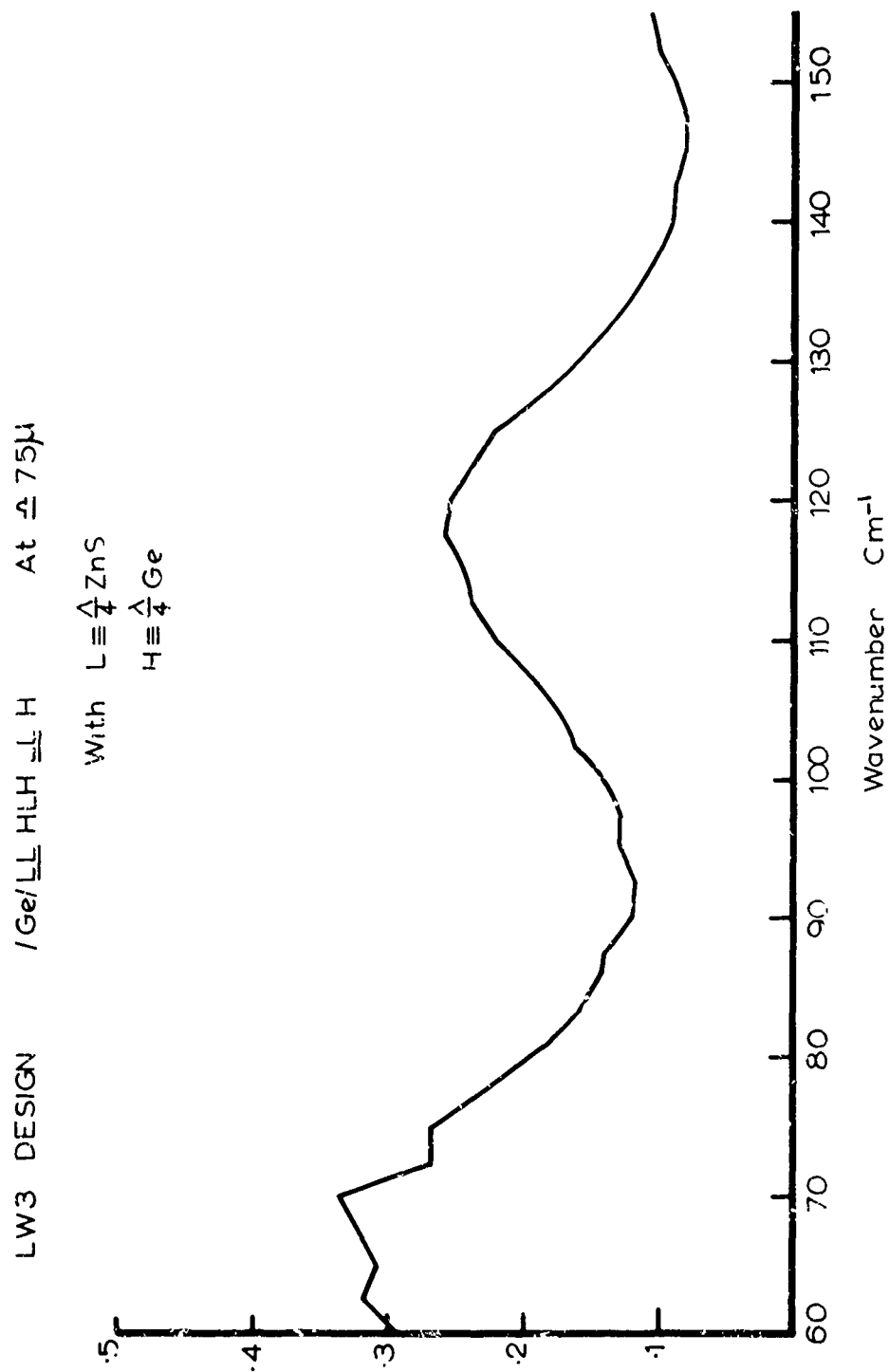


FIG 4.14. MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF FILTER LW3 ON A Ge SUBSTRATE (NOT ANTI-REFLECTED)

FILTER LW.4. DESIGN  $\text{Ge/LH LH } \underline{\text{LL}} \text{ HLH}$   
 With  $L \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4} \text{ ZnS}$  } At  $\lambda \approx 90\mu$   
 $L \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4} \text{ Ge}$

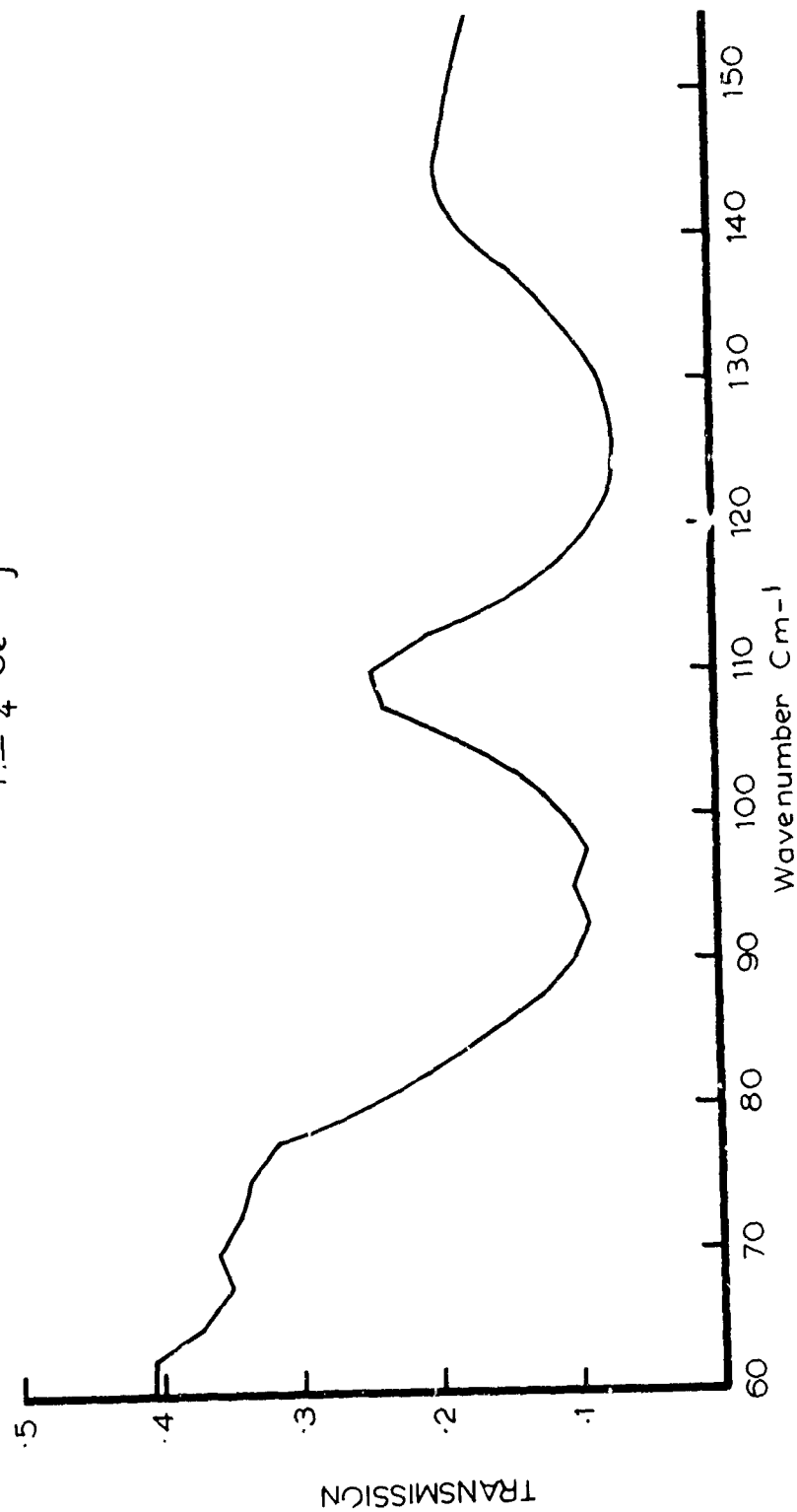


FIG 4.15. TRANSMISSION OF FILTER LW.4 ON Ge SUBSTRATE AS MEASURED BY IRIS INTERFEROMETER.

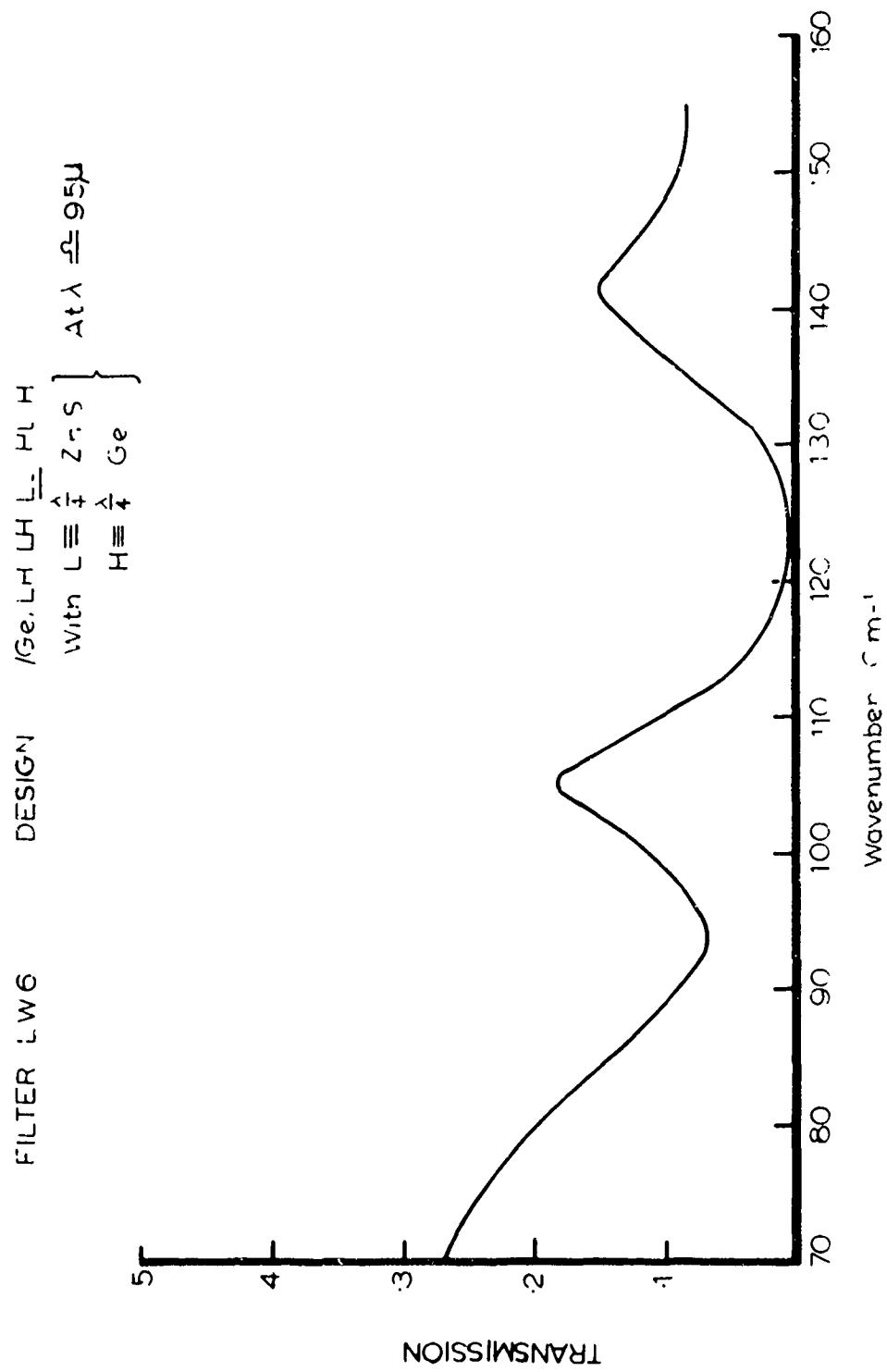


FIG. 4-16 TRANSMISSION OF LW6 ON Ge SUBSTRATE AS MEASURED BY THE GM3 SPECTROMETER.

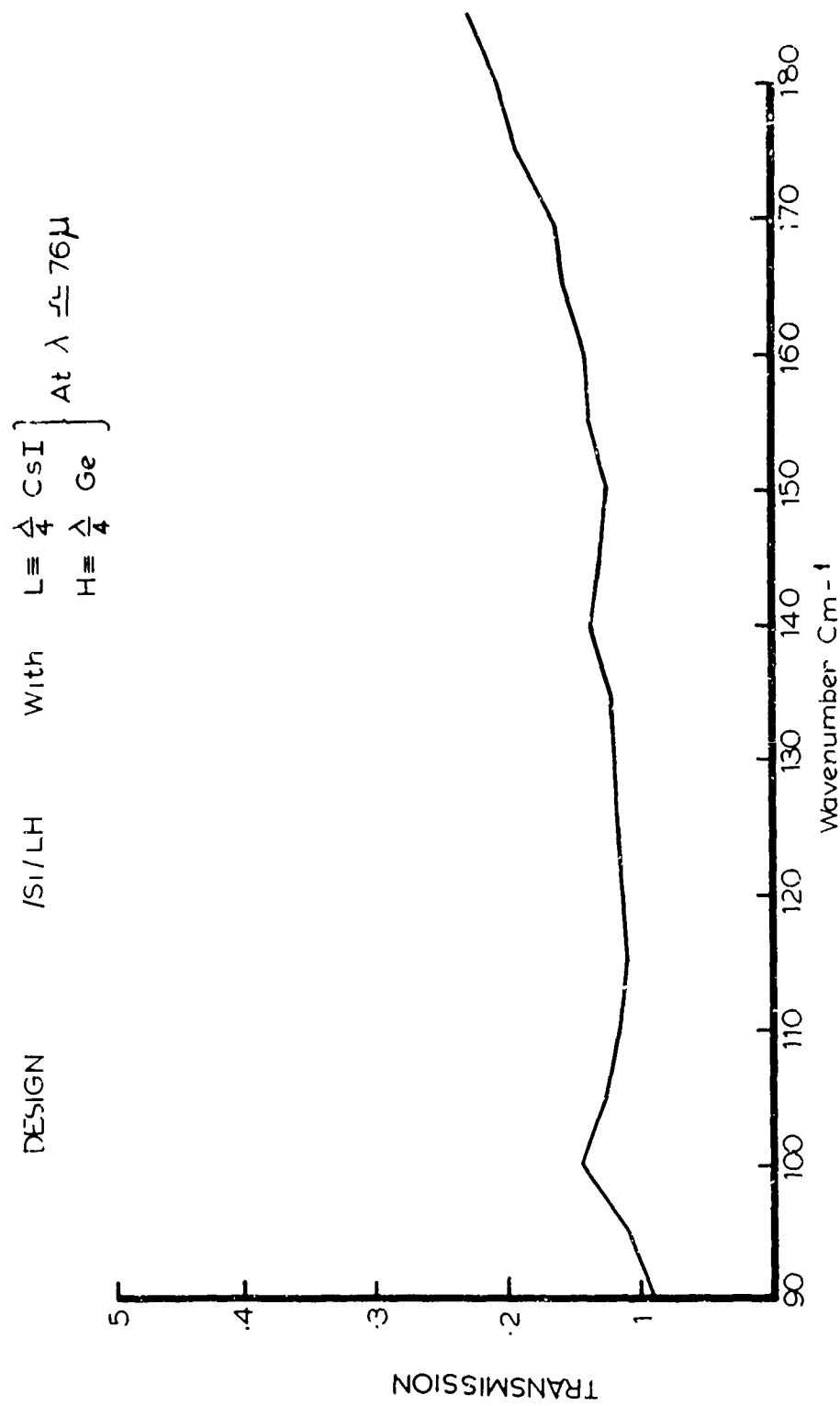


FIG 4.17. TRANSMISSION OF  $\text{Si/LH}$  AS MEASURED BY THE IRIS INTERFEROMETER

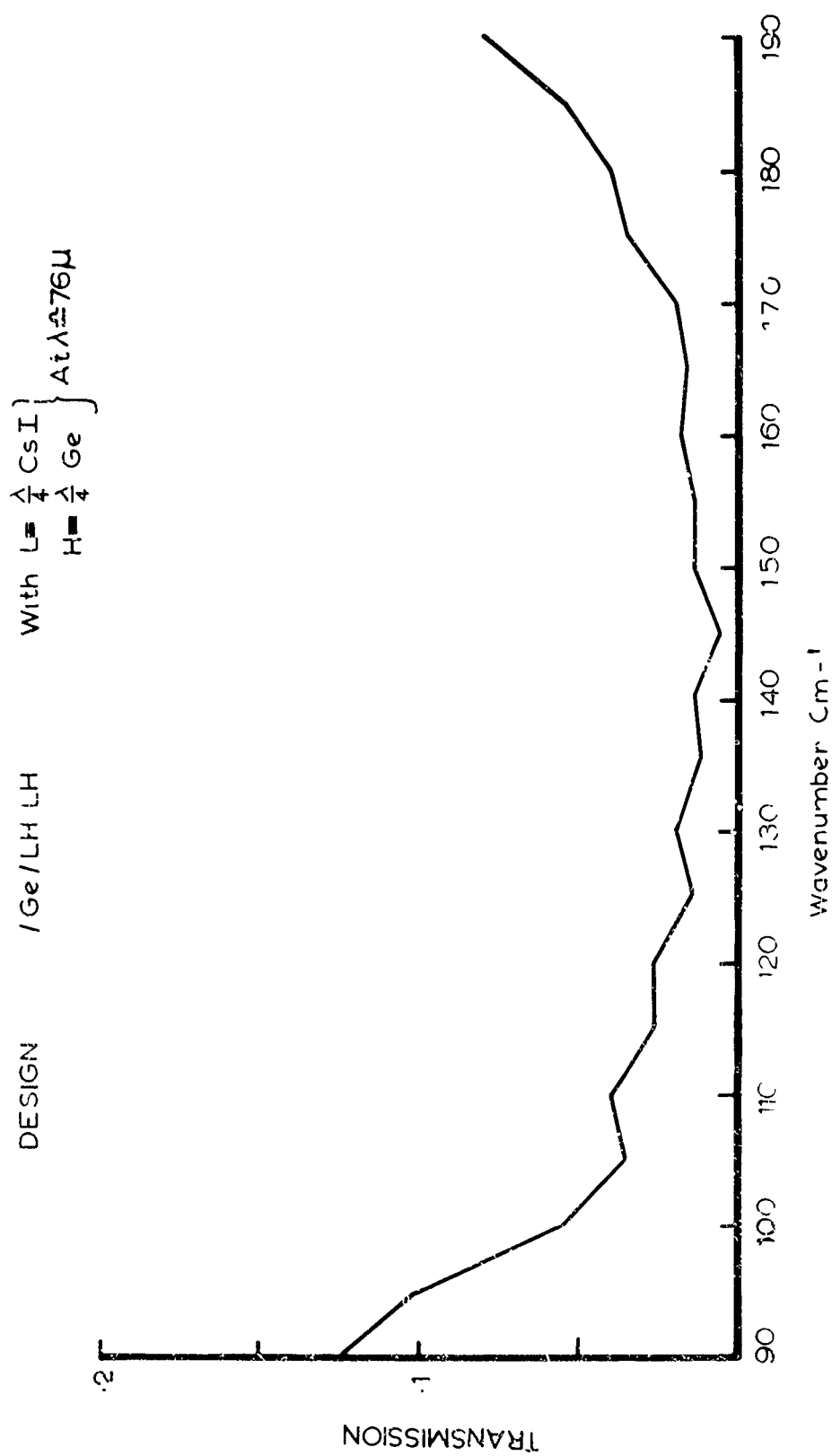


FIG 4.18. TRANSMISSION OF /Ge/LH LH AS MEASURED BY THE IRIS INTERFEROMETER.

FILTER DESIGN

$L/SL/LH/LLH$   
 With  $L = \frac{\lambda}{4}$  CsI  
 $H = \frac{\lambda}{4}$  Ge

At  $\lambda = 75\mu$

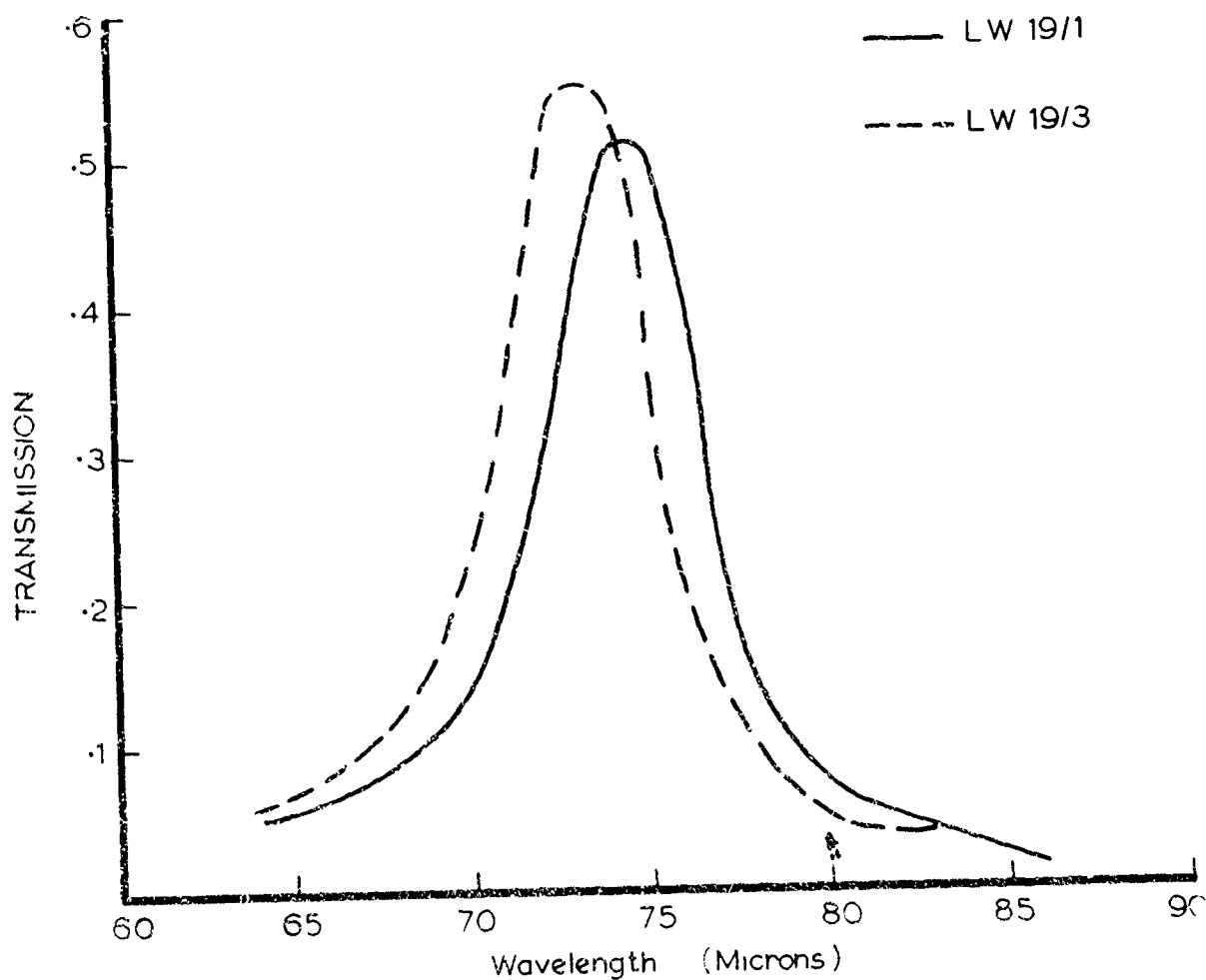


FIG. 4.19.

MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF NARROW  
BAND PASS FILTERS LW19/1 & LW19/3.

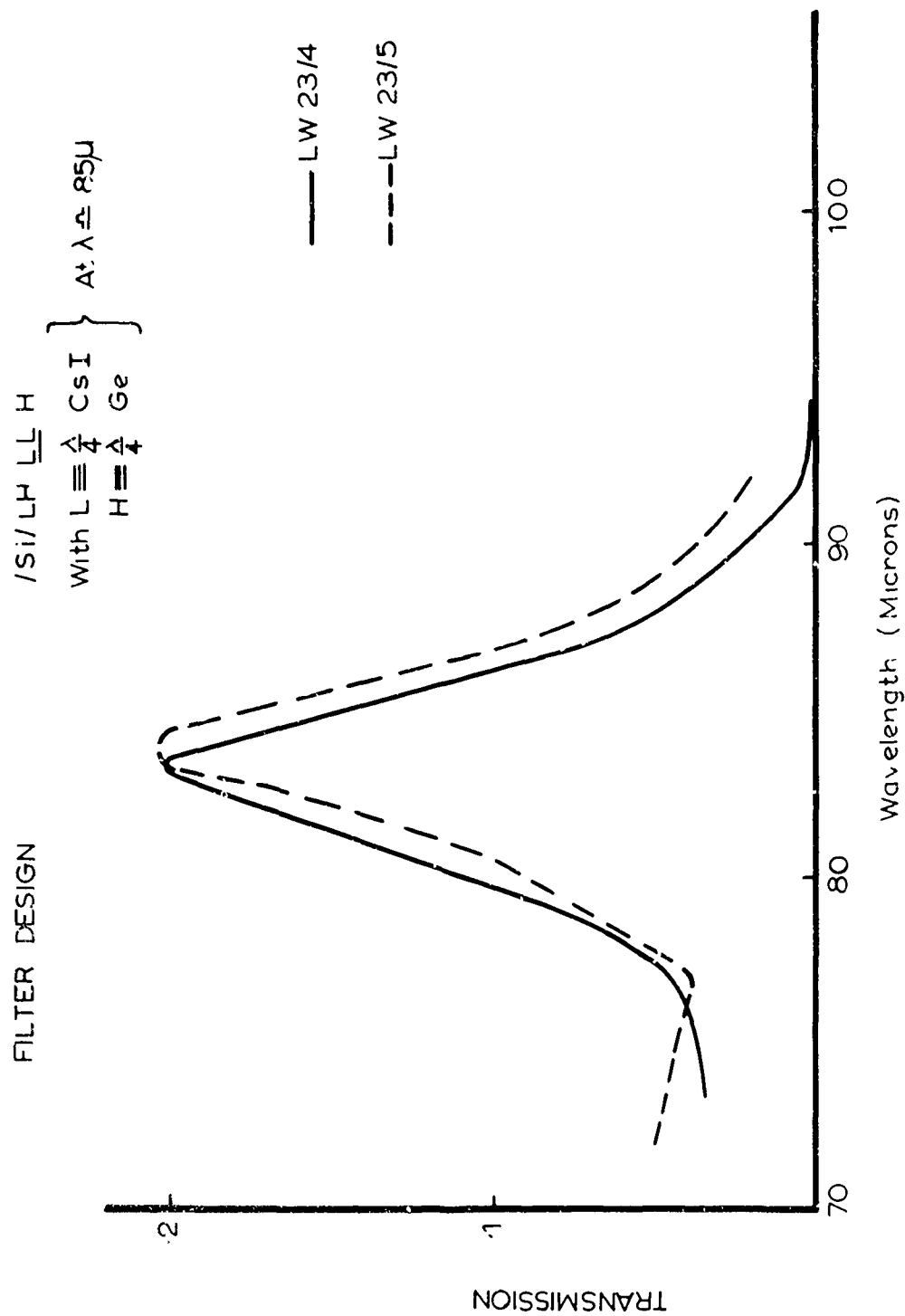


FIG. 4.20. MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF NARROW BAND PASS FILTERS LW 23/4 & LW 23/5

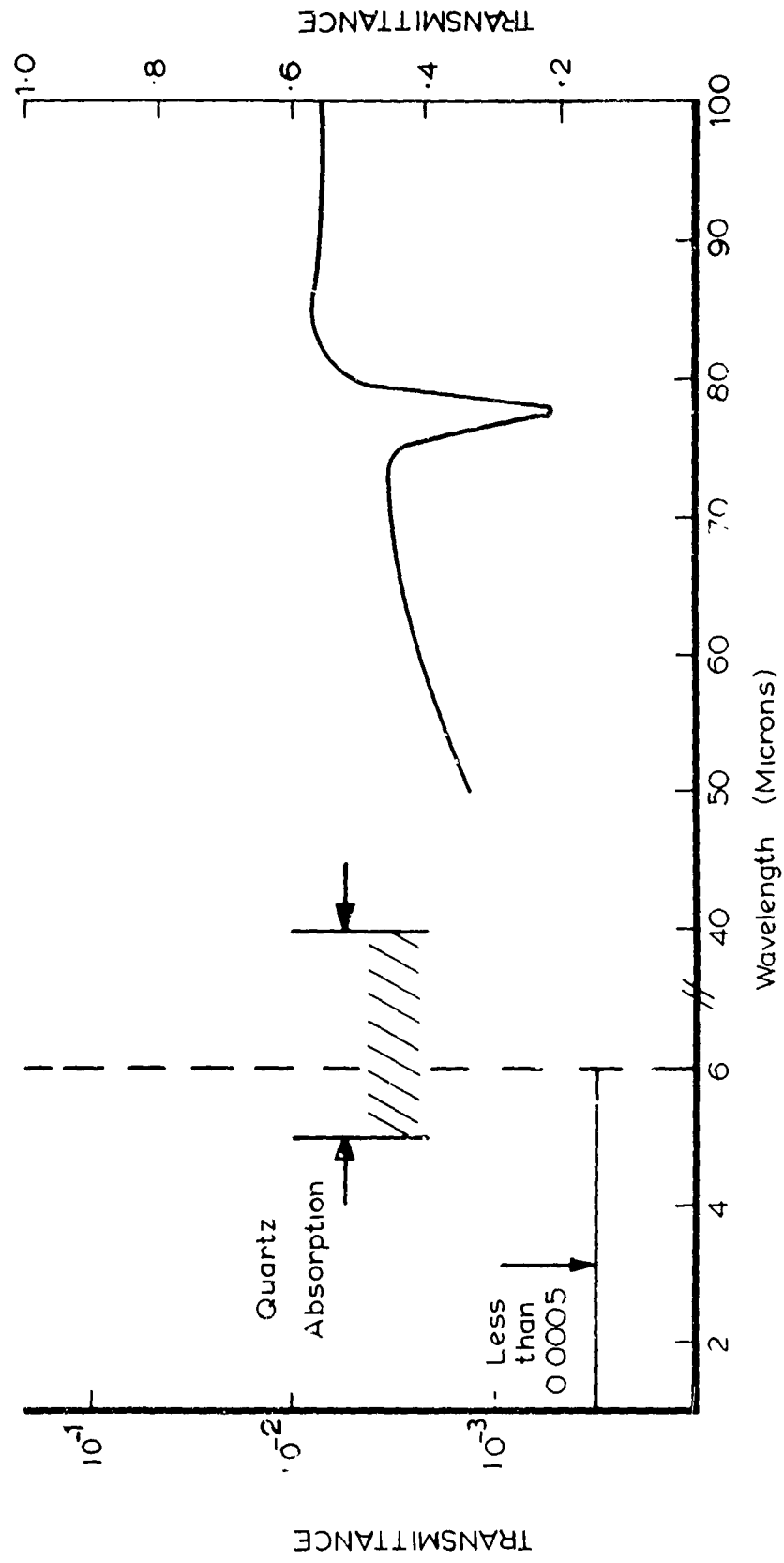


FIG. 4.21. TRANSMISSION OF QUARTZ LOW PASS FILTER AQ/2.



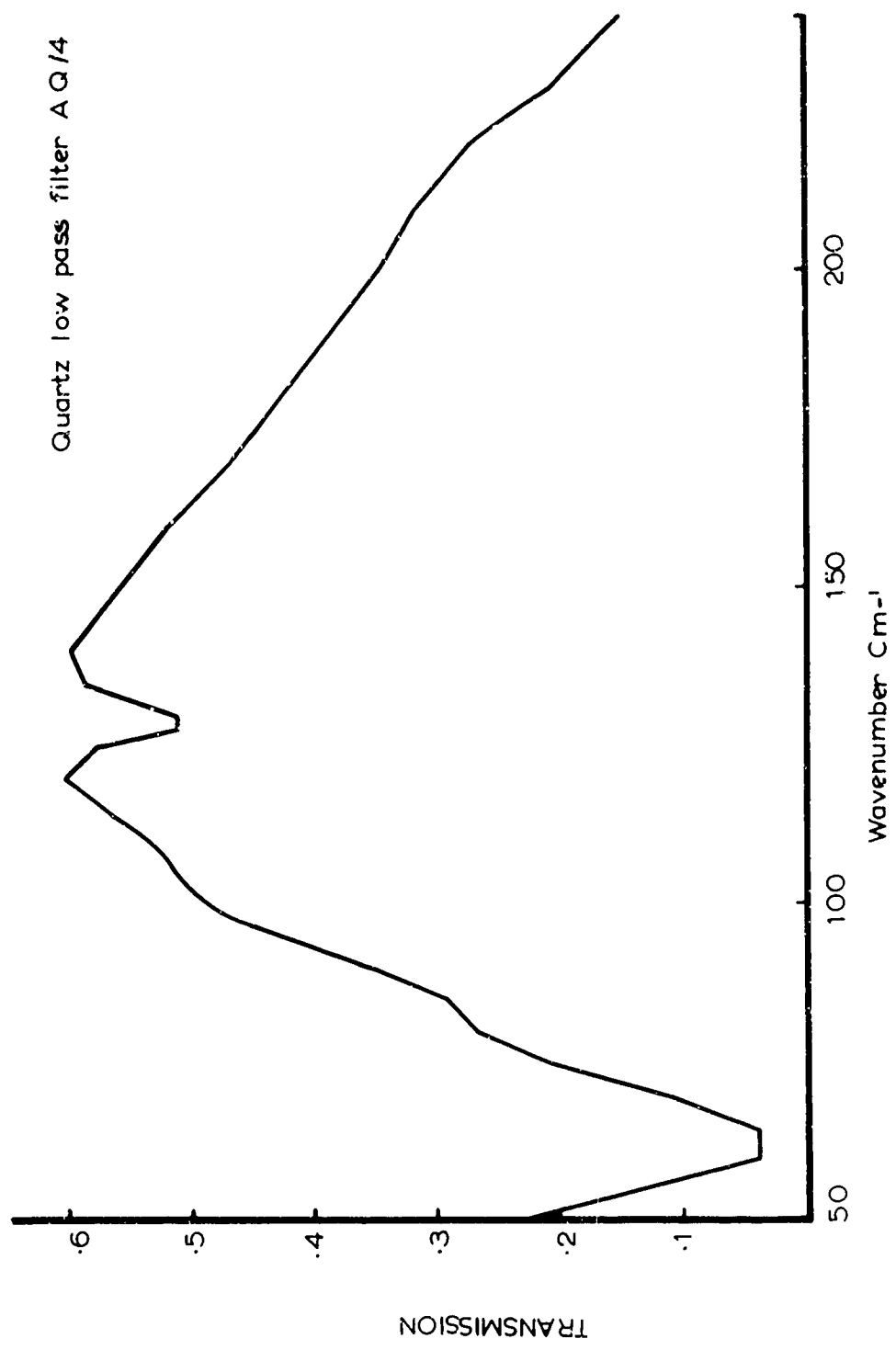


FIG.4.22. FAR INFRARED TRANSMISSION OF QUARTZ LOW PASS FILTER A Q / 4 AS MEASURED BY CUBE INTERFEROMETER. AT  $5 \text{ C}_m^{-1}$  RESOLUTION.

$L/S/1/2$  H L H L H L H L H  $\frac{5}{2}$  }  
 With  $L = \frac{4}{4}$  Cs I  $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{At } \lambda = 38\mu \\ H = \frac{4}{4} \text{ Ge} \end{array} \right\}$

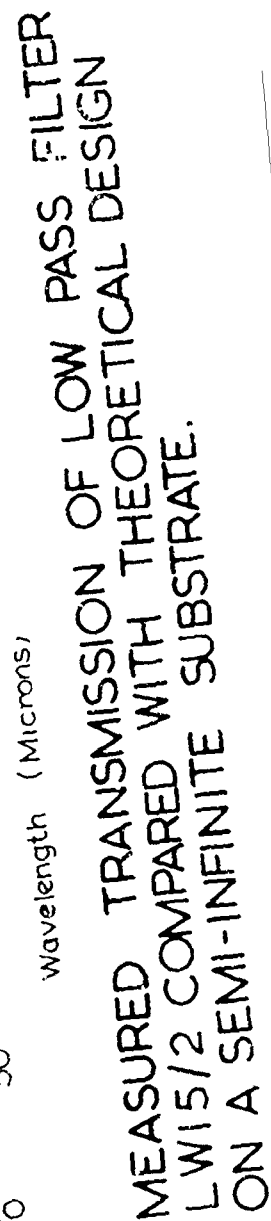


FIG 4.23.

FILTER LW26/2 DESIGN.       $L/S_1/\frac{1}{2}$  HL HL HL HL HL  $H \frac{5\lambda}{2}$   
 With  $L=\frac{\lambda}{4}$  CsI }  
            $H=\frac{\lambda}{4}$  Ge    } At  $\lambda \approx 45\mu$

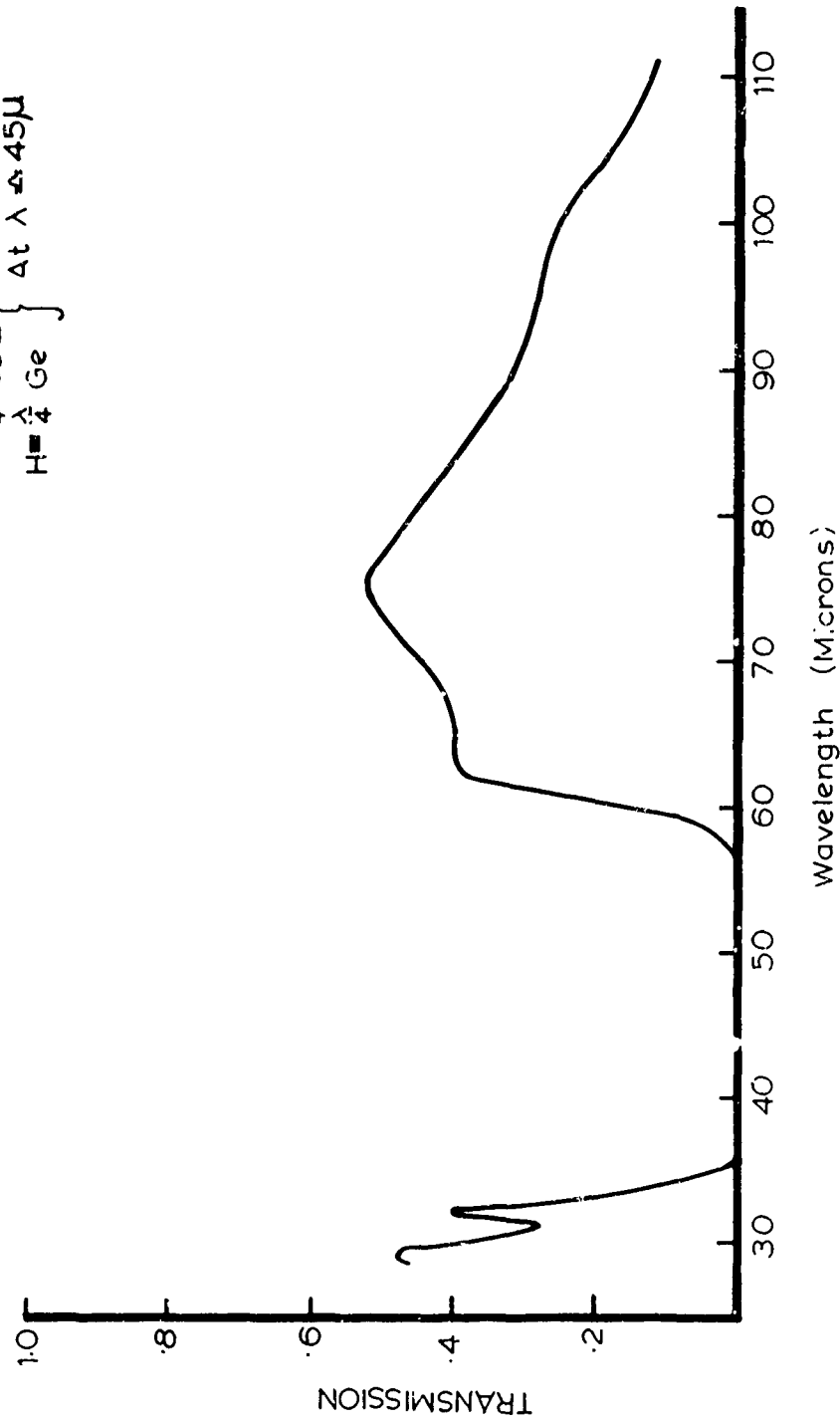


FIG. 4.24. MEASURED TRANSMISSION OF LOW PASS FILTER LW26/2 SHOWING EXTENT OF STOP REGION.

$\frac{H_1}{2} \quad L' \quad \frac{H_1}{2} \quad / \quad Si \quad / \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad H_1 \quad HL \quad HL \quad HL \quad H \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{H_1}{2} \quad L' \quad \frac{H_1}{2}$

FILTER DESIGN

With  $L \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4}$   $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{CsI} \\ \text{Ge} \end{array} \right\}$   $AT \lambda = 45\mu$   
 $H \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4}$   
 $L' \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4}$   $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{CsI} \\ \text{Ge} \end{array} \right\}$   $AT \lambda = 38\mu$   
 $H' \equiv \frac{\lambda}{4}$

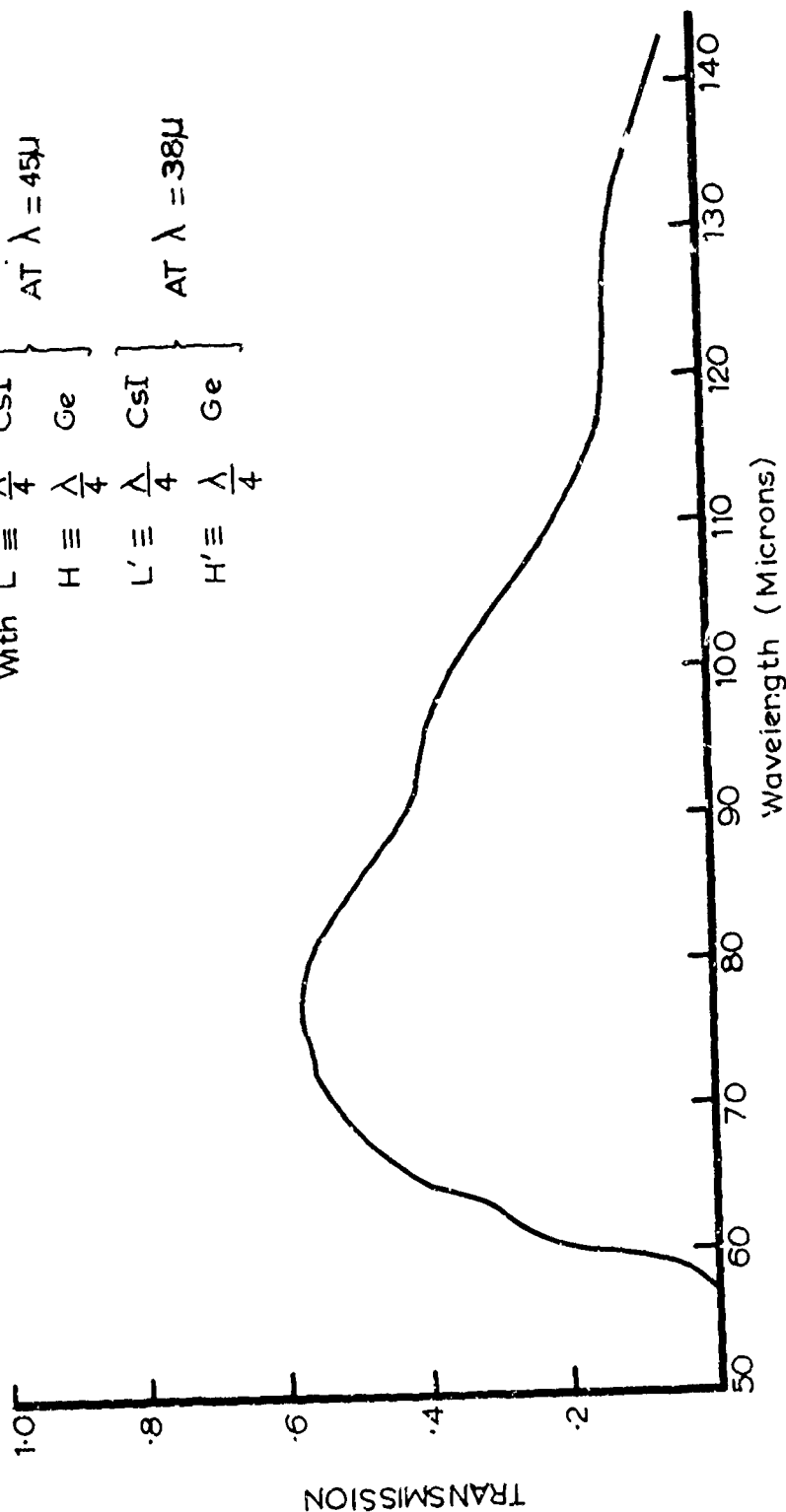
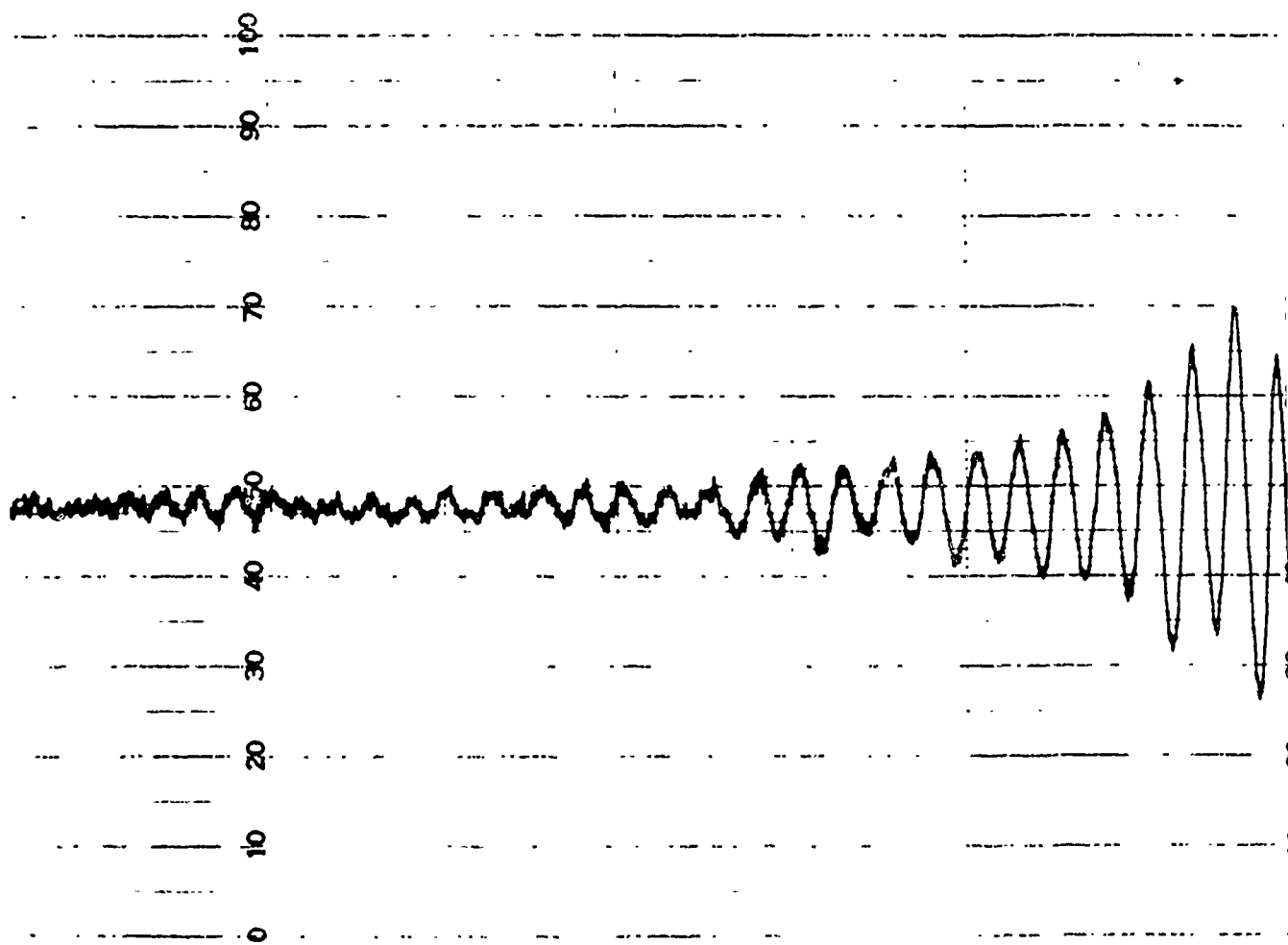


FIG. 4.25. TRANSMISSION OF LOW PASS FILTER LW28/1 AS MEASURED BY THE CUBE INTERFEROMETER



D. CALIFORNIA

GRAPH NO. 52

A

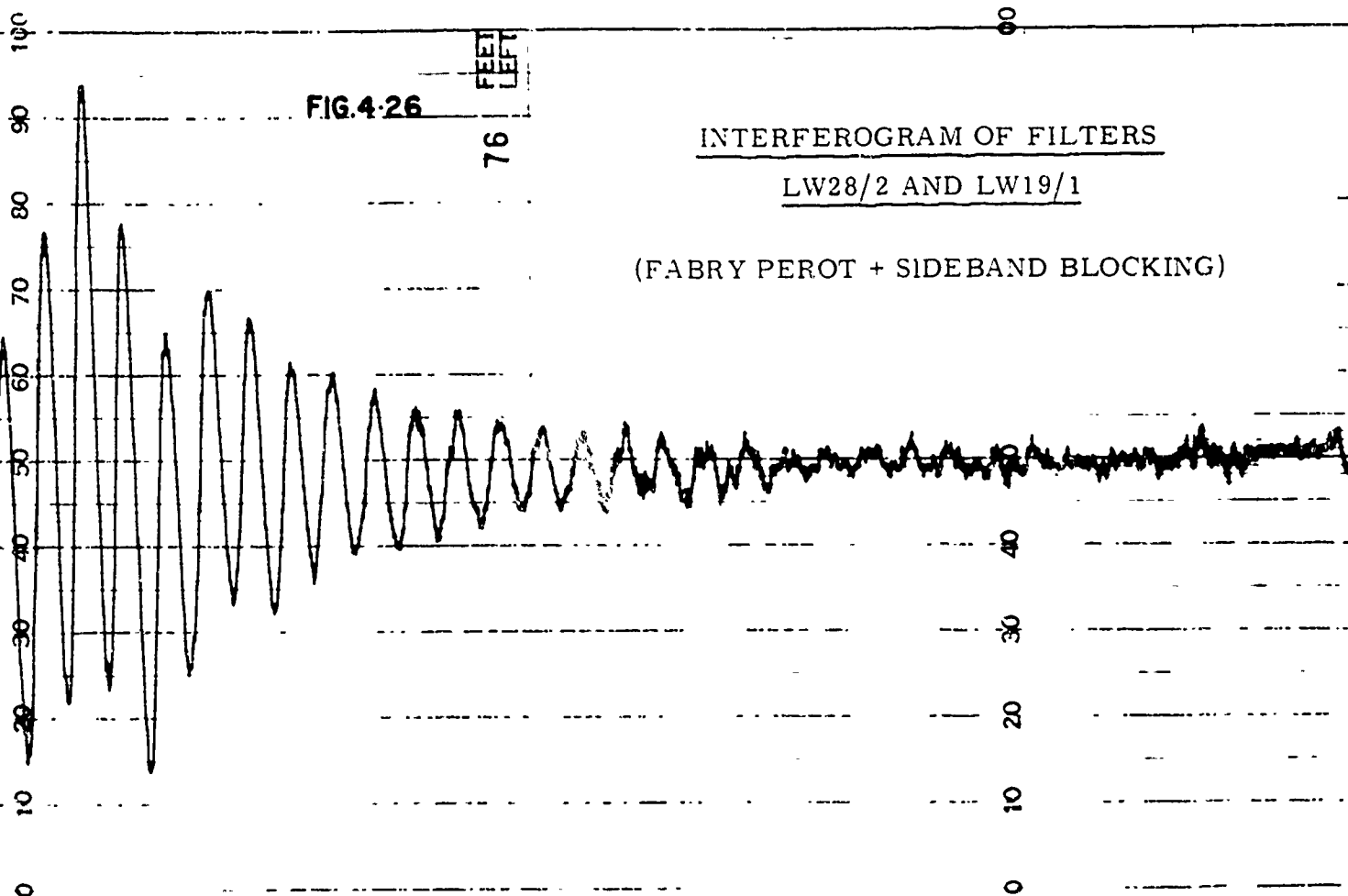
FIG. 4-26

FEET  
LEFT  
76

INTERFEROGRAM OF FILTERS

LW28/2 AND LW19/1

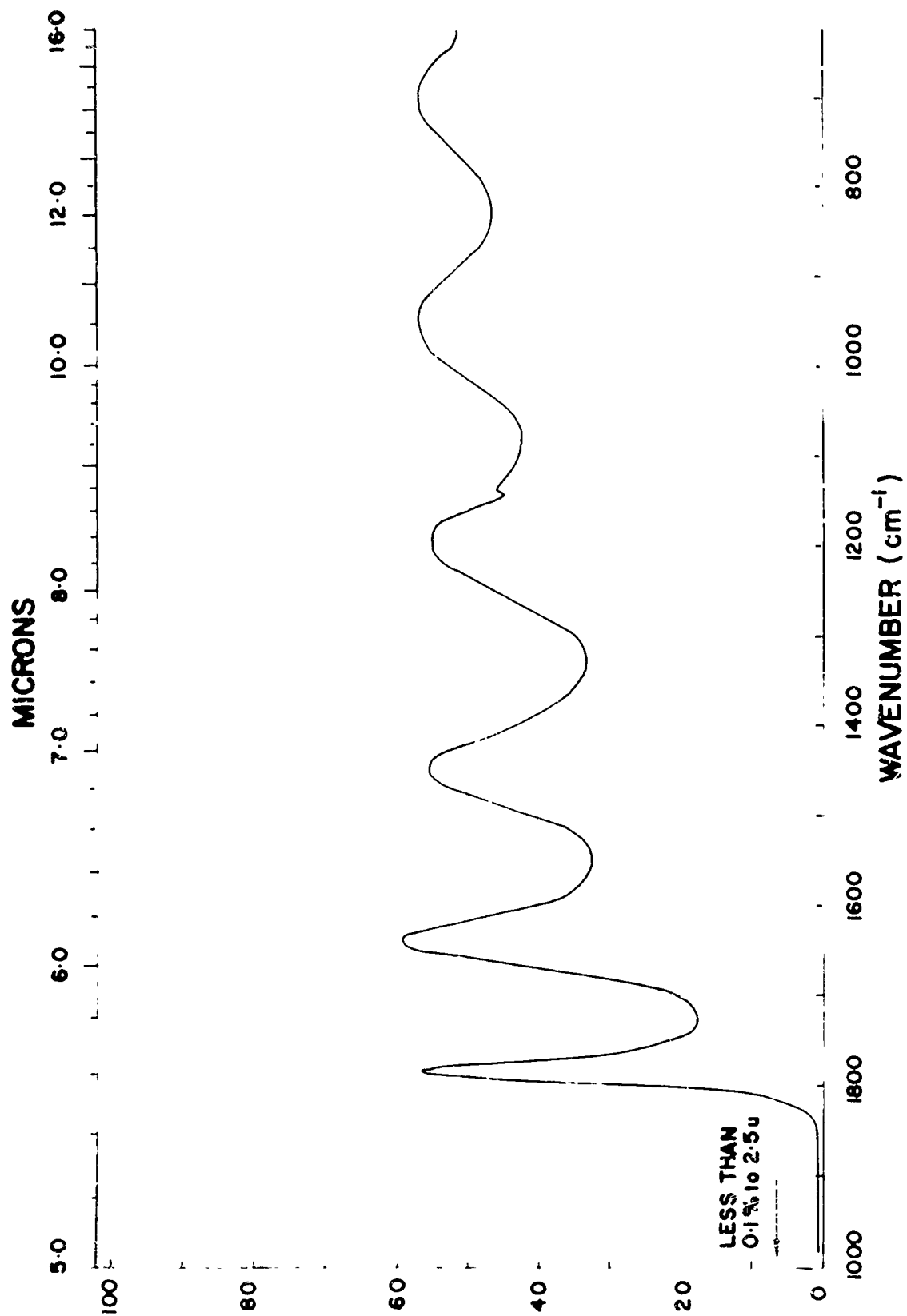
(FABRY PEROT + SIDEBAND BLOCKING)



MESCO INSTRUMENTS, DIVISION OF DATAPULSE INCORPORATED INGLEWOOD CALIFORNIA

GRAPH NO 5R

(12)



**FIG. 4-28 SHORTWAVE TRANSMISSION OF 16 LAYER PbTe/ZnS  
BLOCKING STACK (on Ge)**

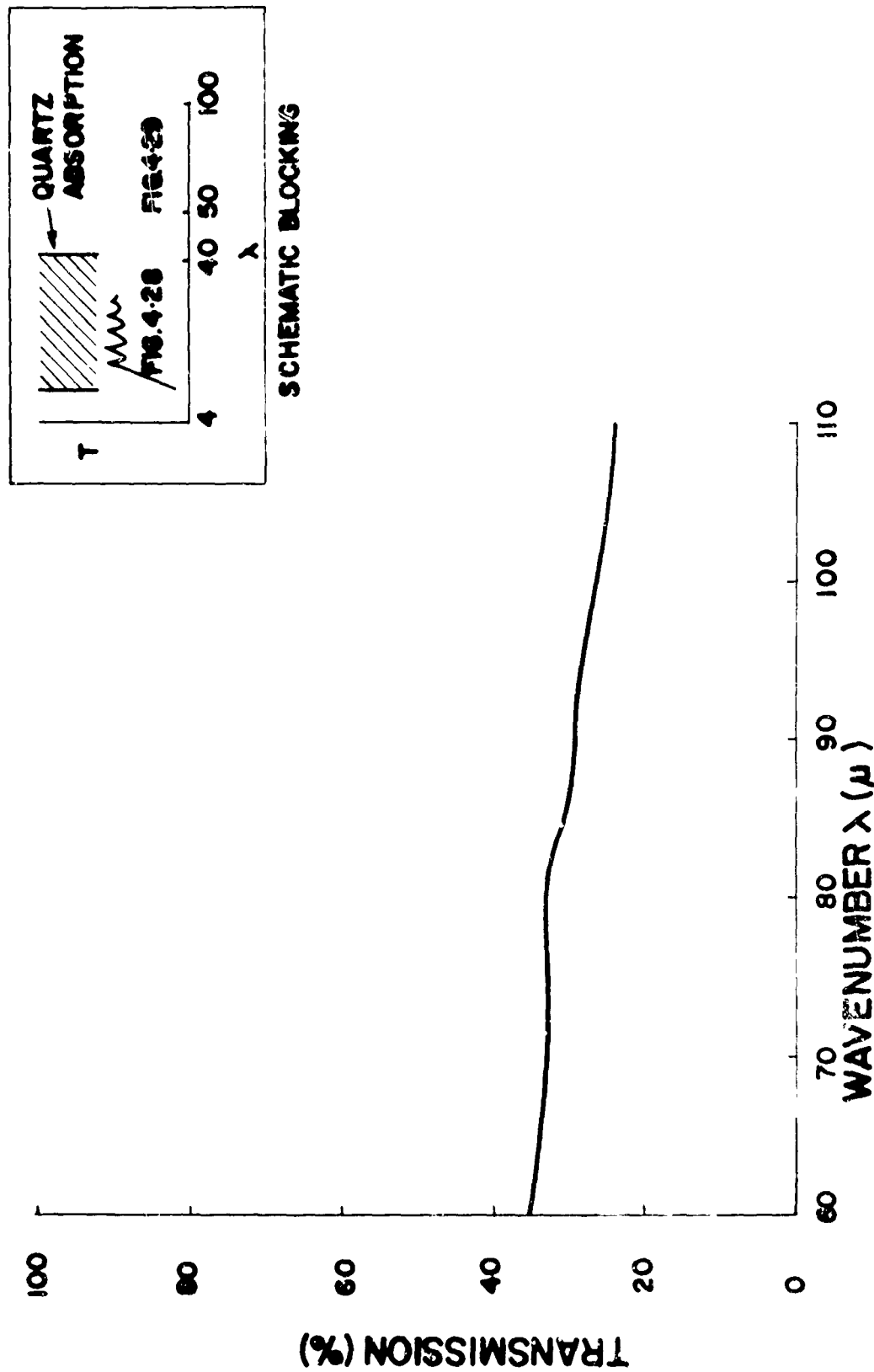
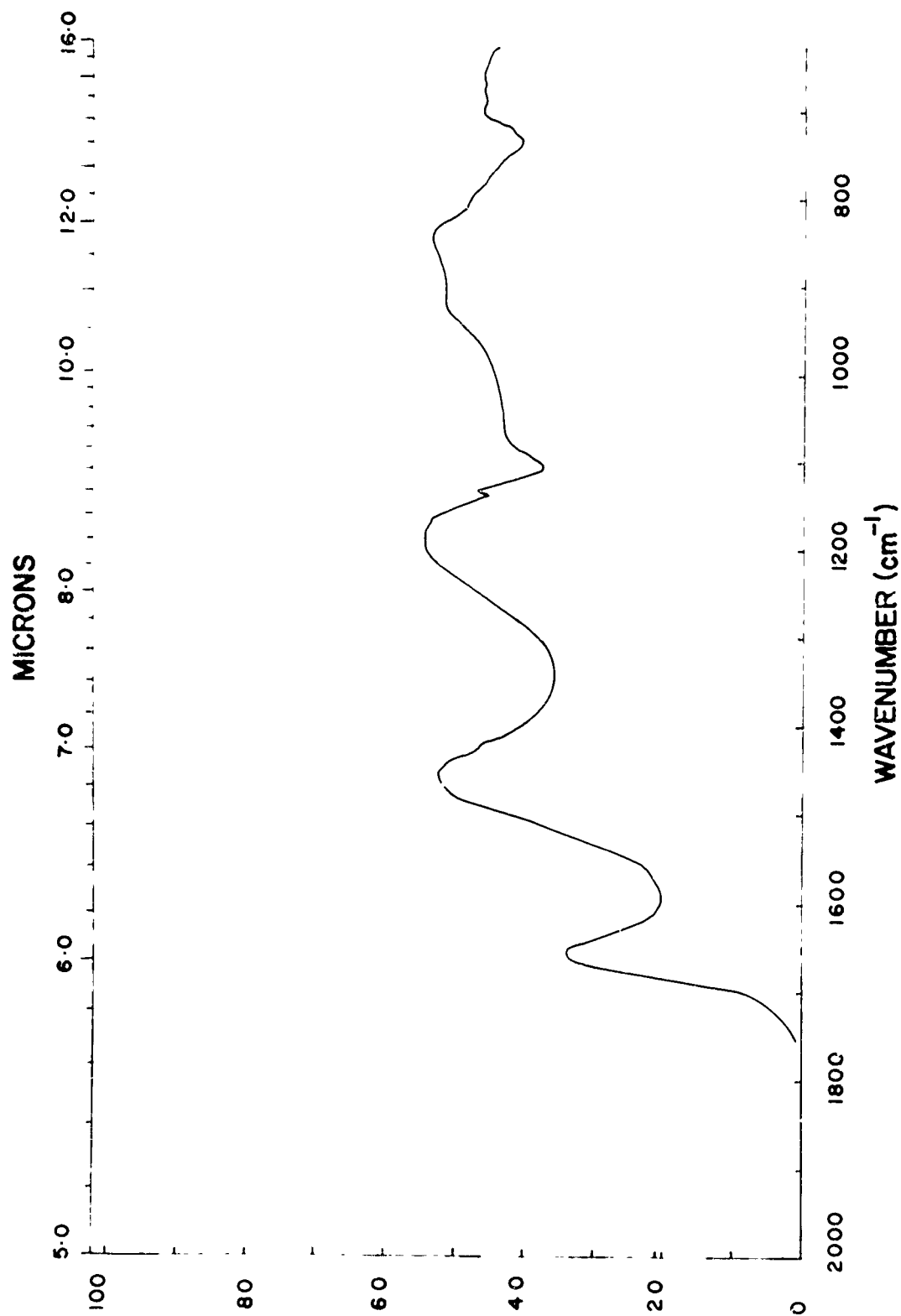


FIG. 4-29 LONGWAVE TRANSMITTANCE of PbTe/ZnS STACK





**FIG. 4-30 SHORTWAVE TRANSMISSION OF 12 LAYER PbTe/CsI  
STACK (on Si)**

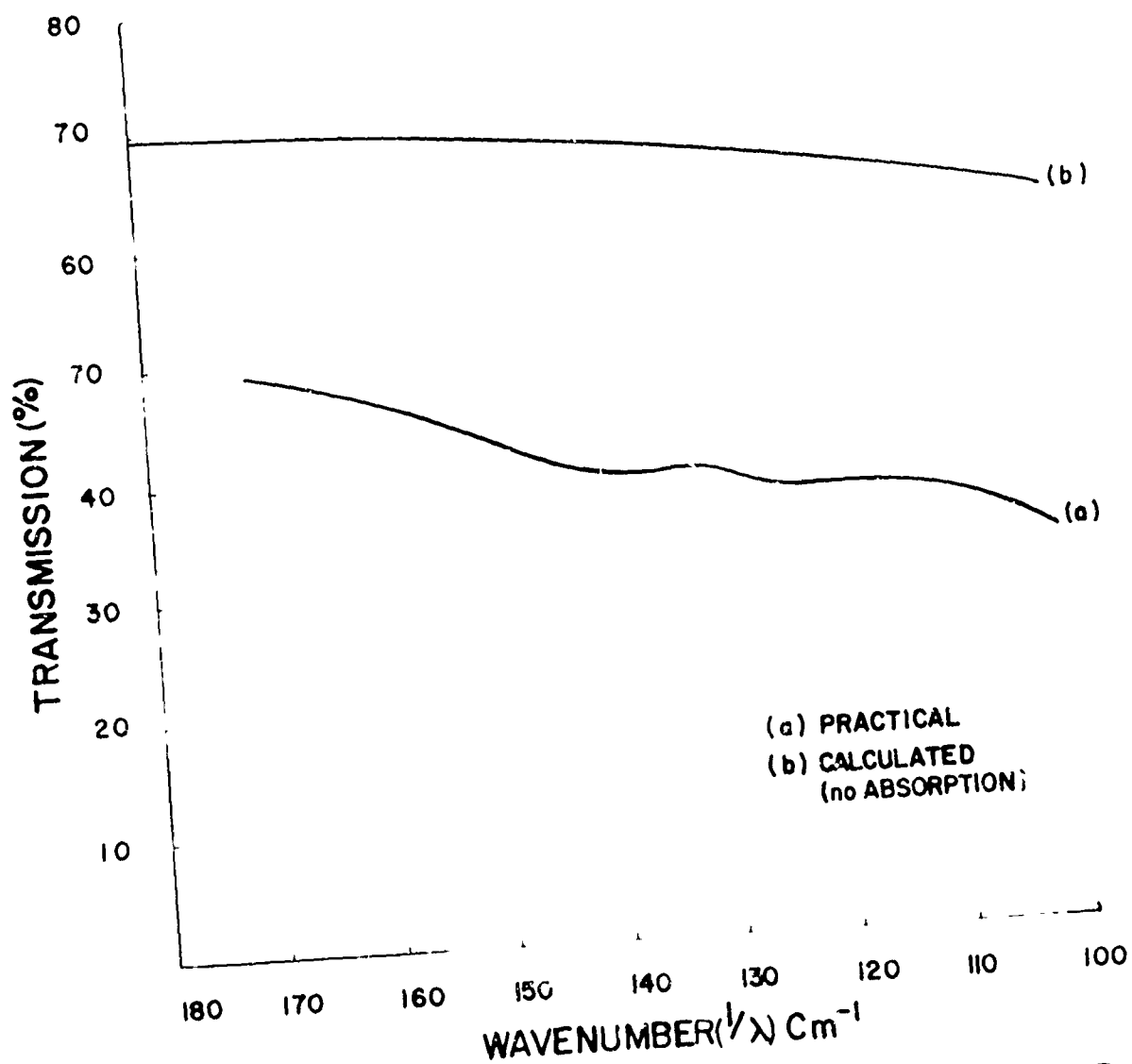


FIG. 4-31 LONGWAVE TRANSMISSION of Pb Te/CsI  
STACK NO. 048/1

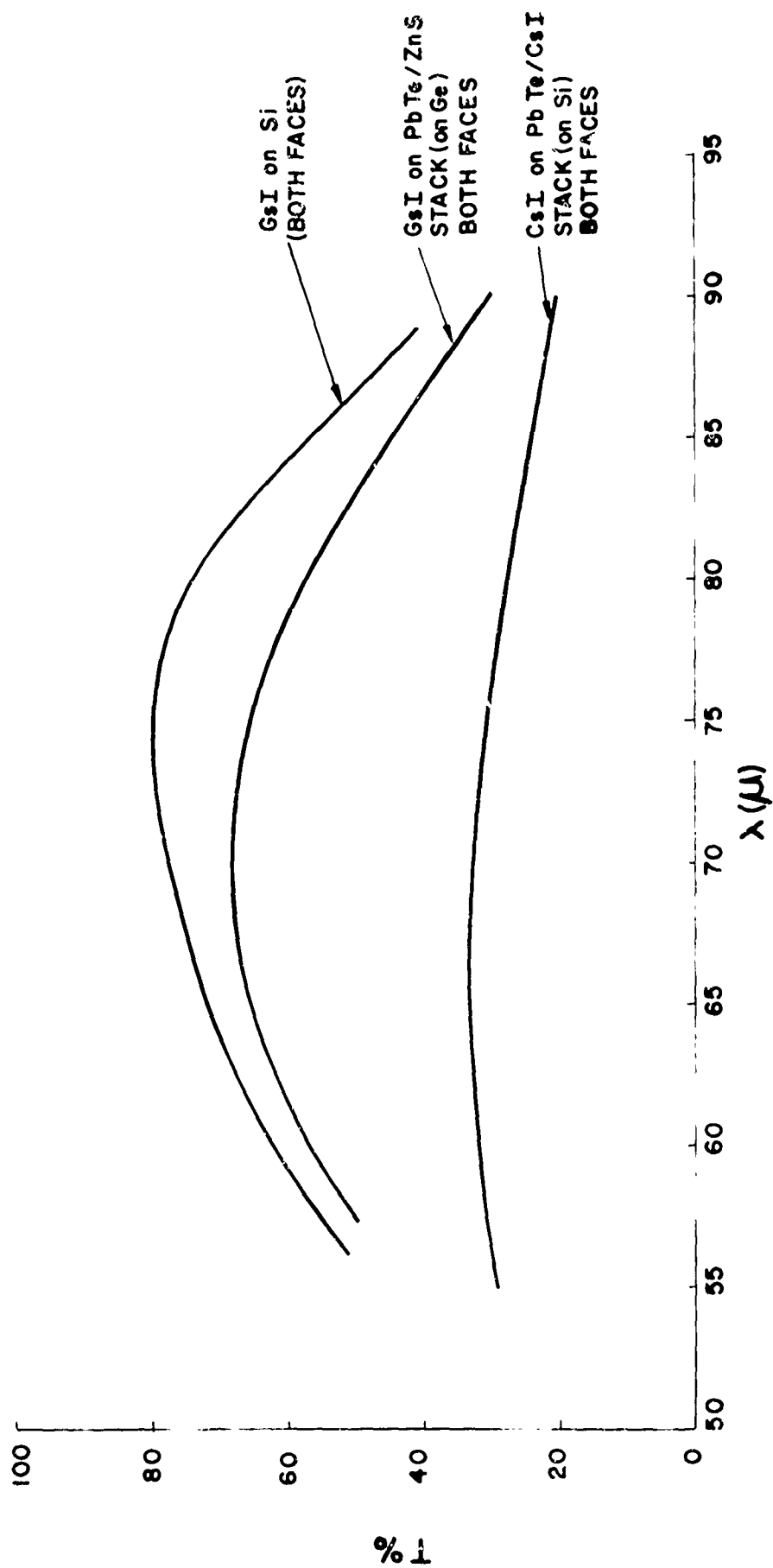
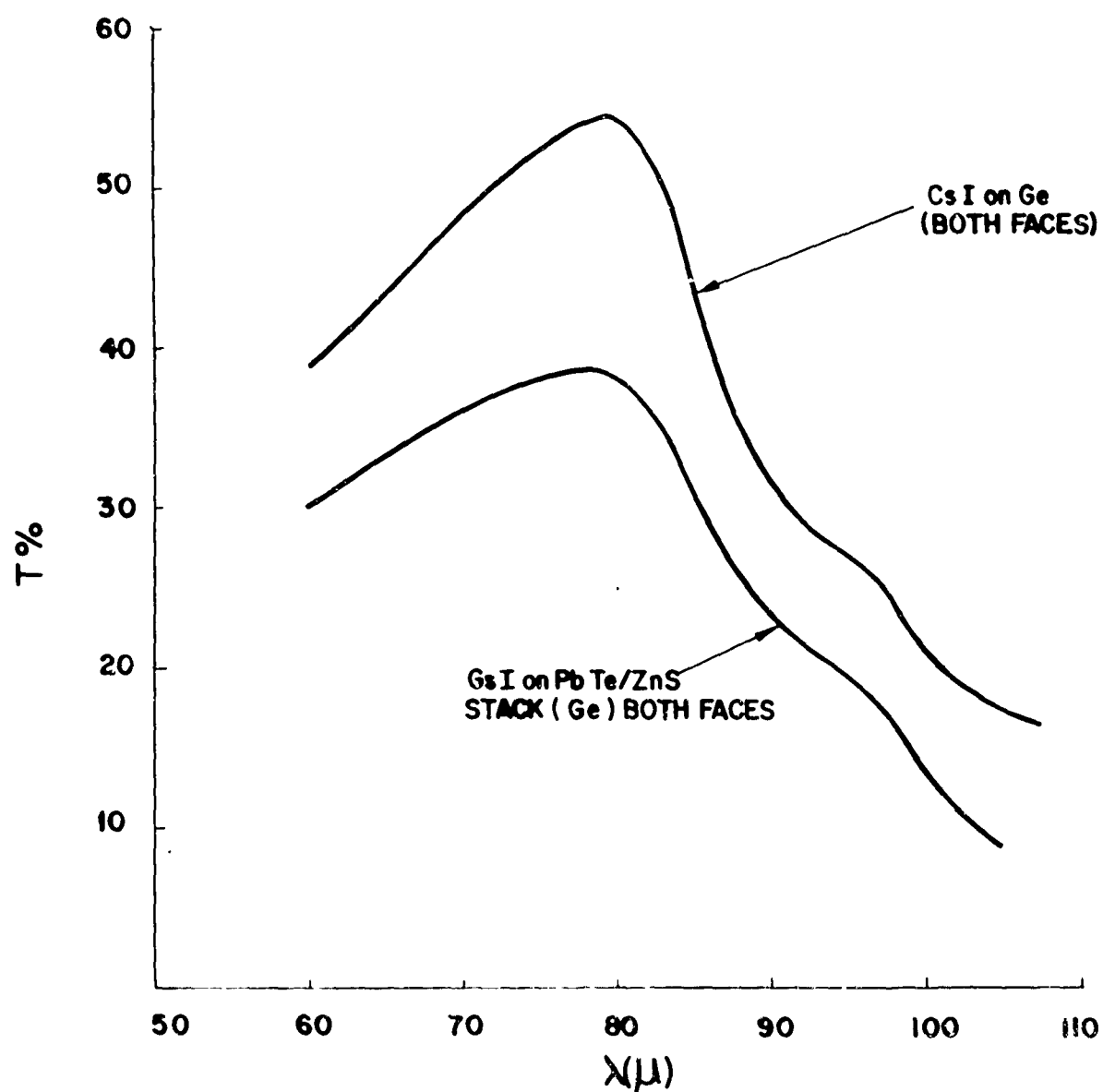
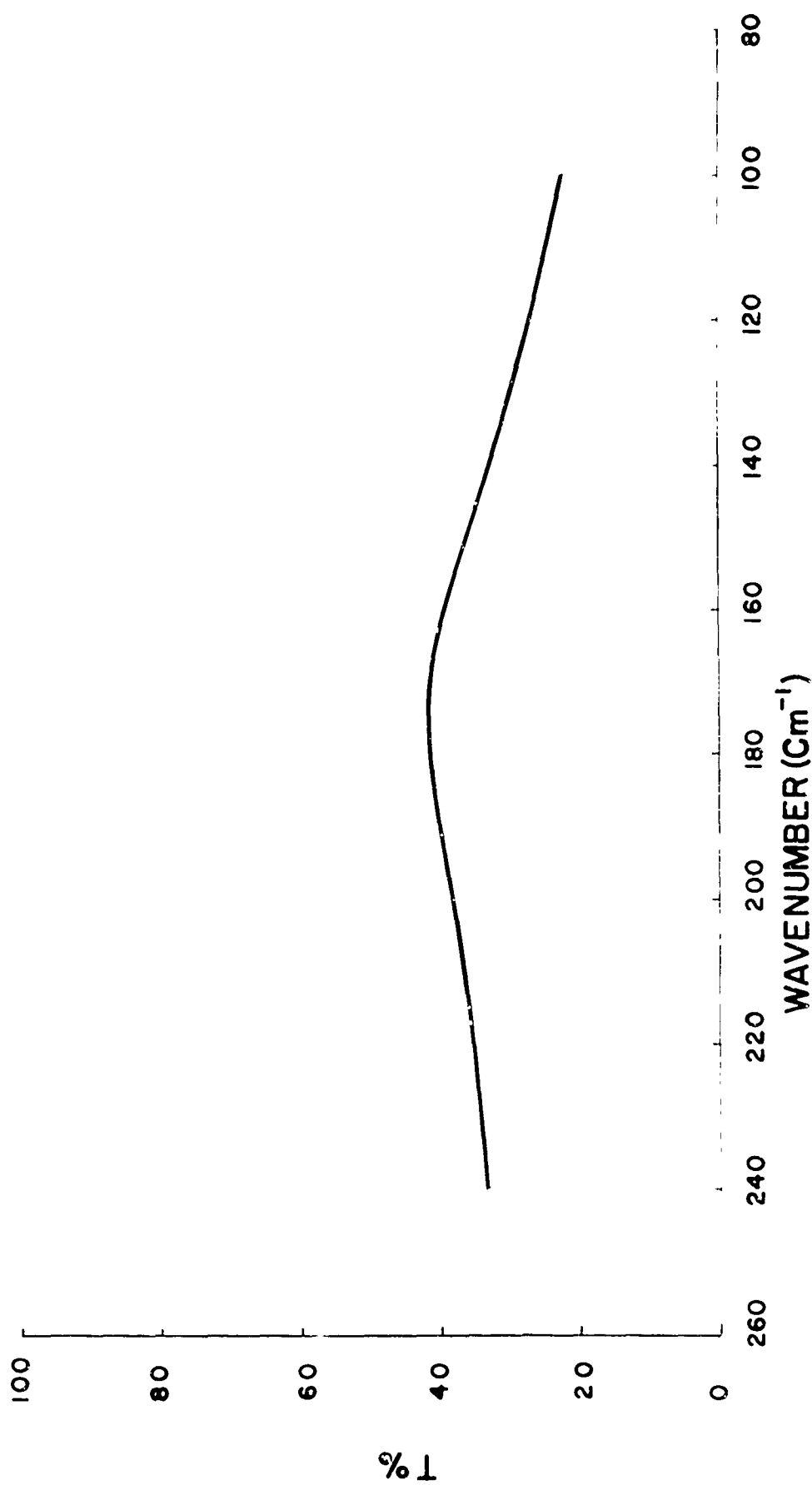


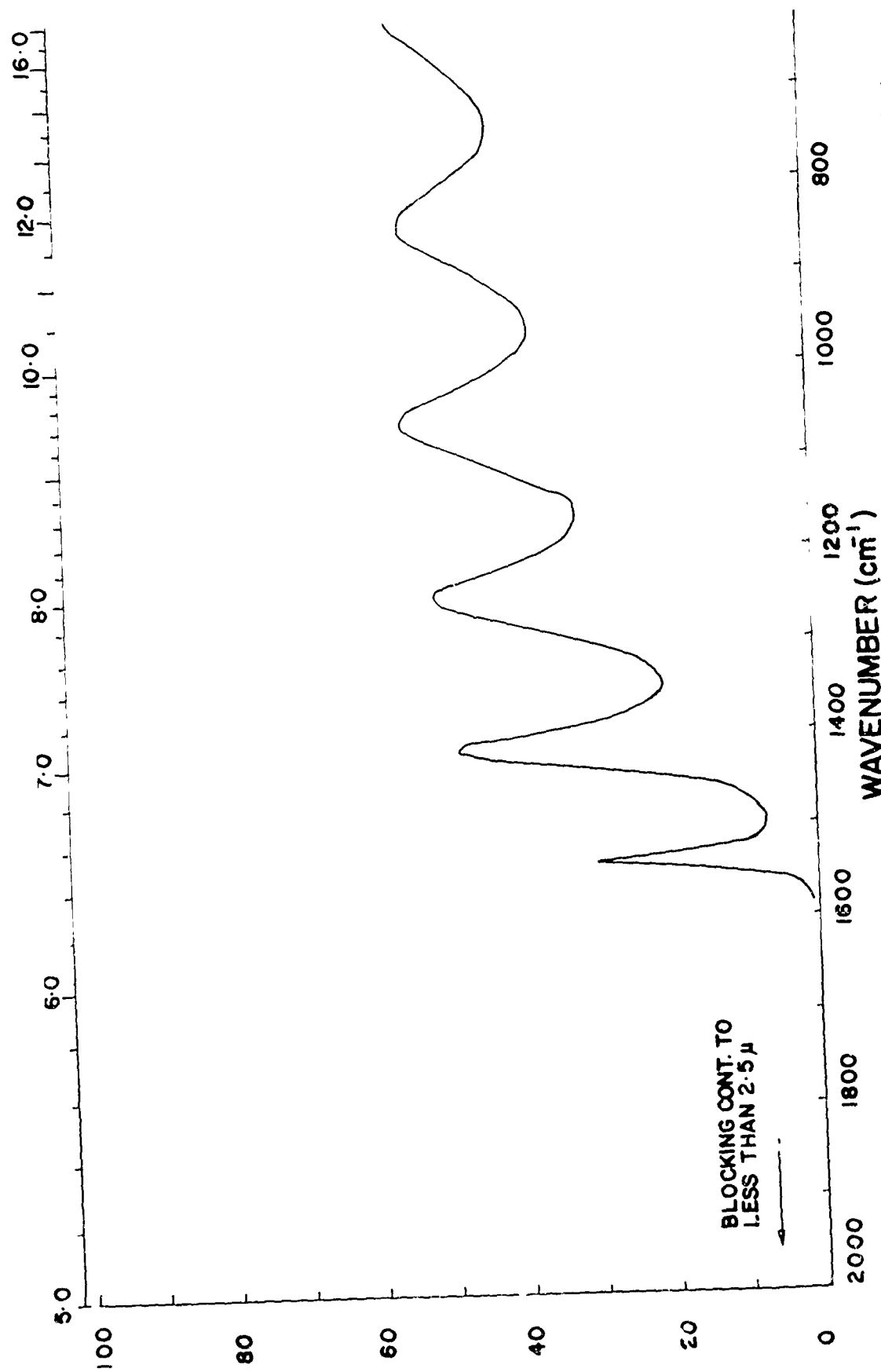
FIG. 4-32 CsI ANTIREFLECTION at 75 $\mu$   
(27 QWOT at 3.93 $\mu$ )



**FIG. 4-33 Cs I ANTIREFLECTION at 85 $\mu$   
(33 QWOT at 3.93 $\mu$ )**



**FIG 4-34 LONGWAVE TRANSMITTANCE of 16 LAYER  
Pb Te/Cs Br STACK (WITHOUT ANTIREFLECTION)**



**FIG. 4-35 SHORTWAVE TRANSMISSION of Pb Te/CsBr STACK**

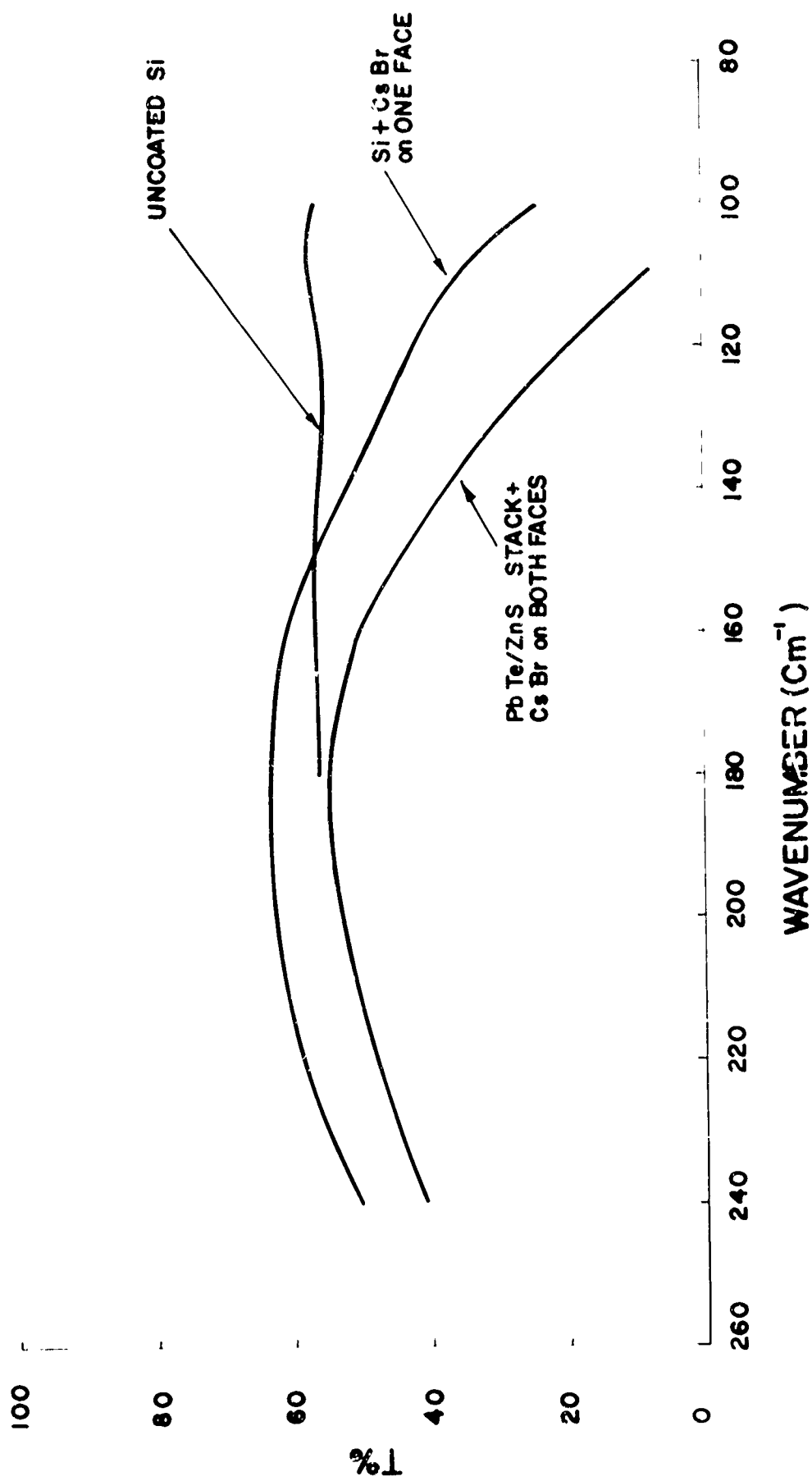


FIG. 4-36 CsBr ANTIREFLECTION (19 QWOT at 3.93  $\mu$ )

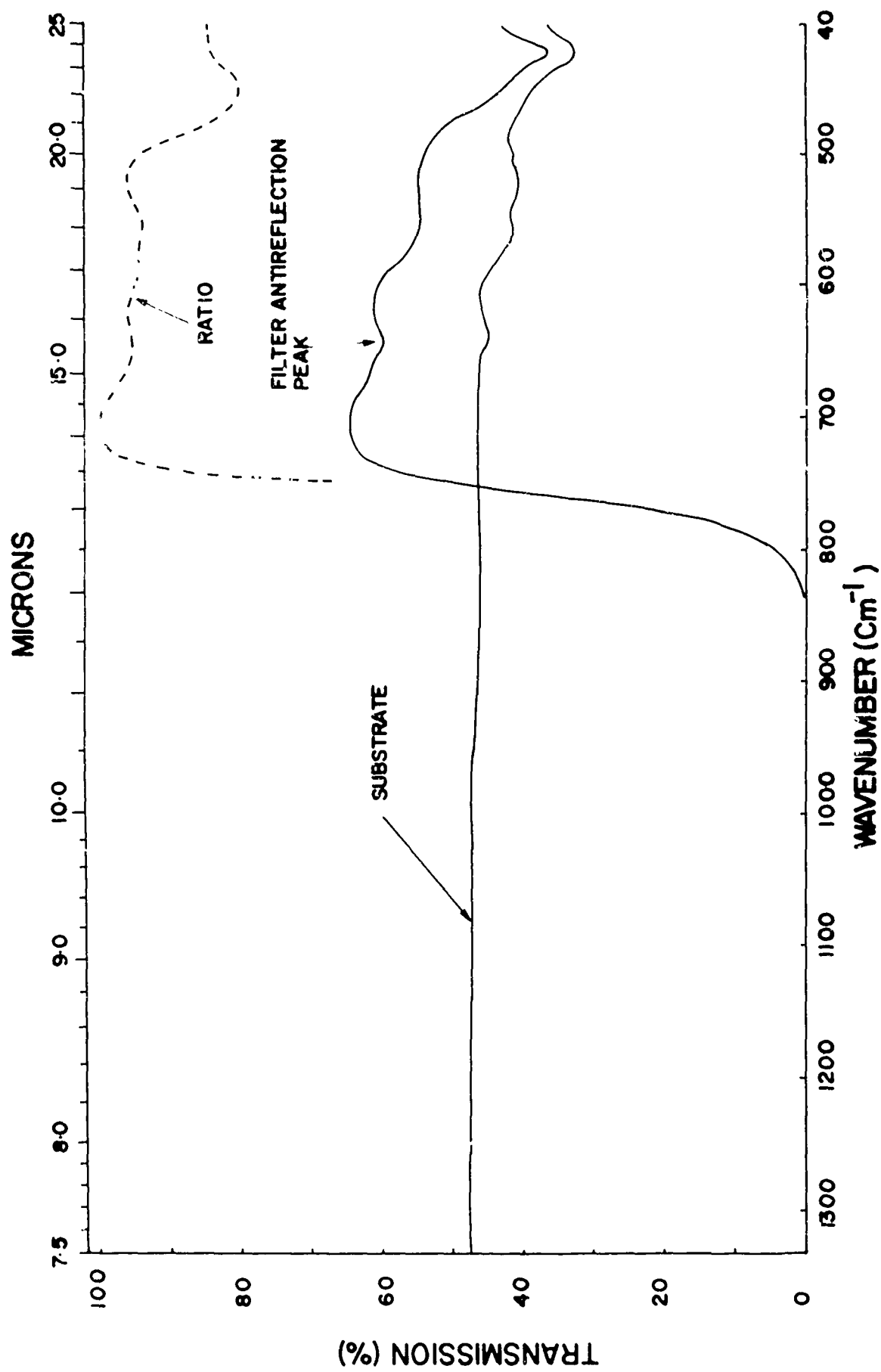


FIG. 4-37 EQUAL-RIPPLE PbTe / ZnS LOWPASS FILTER



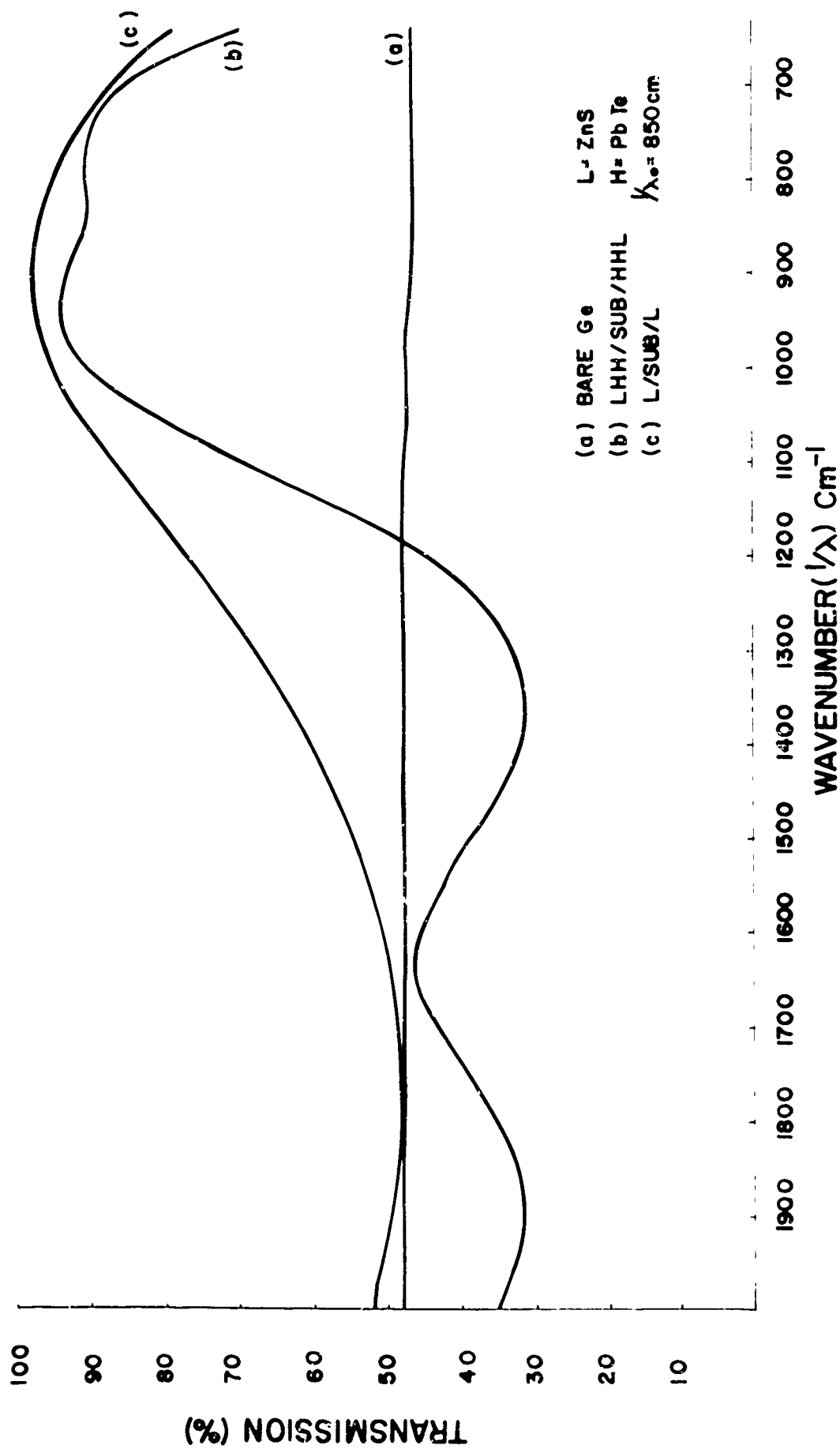
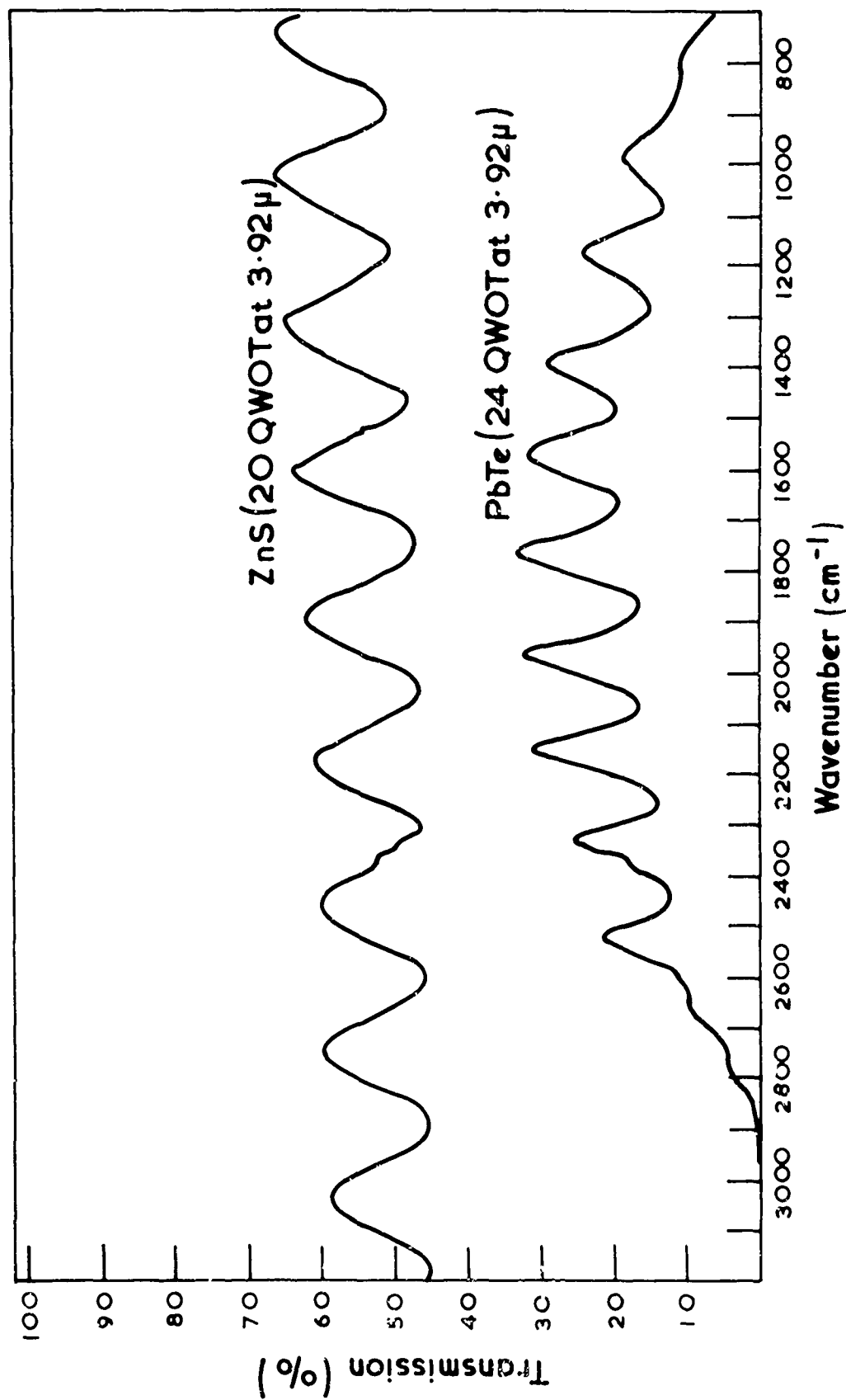


FIG. 4-38 ANTIREFLECTION of GERMANIUM



**Fig: 4.39 TRANSMISSION OF PbTe AND ZnS COLLECTED SEPARATELY DURING A FILTER DEPOSITION**

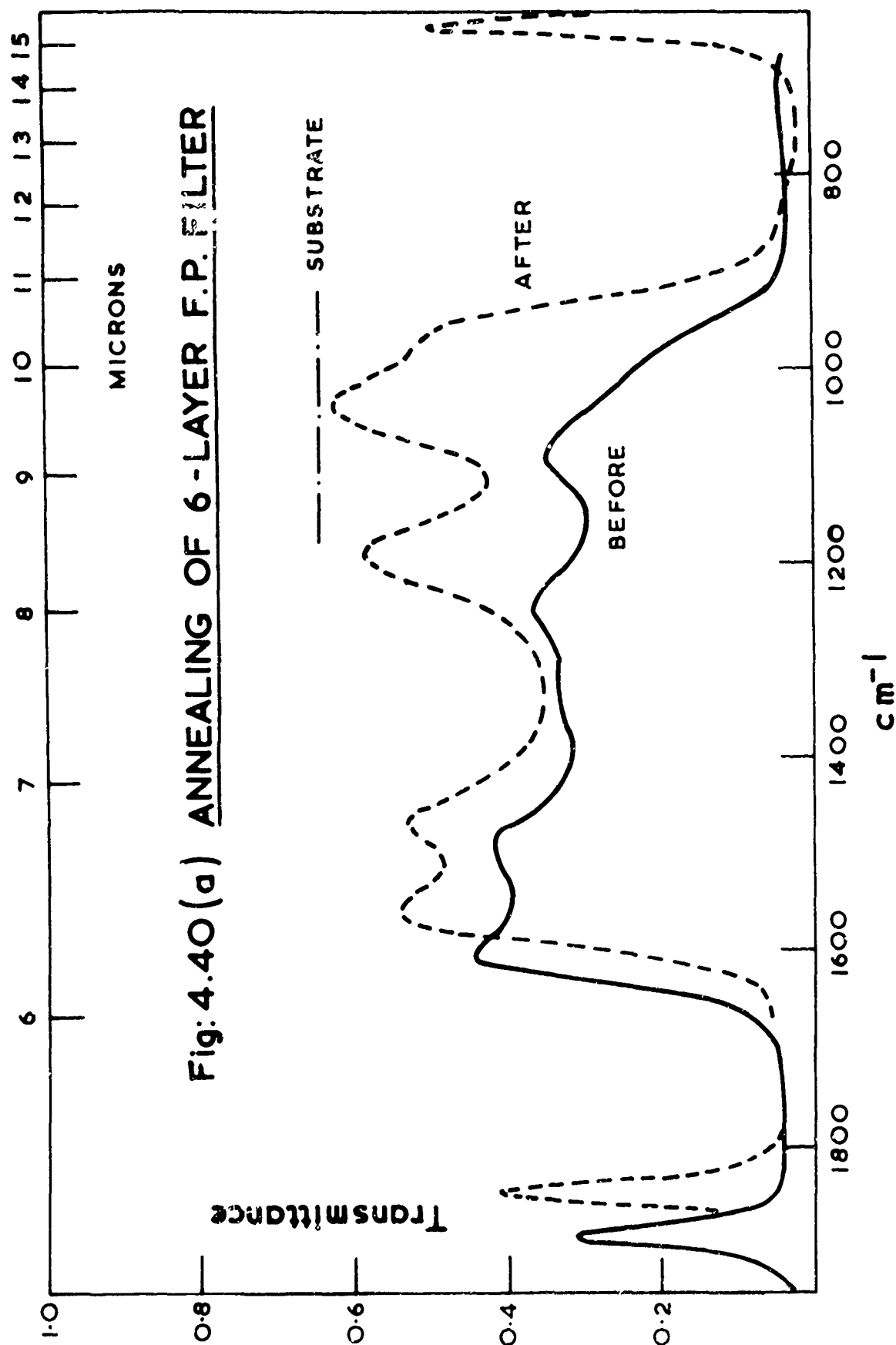


Fig: 4.40 (a) ANNEALING OF 6-LAYER F.P. FILTER

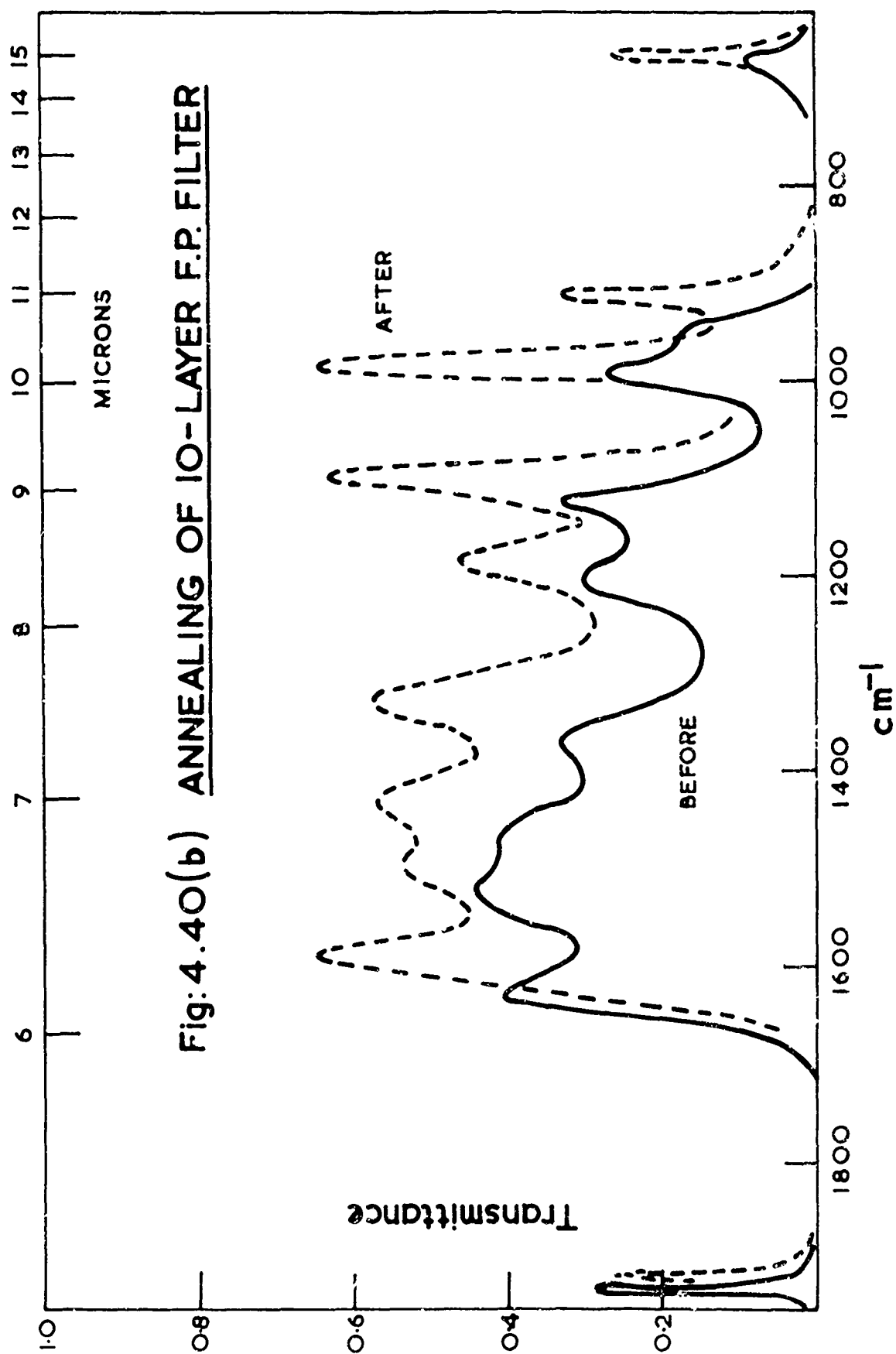
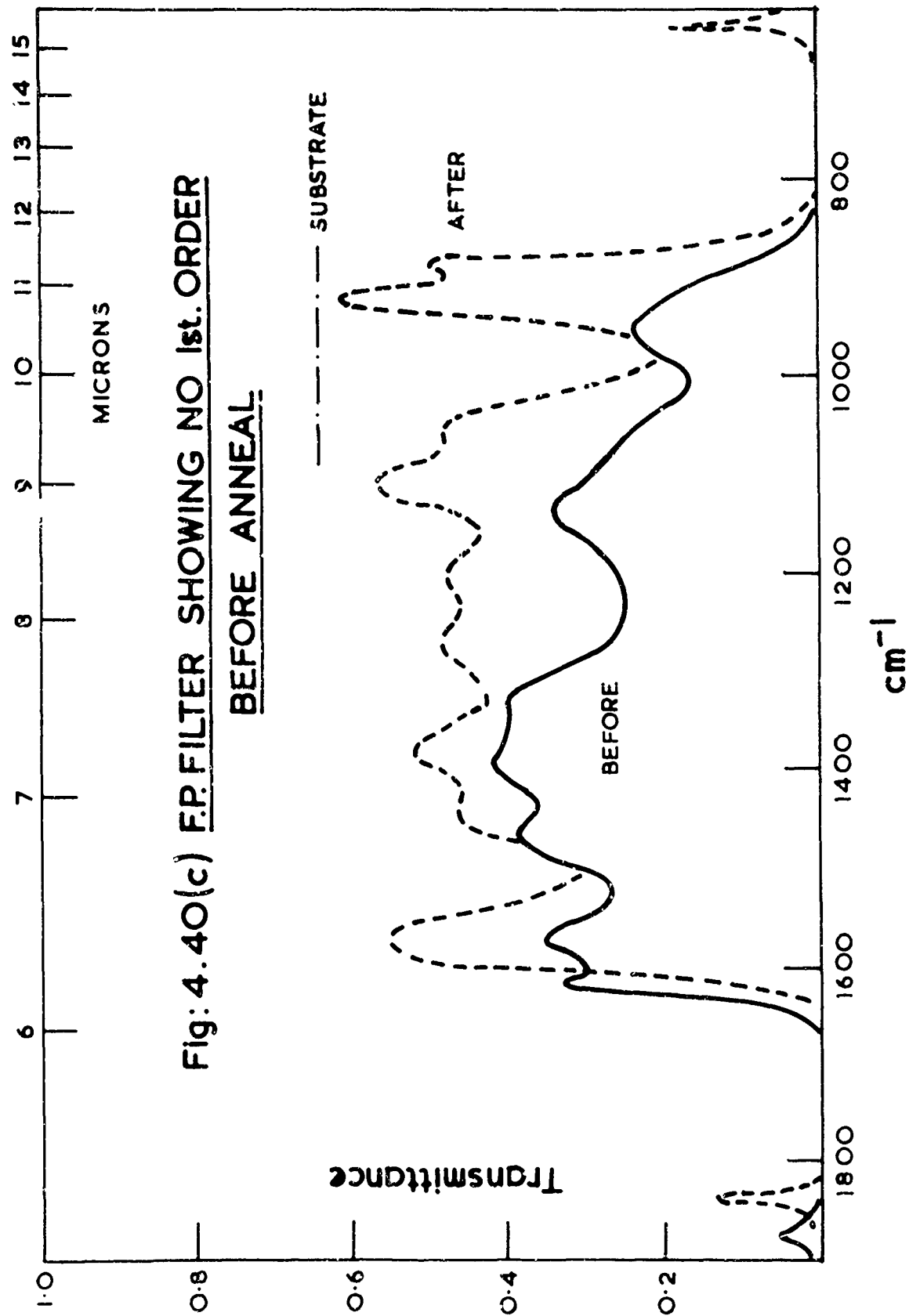


Fig: 4.40(b) ANNEALING OF 10-LAYER F.P. FILTER



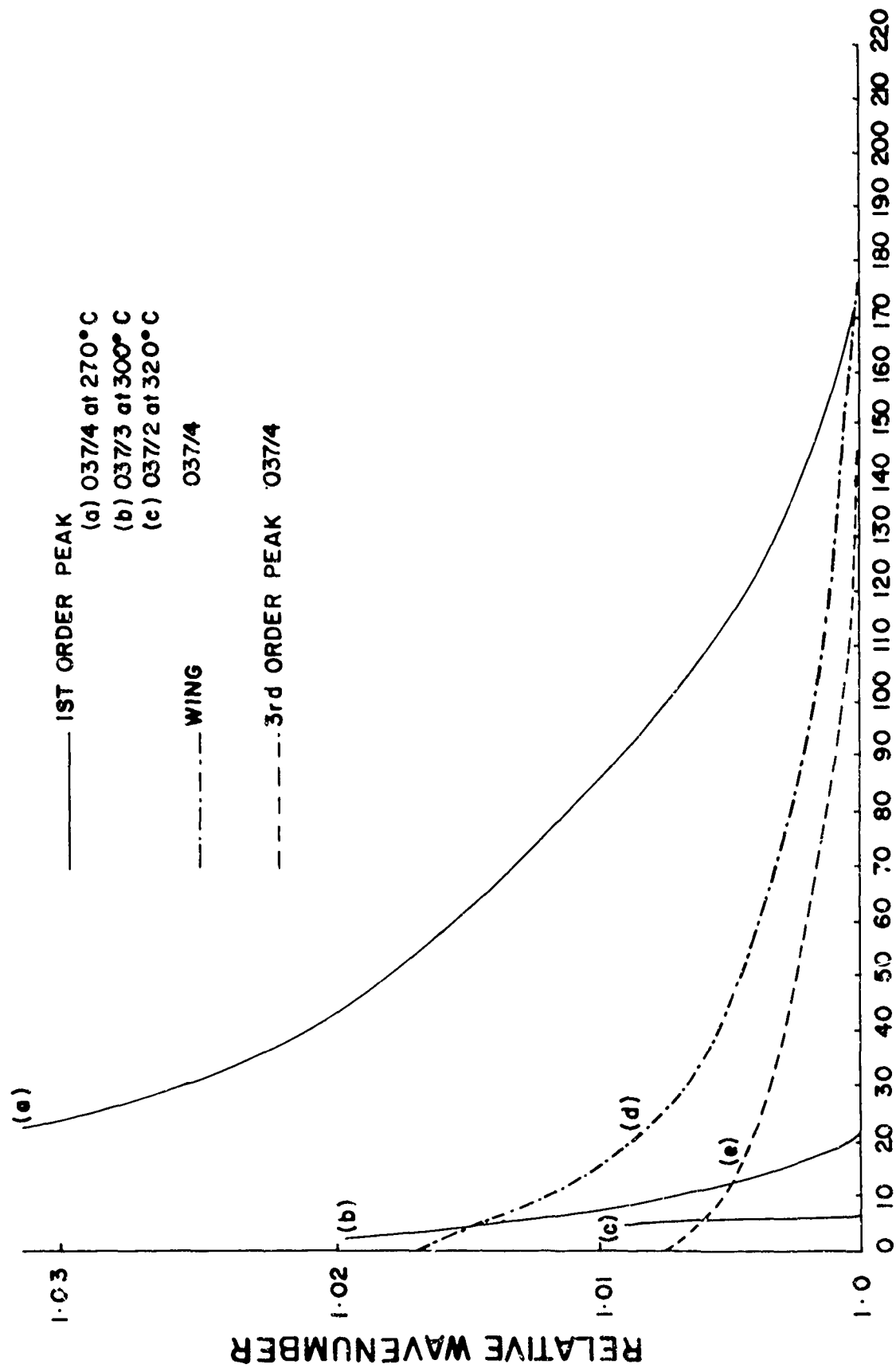


FIG. 4.41 (a) SPECTRAL SHIFT of F.P. PEAKS at VARIOUS TEMPERATURES

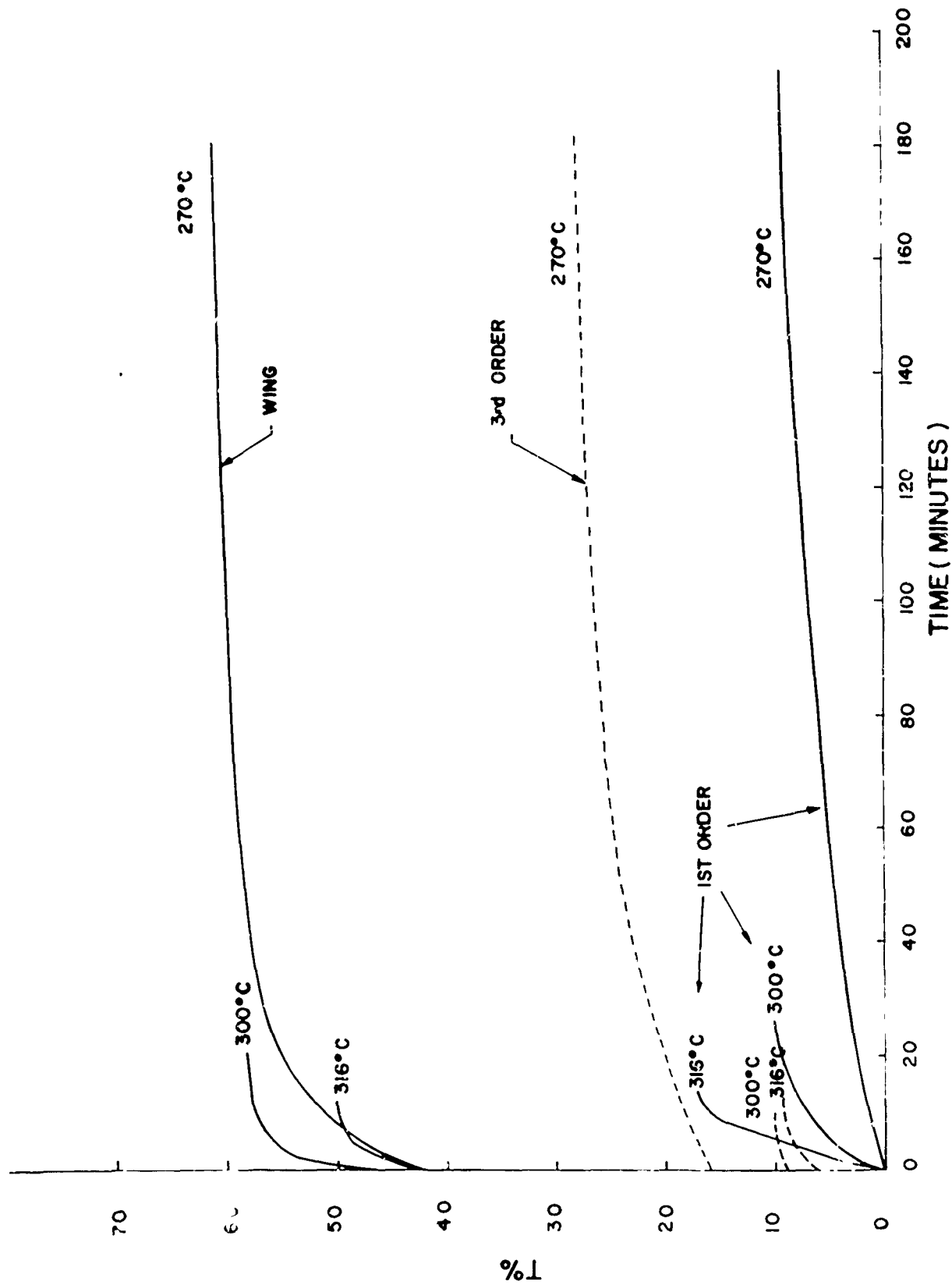
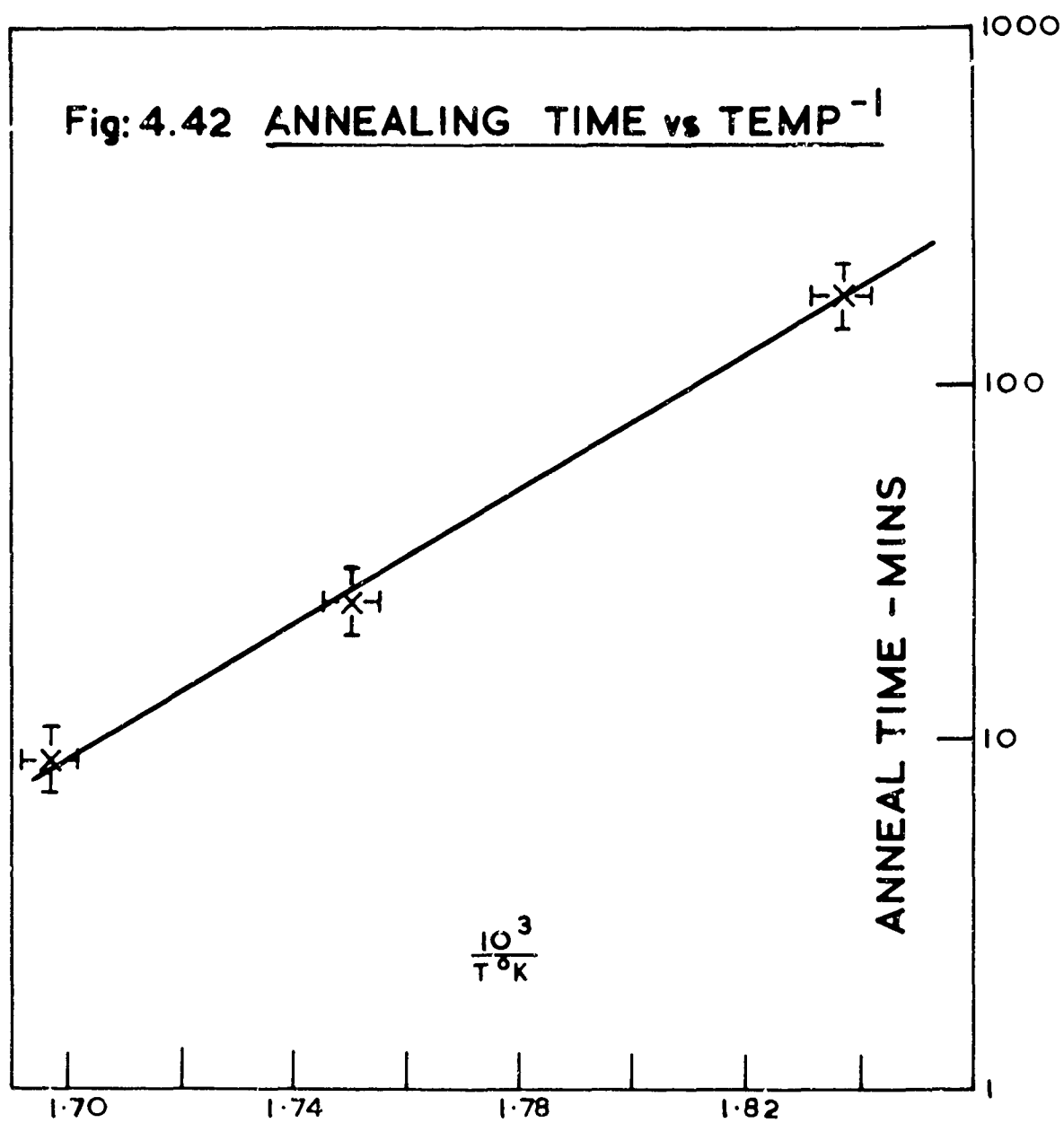
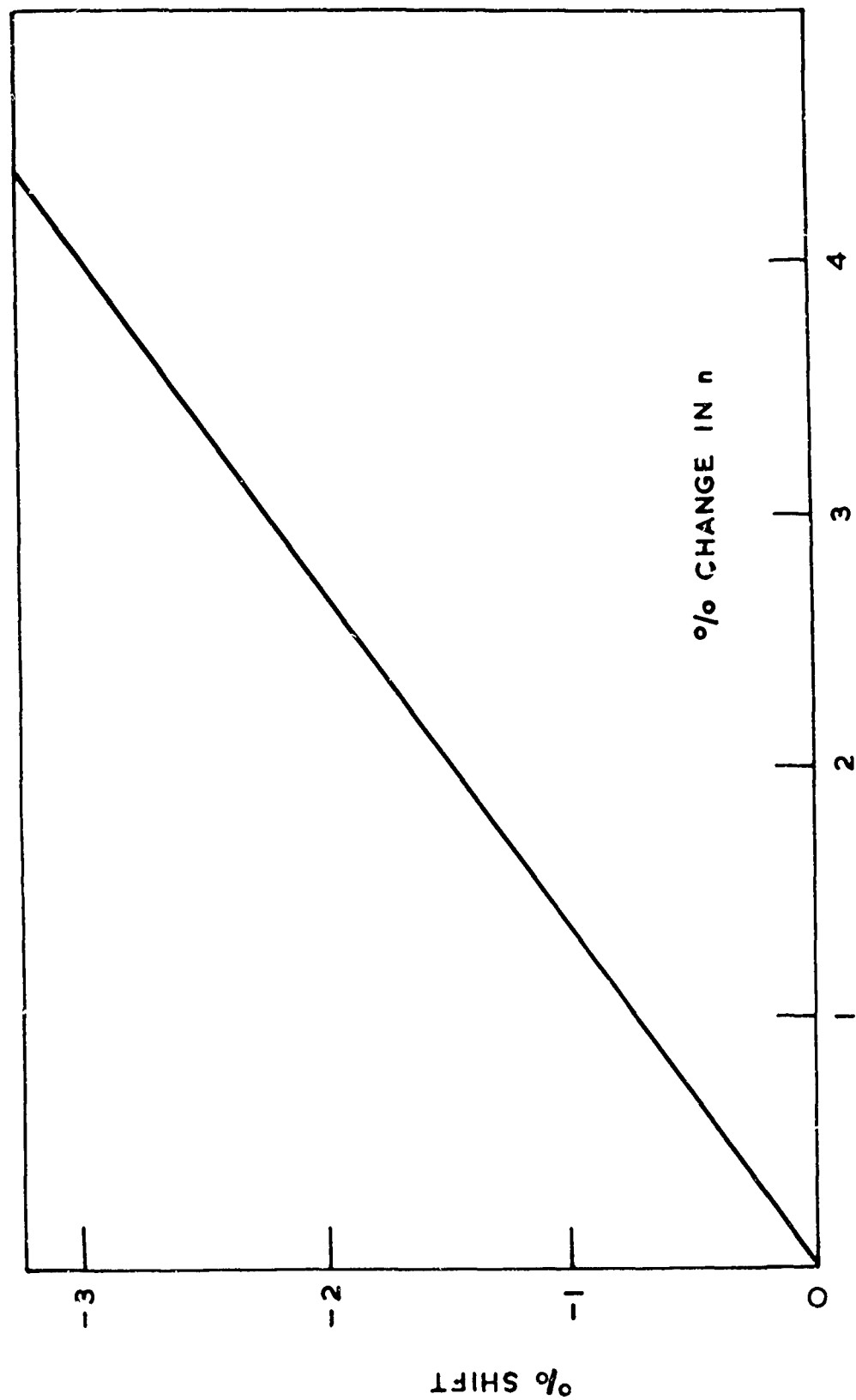


FIG. 4-41(b) FP INCREASED TRANSMITTANCE at VARIOUS TEMPERATURES

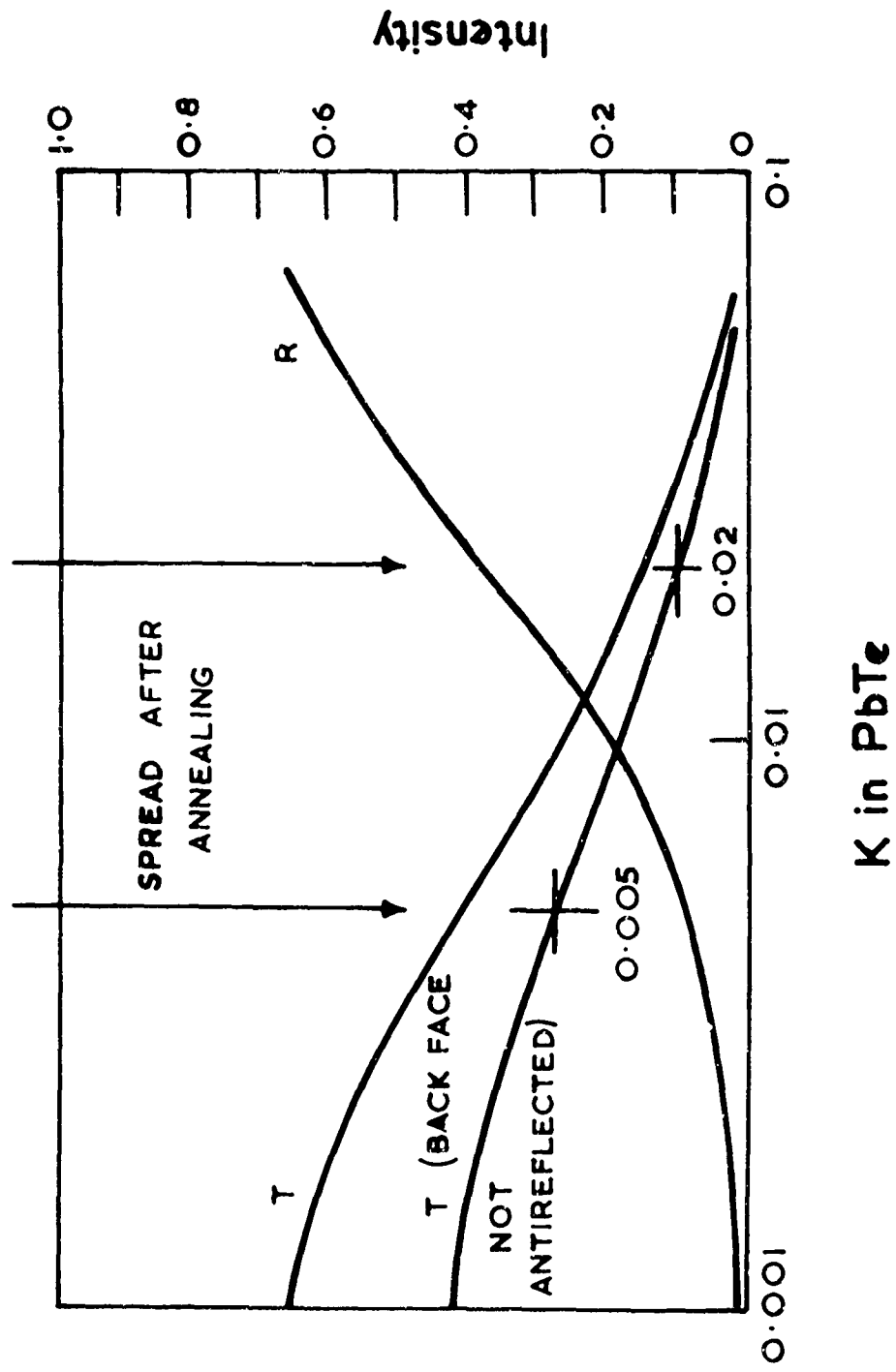


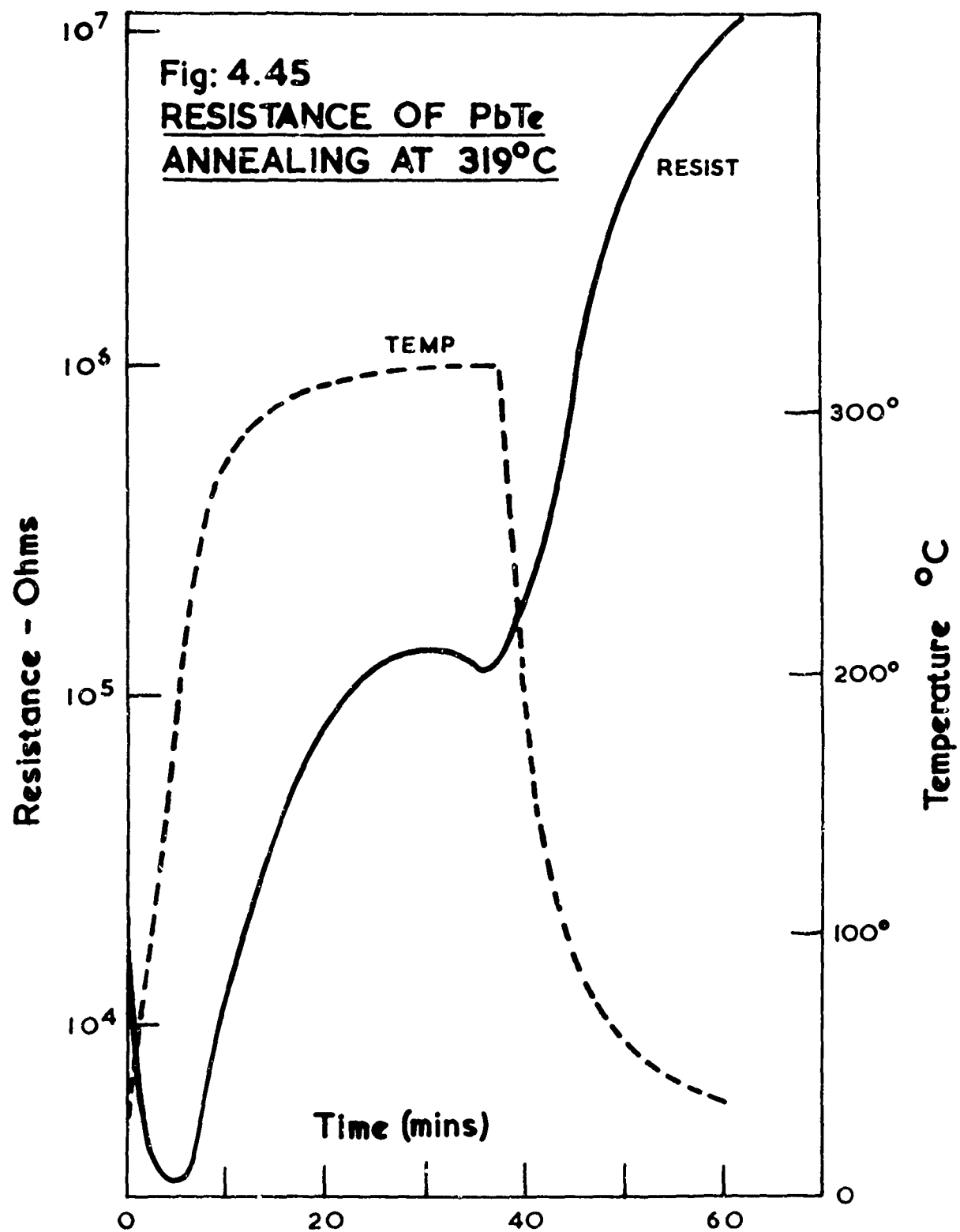


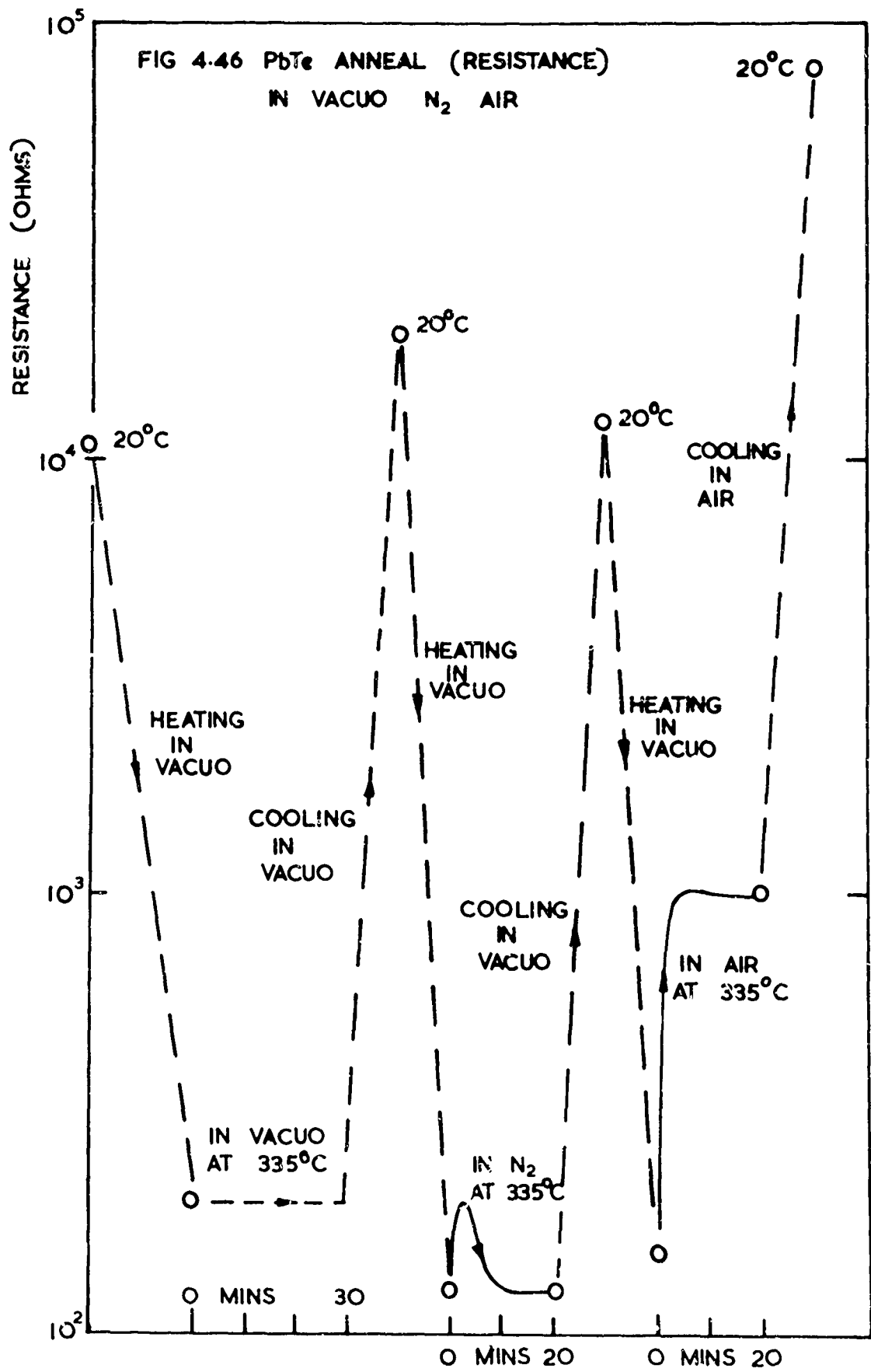
**Fig: 4.43 CALCULATED 1st. ORDER SHIFT  
vs CHANGE IN PbTe INDEX**



**Fig: 4.44 CALCULATED TRANSMITTANCE/REFLECTANCE  
IN F.P. FILTER vs ABSORPTION IN PbTe**







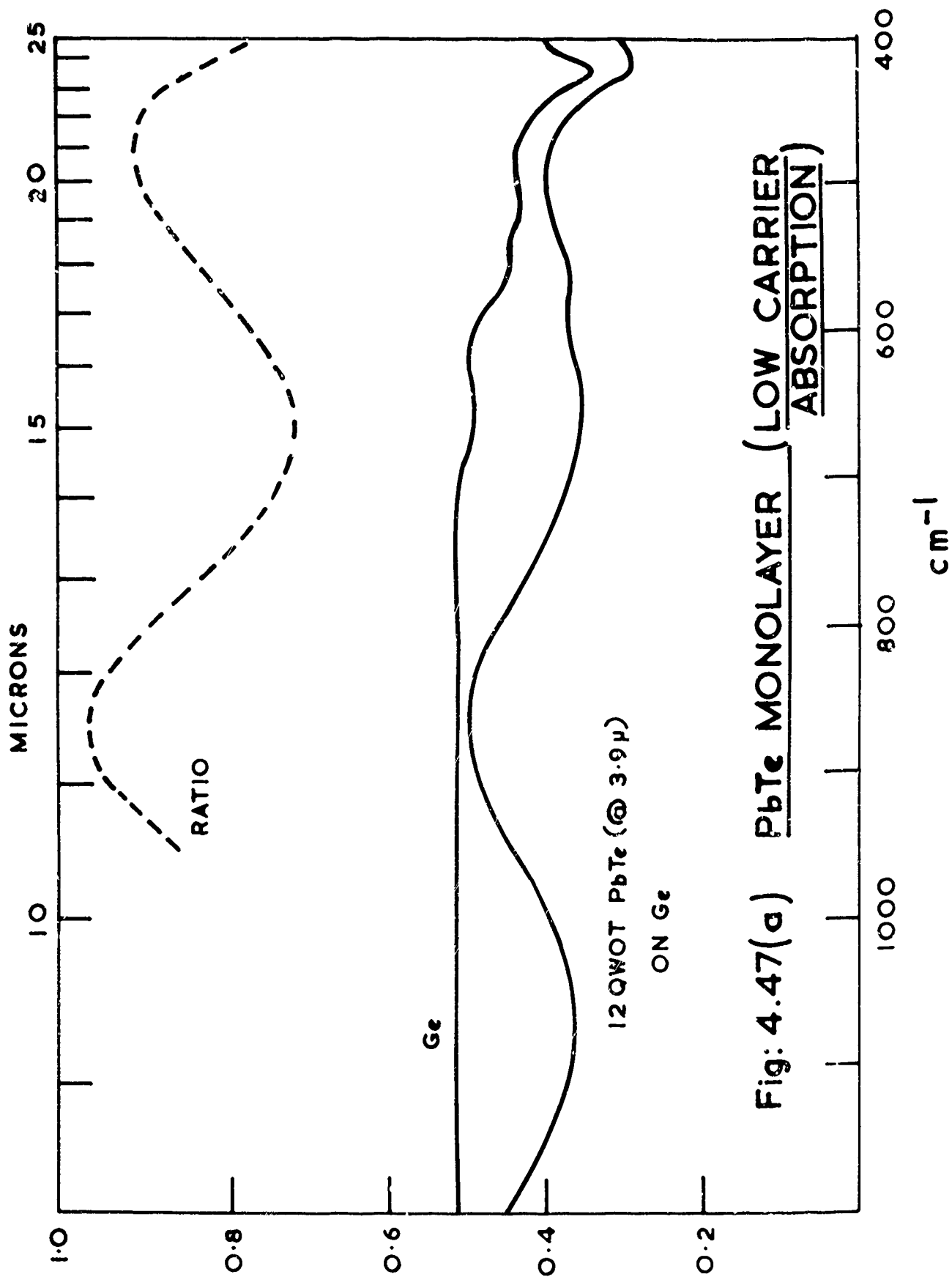


Fig: 4.47(a) PbTe MONOLAYER (LOW CARRIER ABSORPTION)

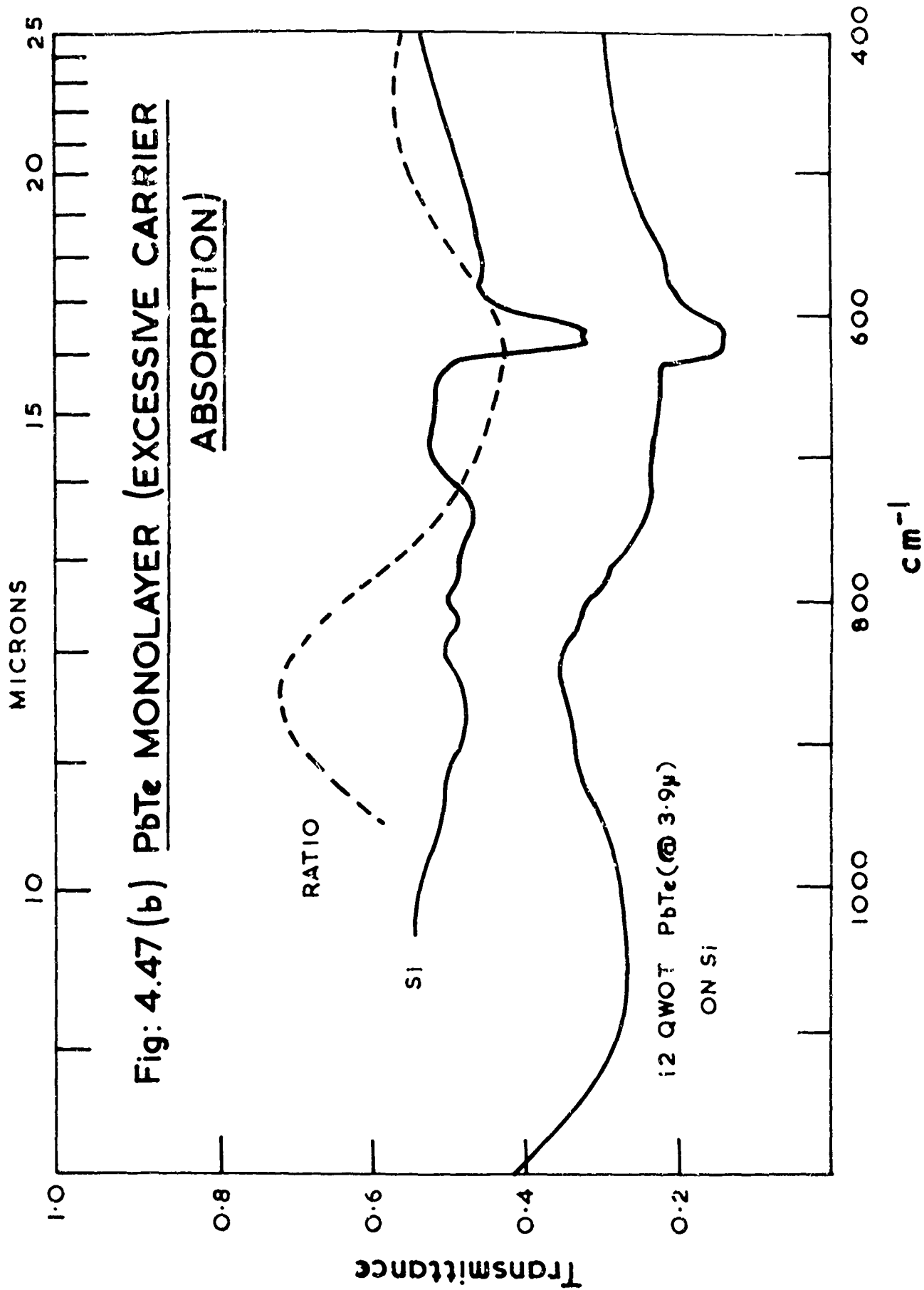


FIG 4.48 a DISPERSION CURVES FOR PbTe FOR VARIOUS NO OF CARRIERS

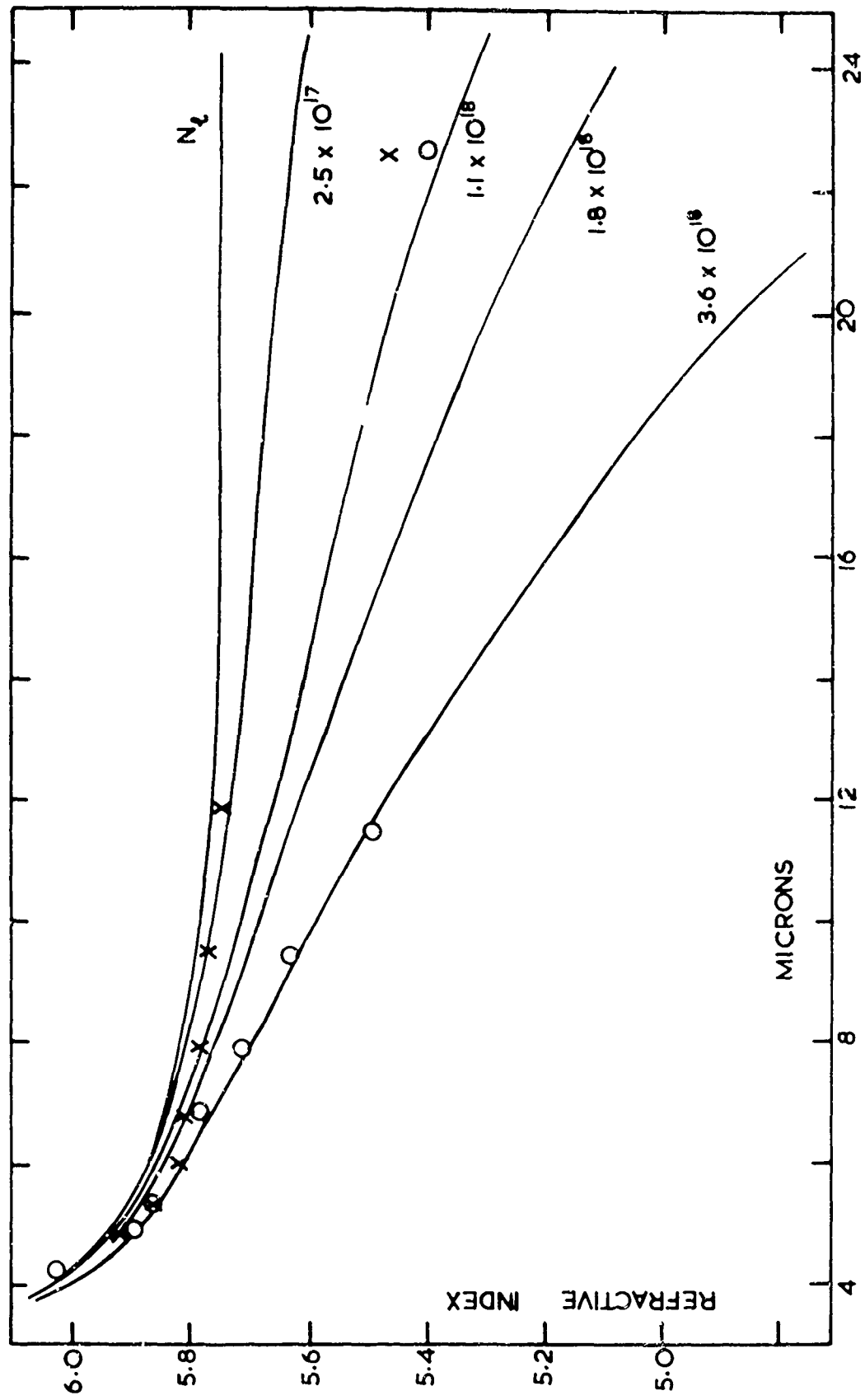
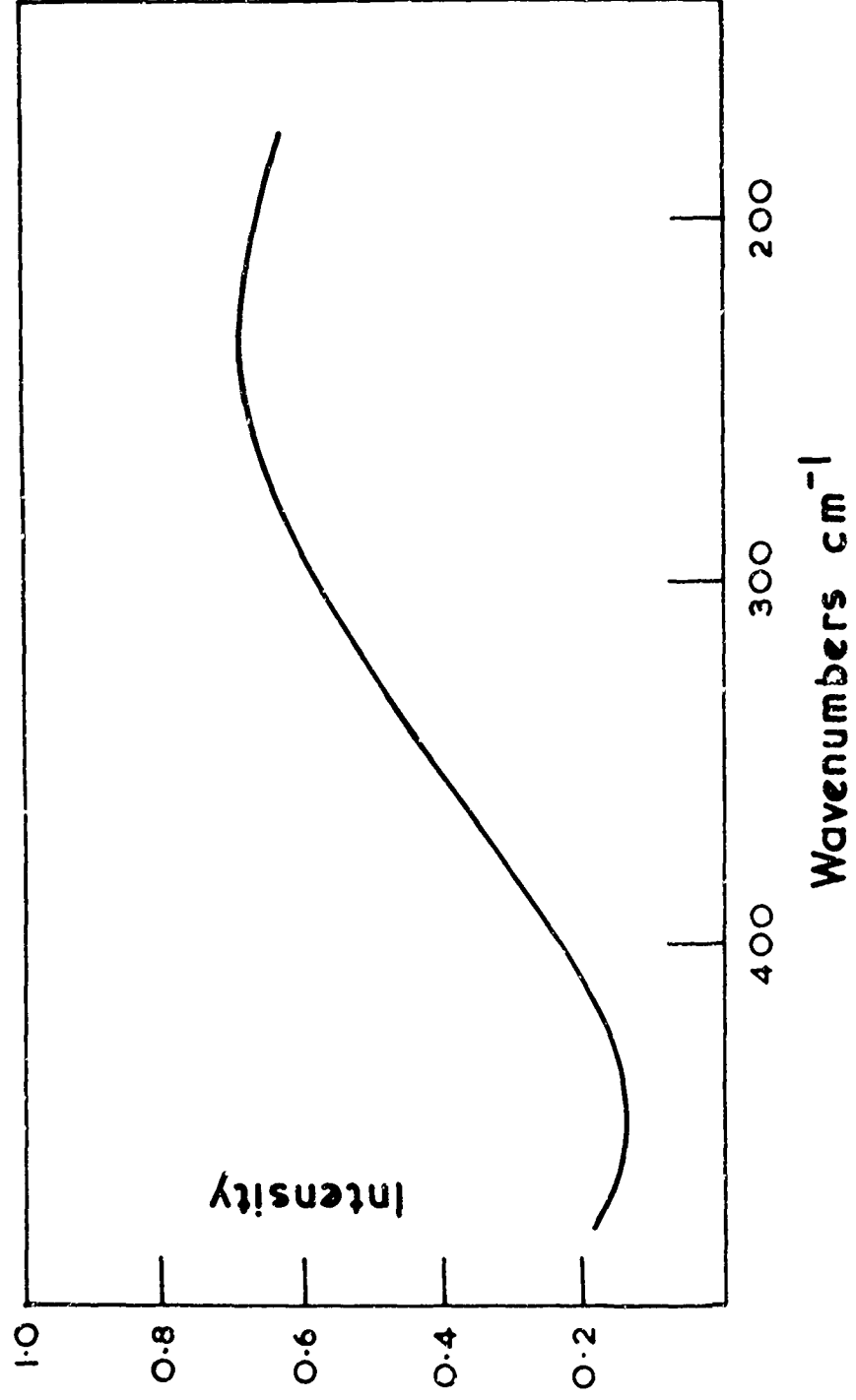


Fig:4.48(b) REFLECTANCE OF PbTe MONOLAYER  
(AS FRACTION OF REFLECTANCE OF Si MIRROR)





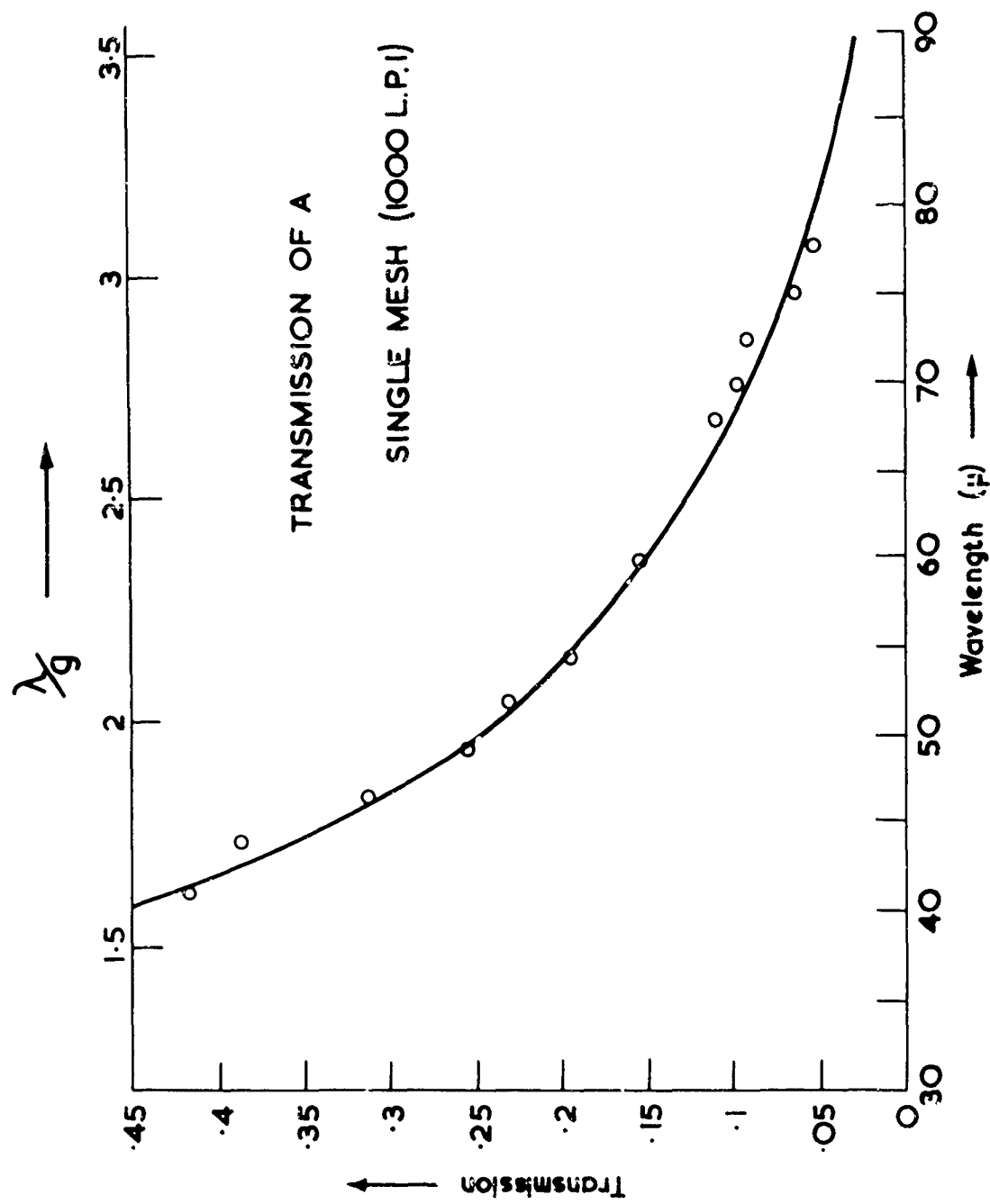


FIG. 4.49

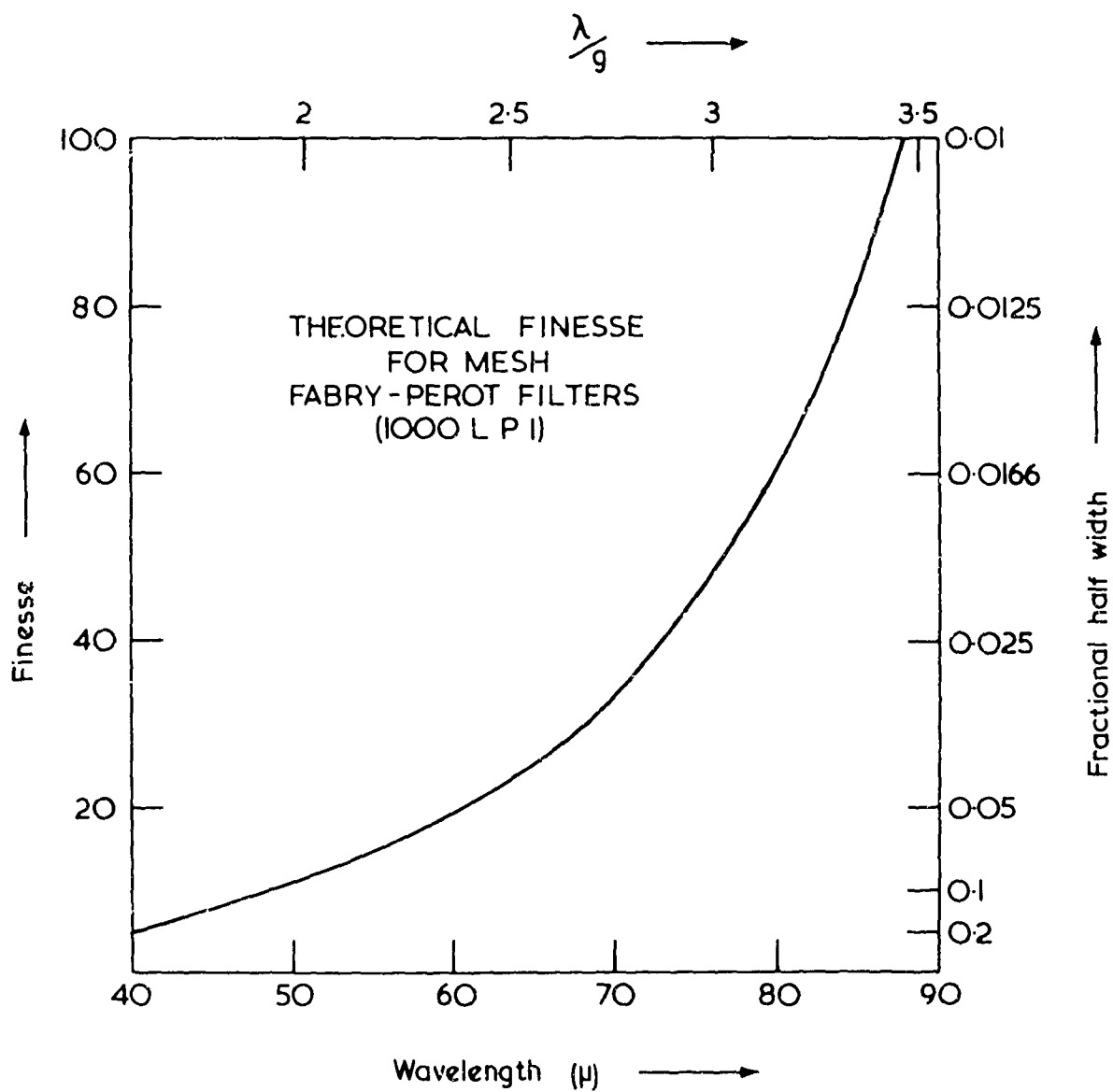


FIG . 4.50

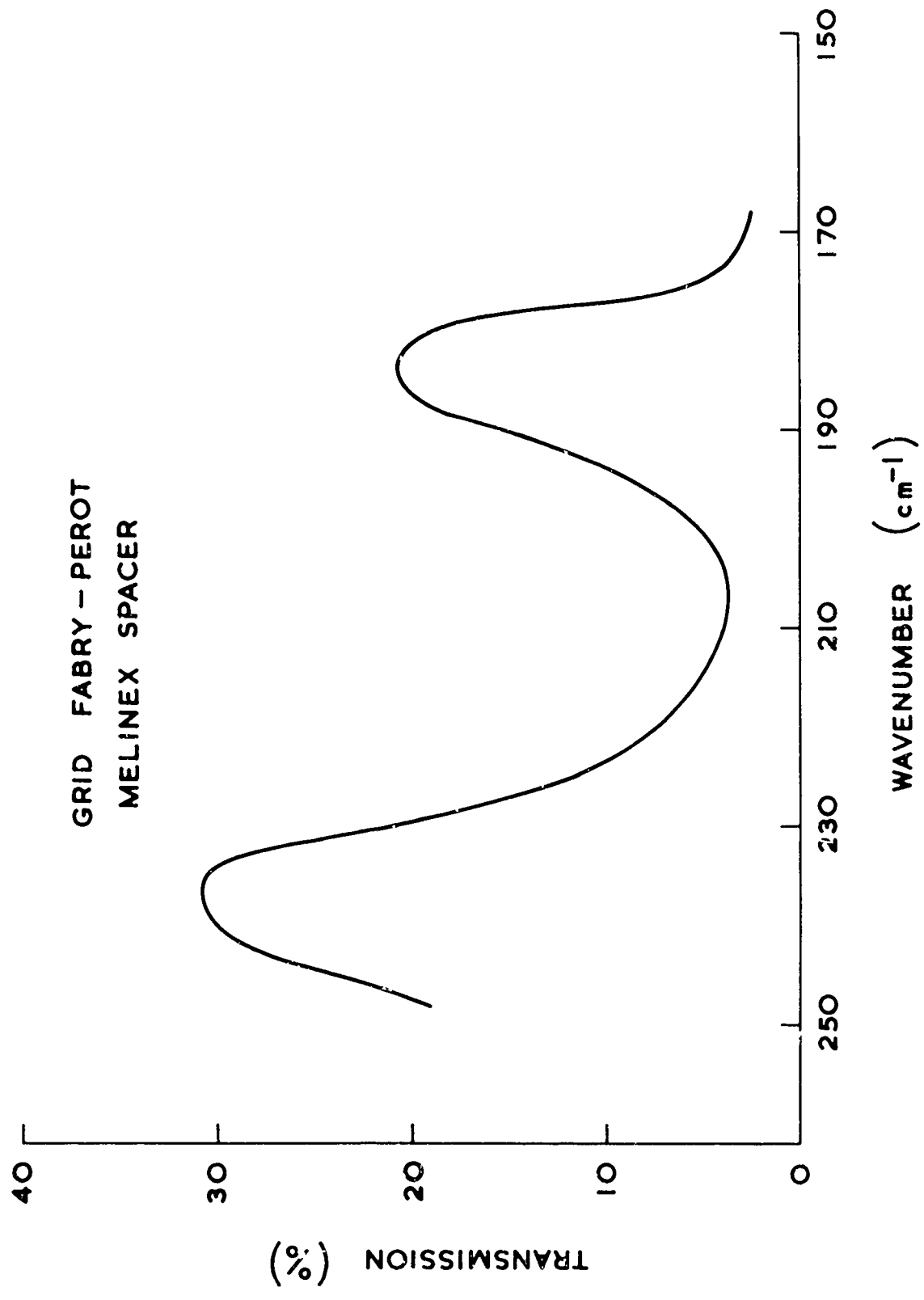


FIG. 4.51

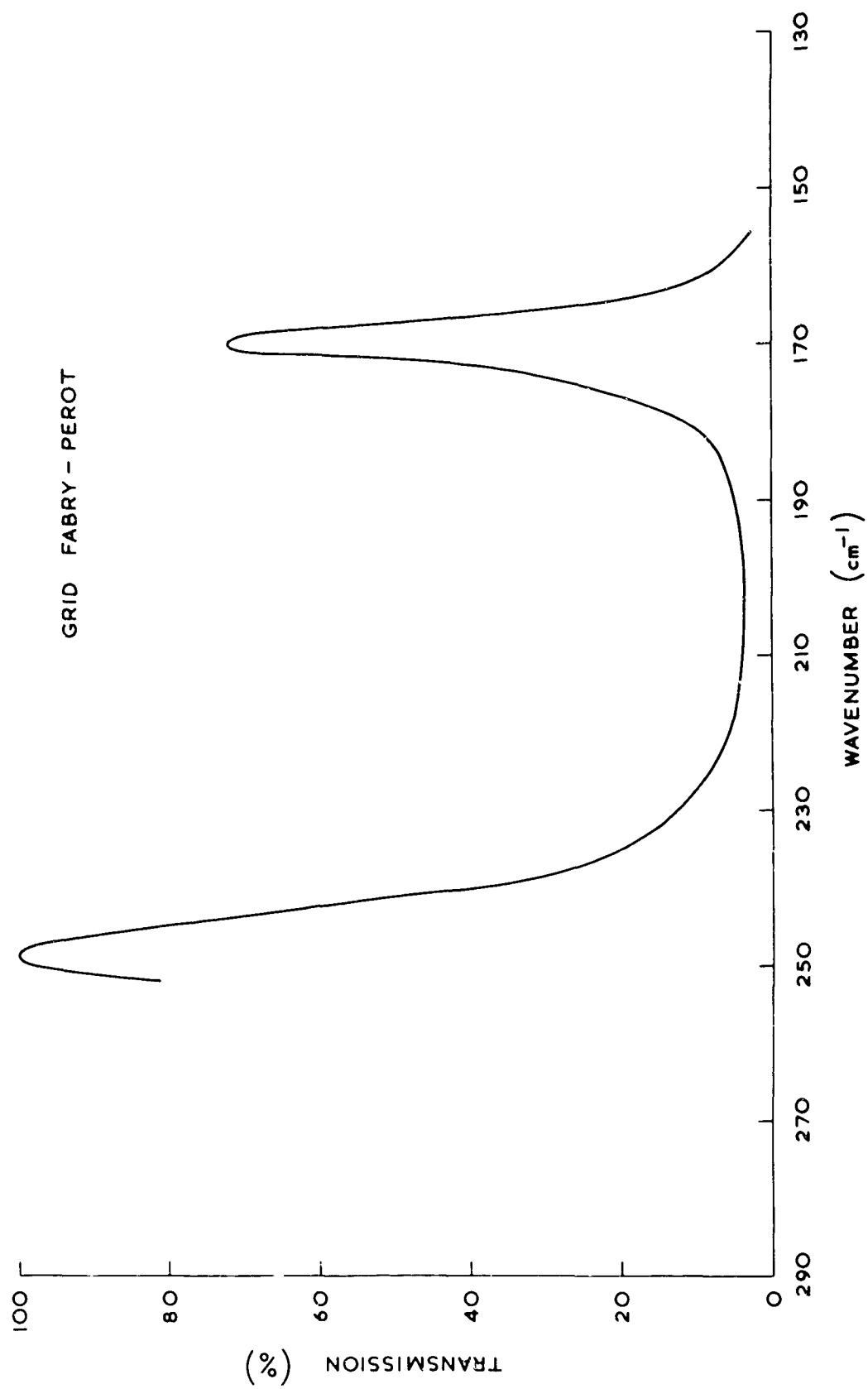
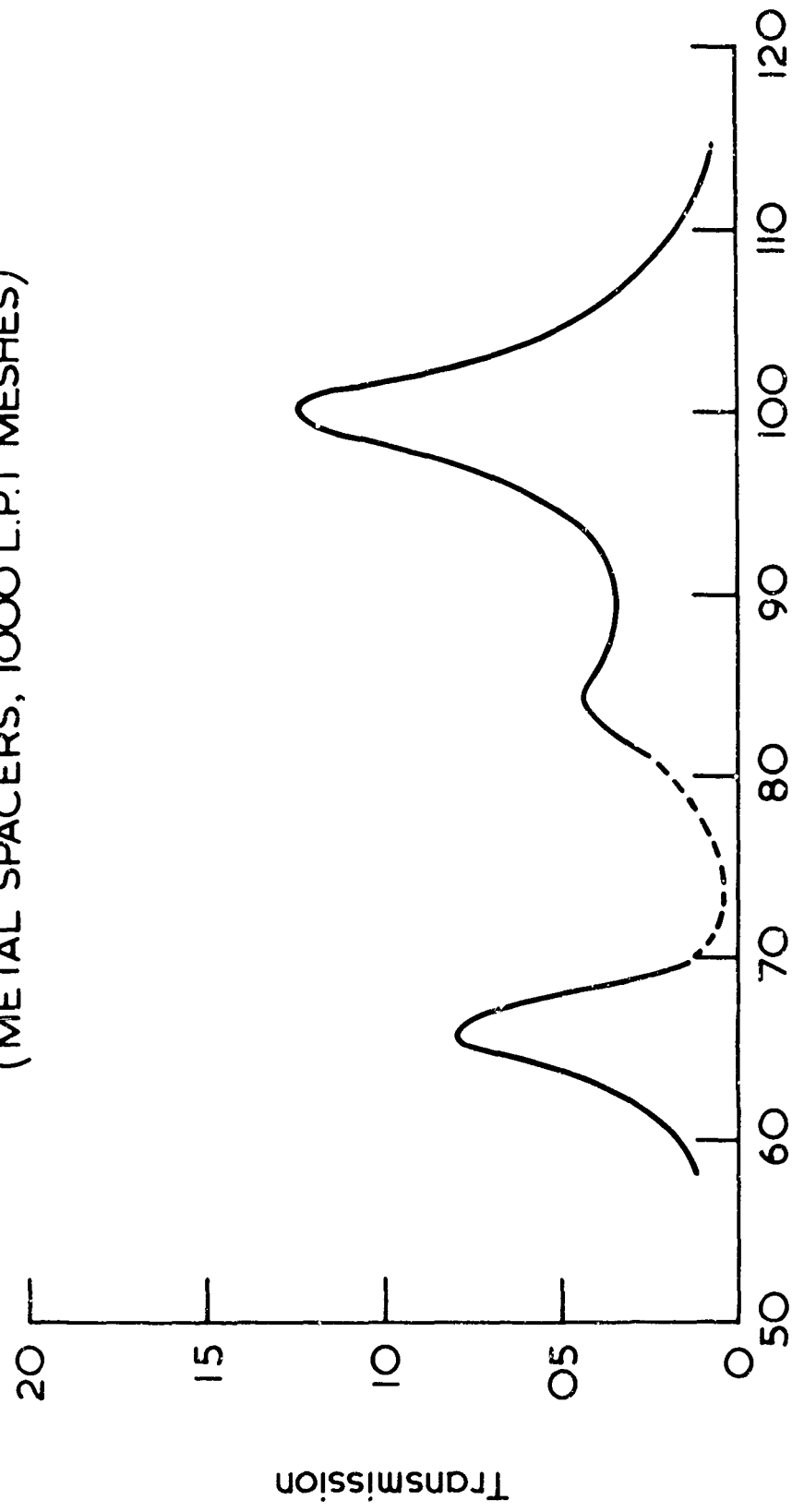


FIG. 4-52

MESH DOUBLE HALF-WAVE  
(METAL SPACERS, 1000 L.P.I MESHES)



Wavelength (μ) FIG. 4.53

# FILTER FABRICATION—EXPLODED VIEW

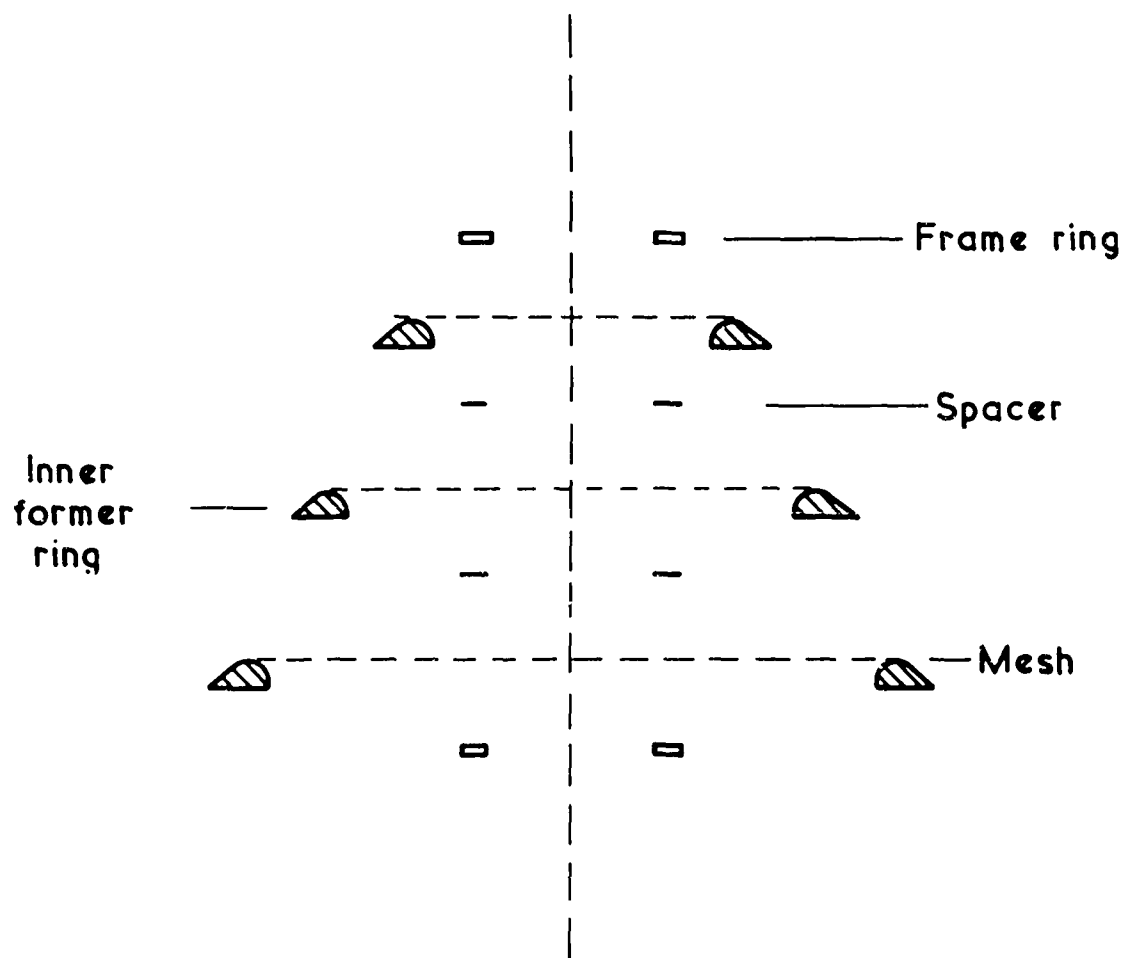


FIG. 4.54

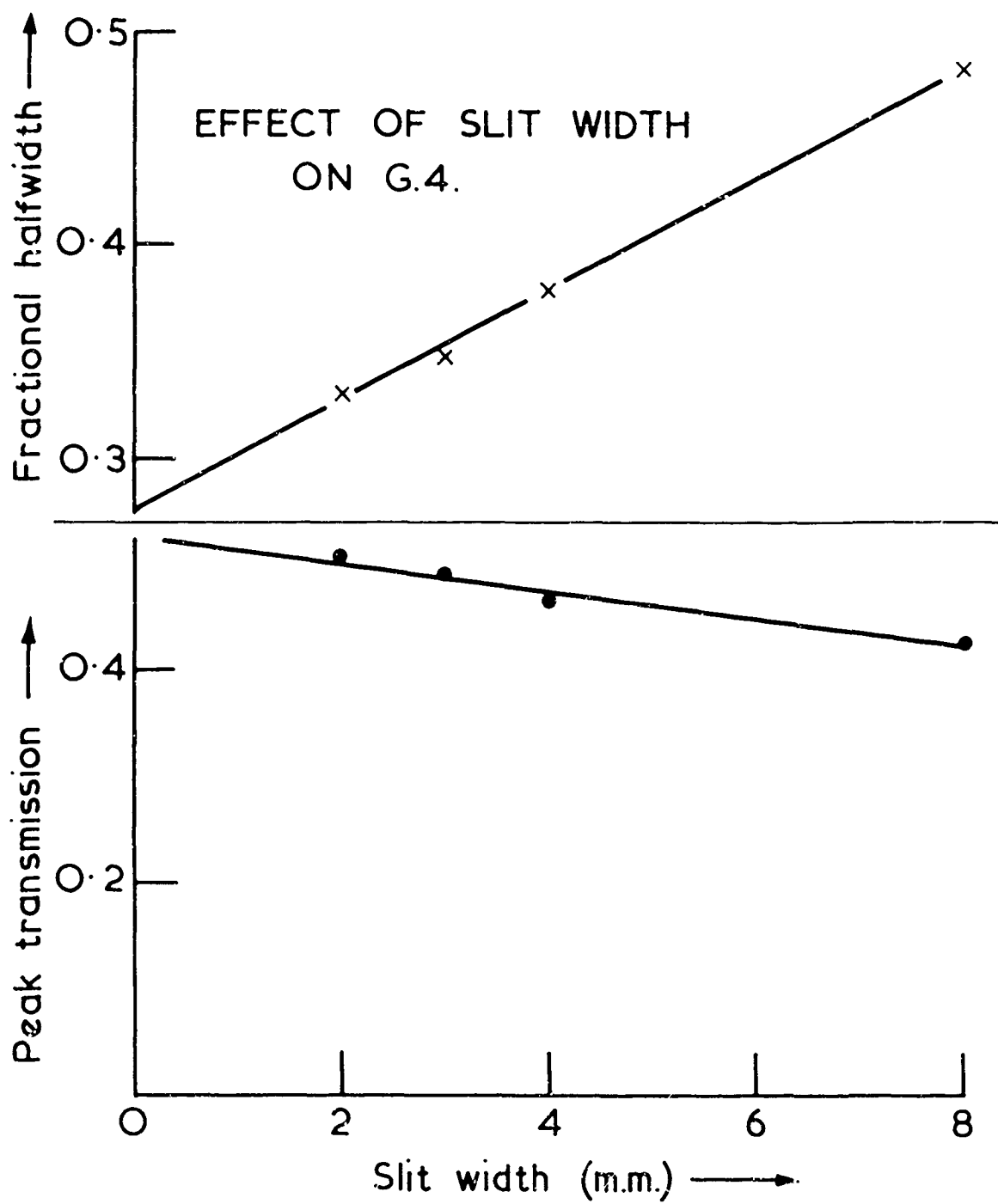


FIG. 4.55

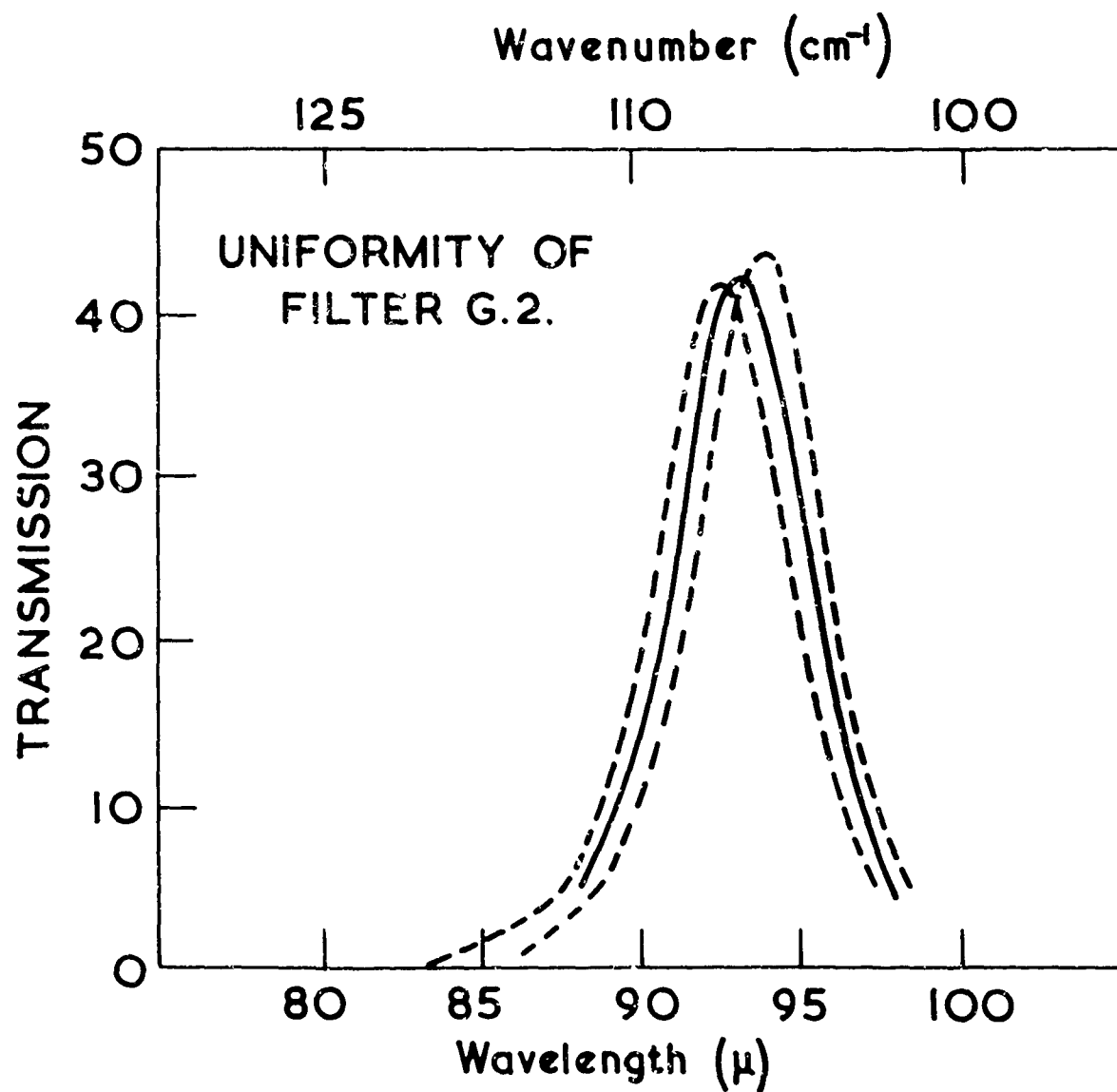


FIG. 4-56



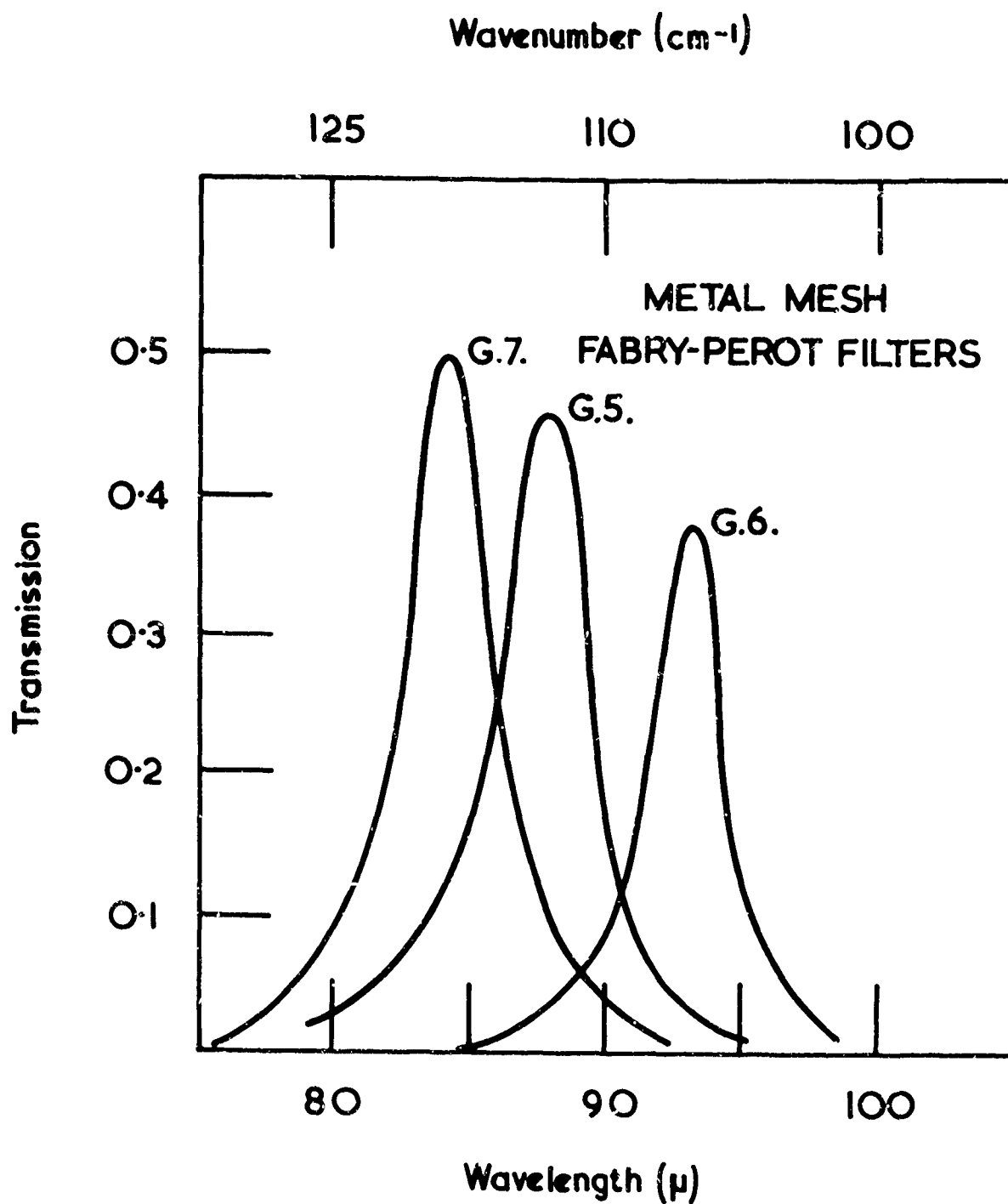


FIG. 4.57

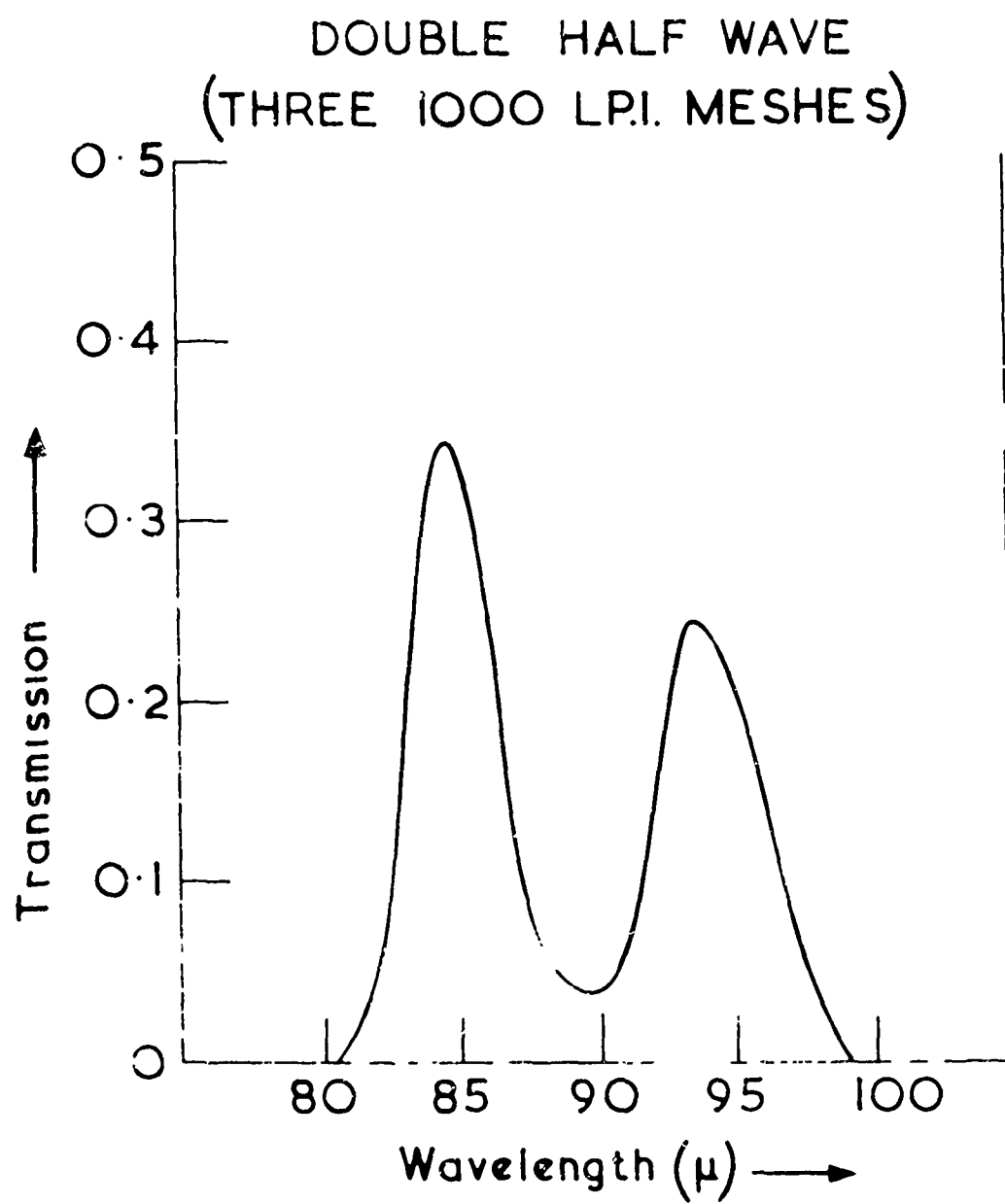


FIG. 4.58

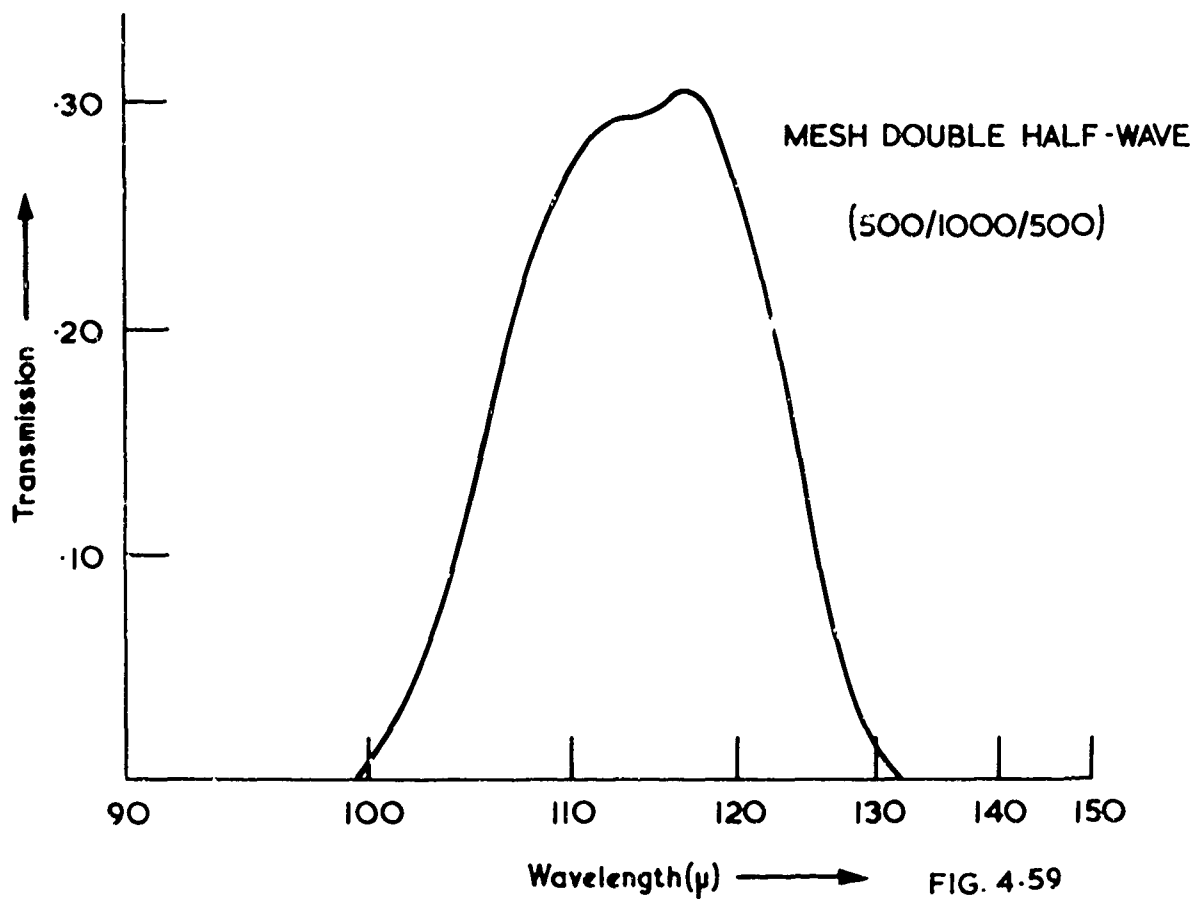
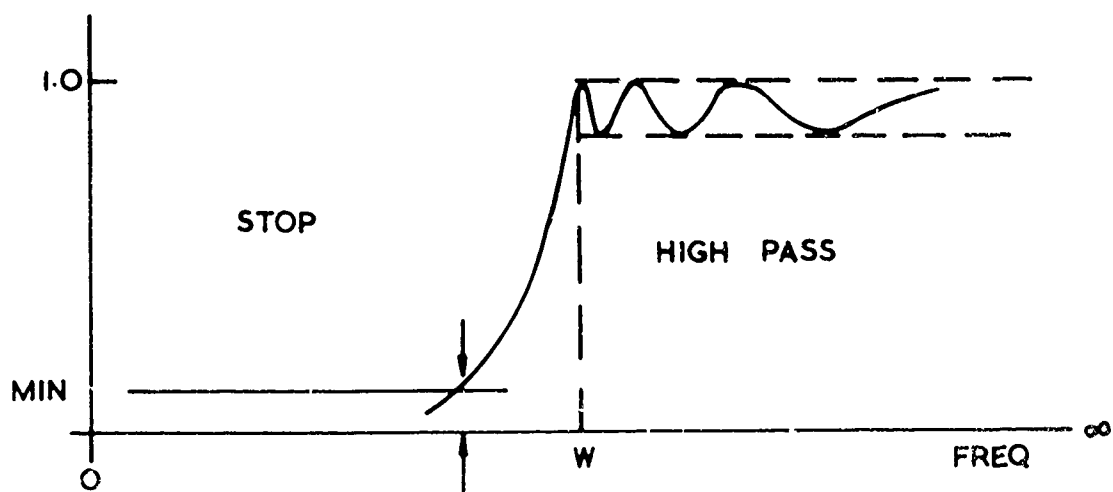
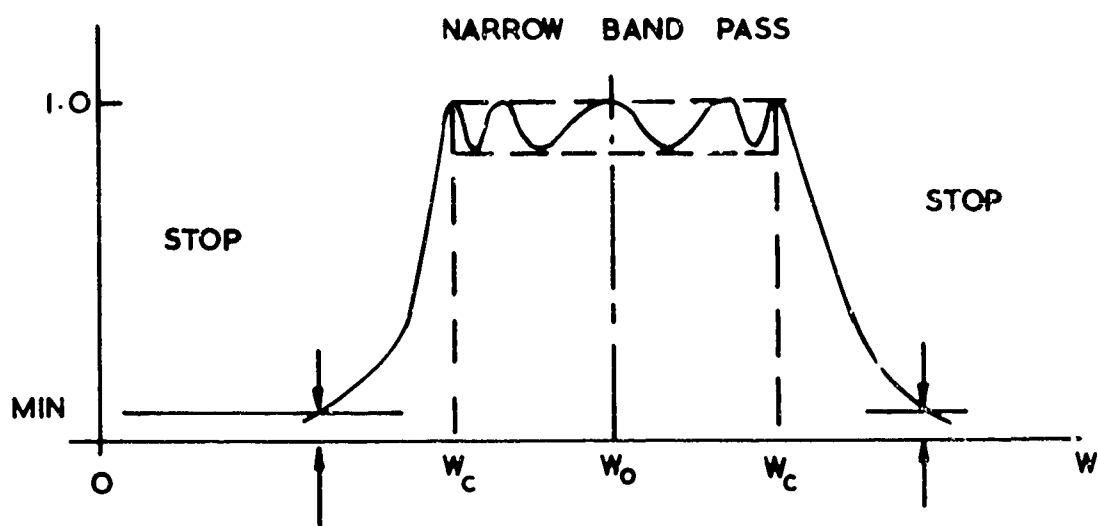
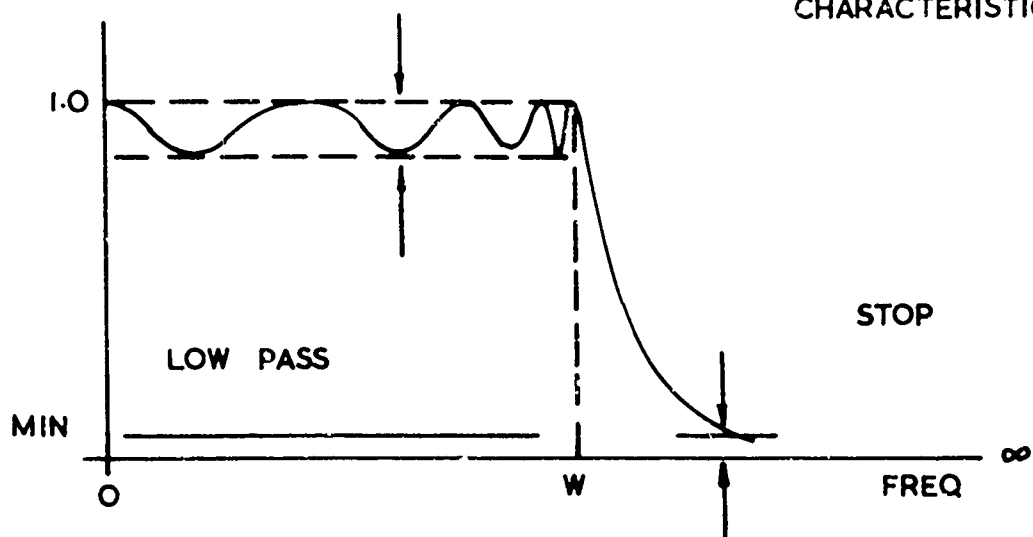


FIG. 4-59

FIG 5.1 IDEALISED FILTER CHARACTERISTICS



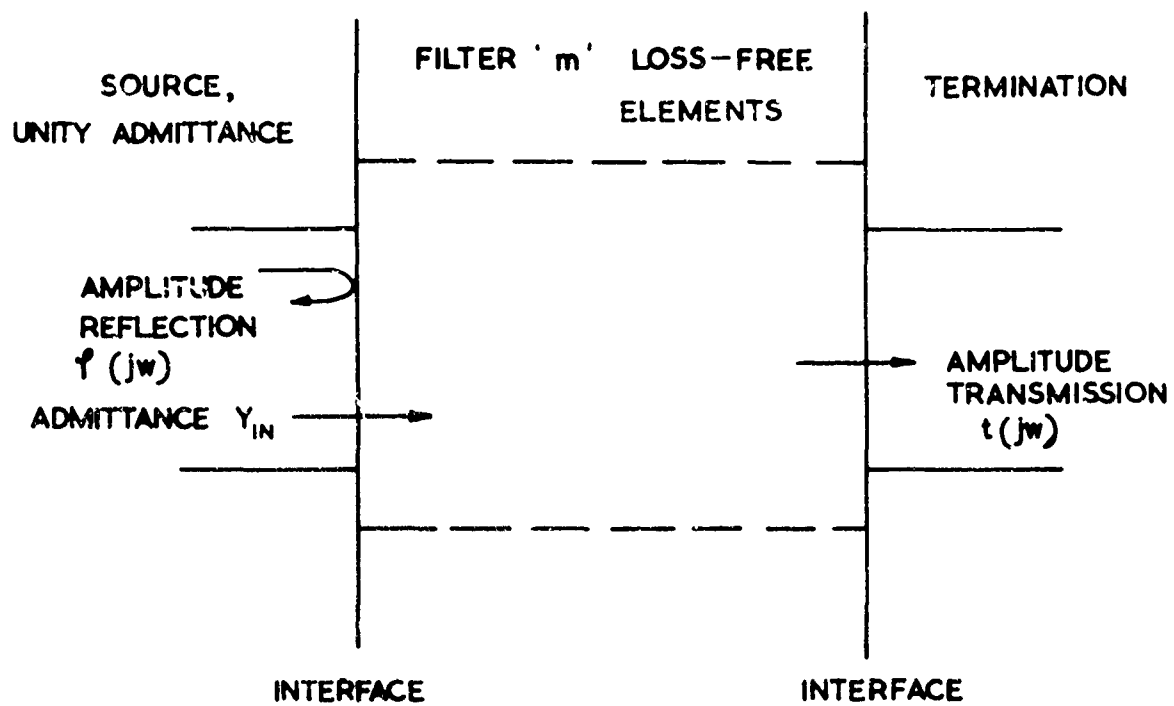


FIG 5.2 INTERFACE DESCRIPTION

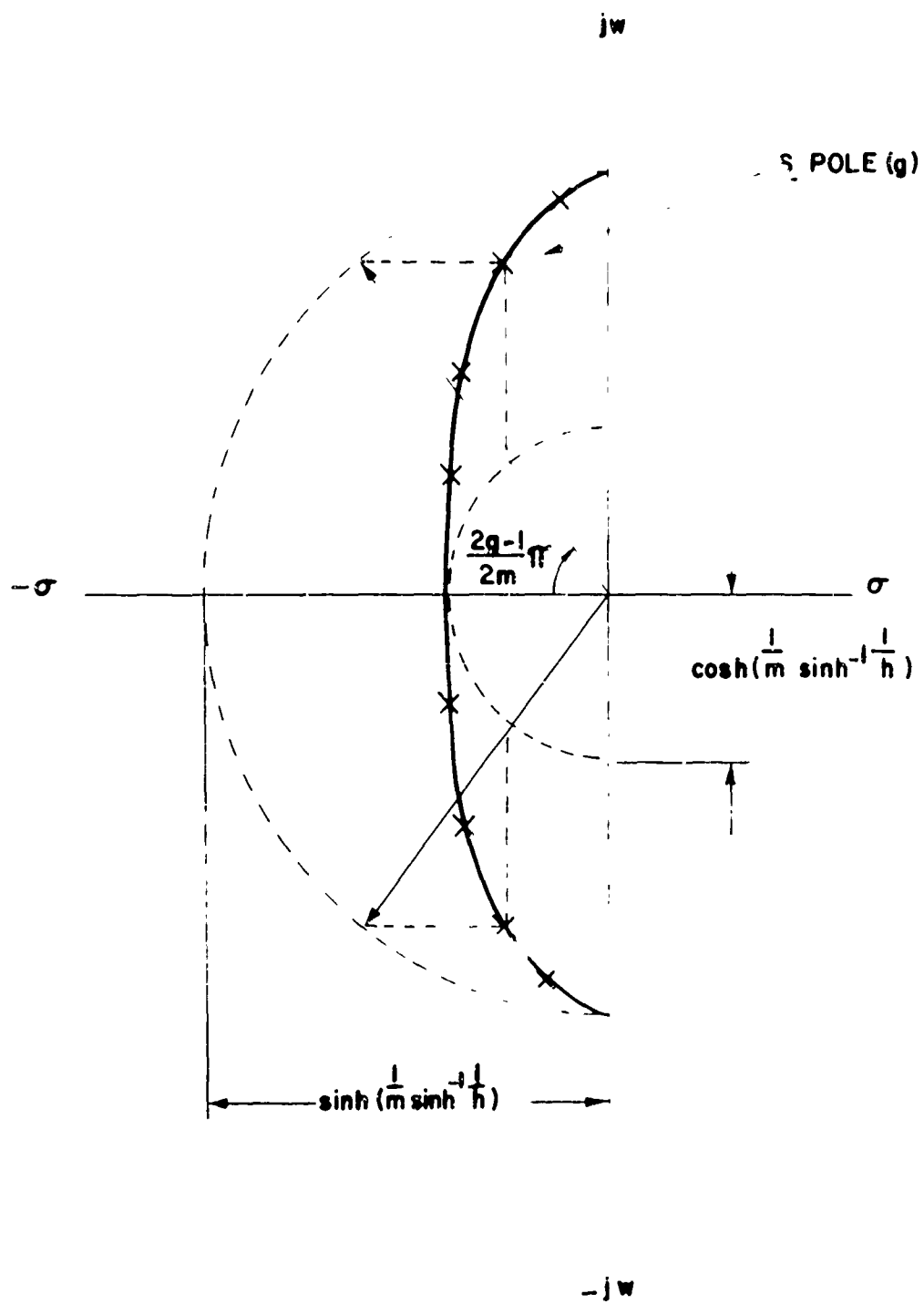
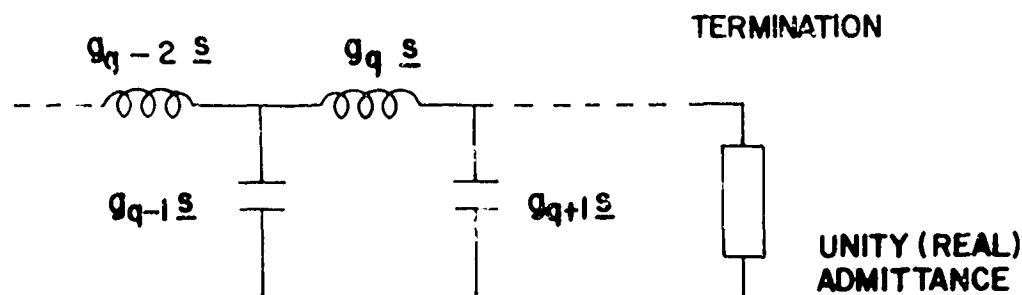


FIG. 5-3 S - PLANE LOCUS AND CONSTRUCTION



IN FIG.5-3,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{s}{\text{POLE}(q)} = & - \sin \frac{(2q-1)\pi}{2m} \sinh \left( m^{-1} \sinh^{-1} \frac{1}{h} \right) \\ & + j \cos \frac{(2q-1)\pi}{2m} \cosh \left( m^{-1} \sinh^{-1} \frac{1}{h} \right) \quad \text{ETC.} \end{aligned}$$

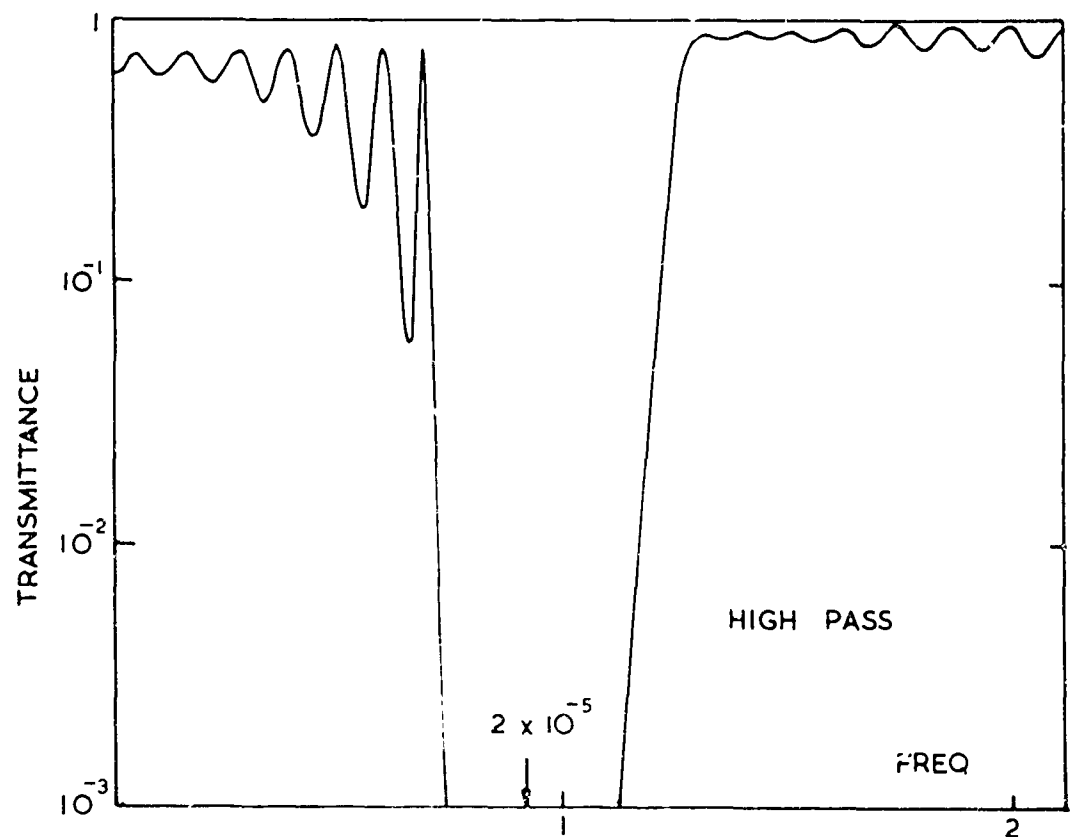
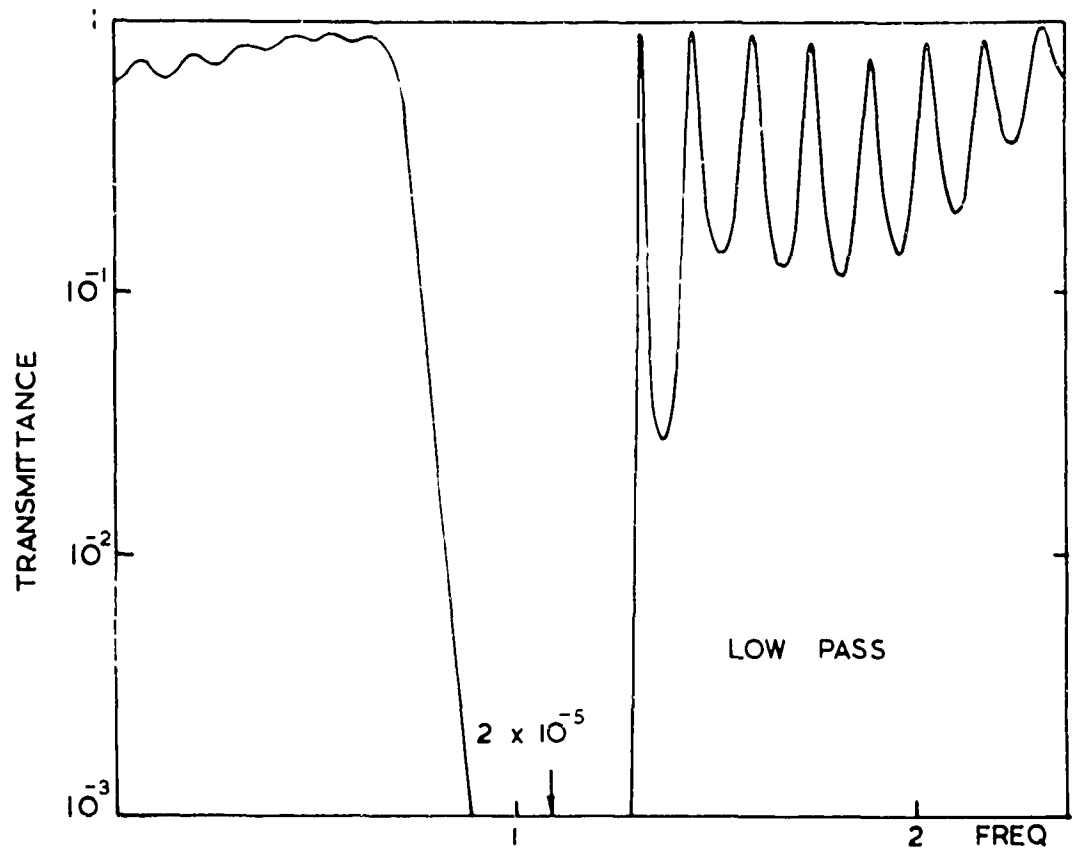
FOR the SIMPLEST LOW PASS EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT (as SHOWN)  
IMPEDANCE is GIVEN for SERIES ELEMENTS, ADMITTANCE for  
SHUNT ELEMENTS,

$$\text{WHERE } q_1 = \frac{2 \sin \frac{\pi}{2m}}{\sinh \left( \frac{1}{m} \sinh^{-1} \frac{1}{h} \right)}$$

$$g_{q-1} g_q = \frac{4 \sin \frac{(2q-1)\pi}{2m} \sin \frac{(2q+1)\pi}{2m}}{\sinh^2 \left( \frac{1}{m} \sinh^{-1} \frac{1}{h} \right) + \sin^2 \frac{q\pi}{m}} \quad \text{ETC.}$$

FIG.5-4 TCHEBYSHEV CIRCUIT PARAMETERS

FIG 5 5 COMPUTED TCHEBYSHEV FILTERS  
(PARAMETERS IN TABLE 5.1)





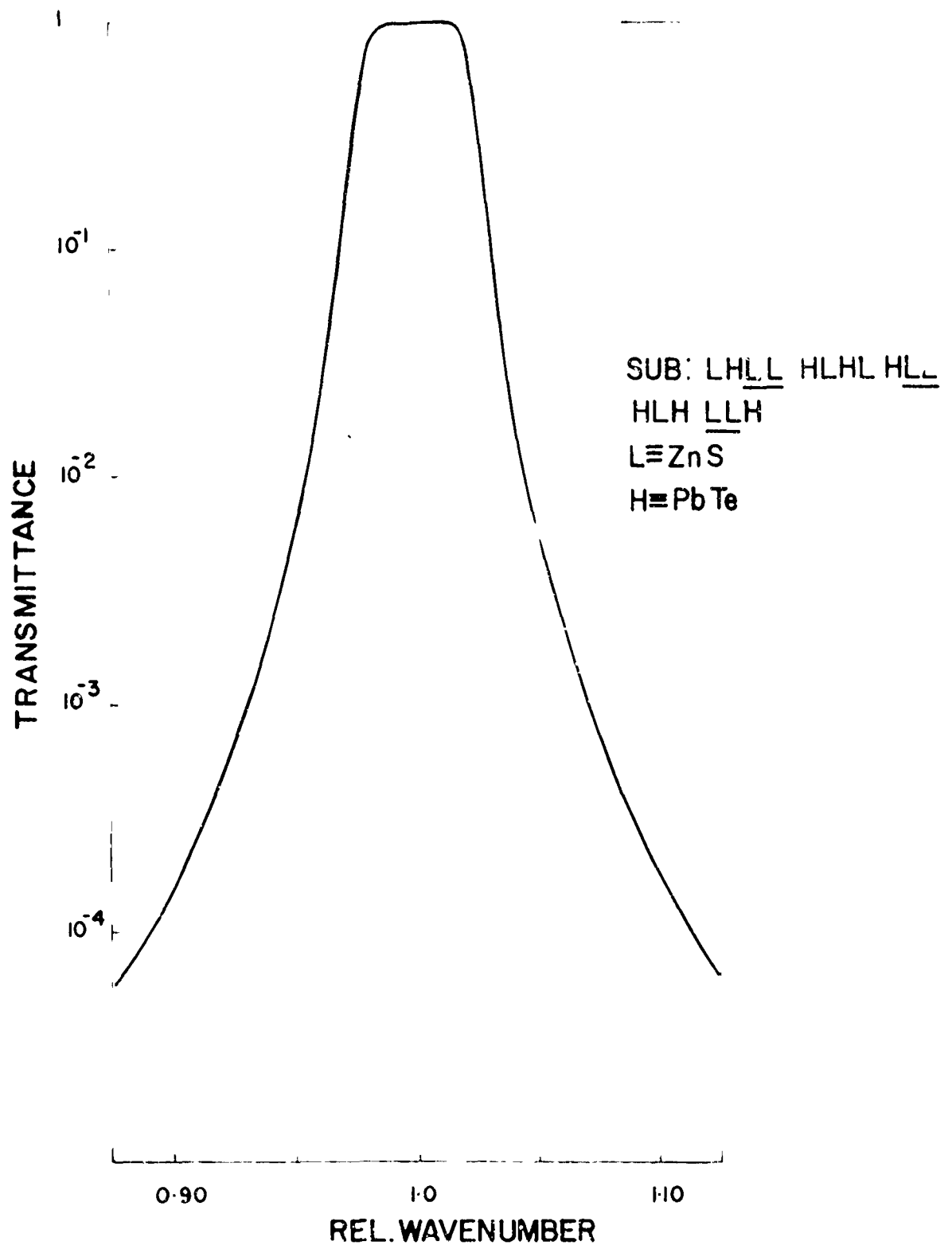


FIG. 5-6 COMPUTED TCHEBYSHEV NARROWBAND  
 FILTER(16 LAYER,TRIPLE HALF WAVE DESIGN)

Fig:5.7 SPECTRAL SENSITIVITY (REFLECTIVITY) OF  
LAYERS IN 10-LAYER RADIOMETER F.P. FILTER

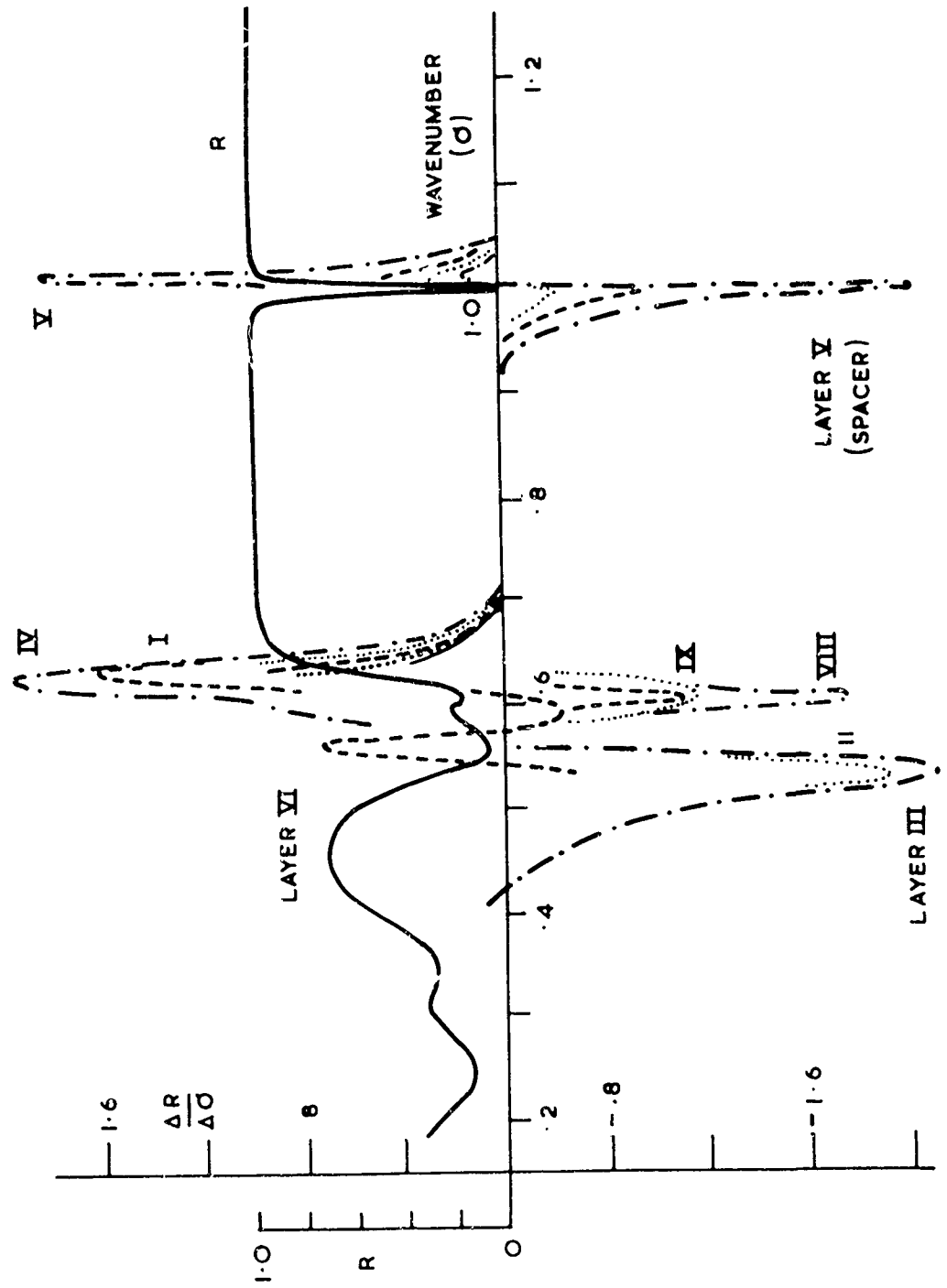
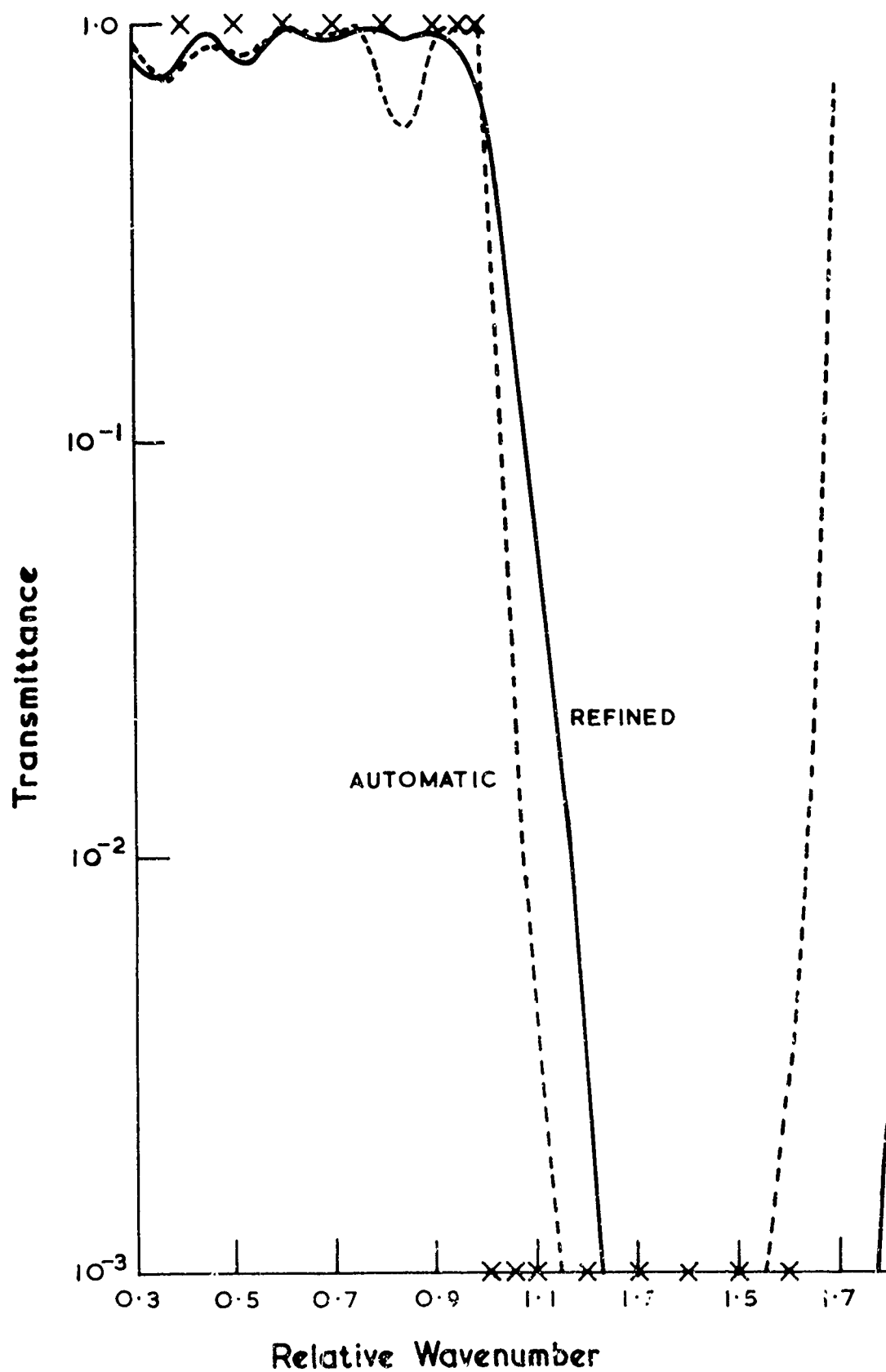
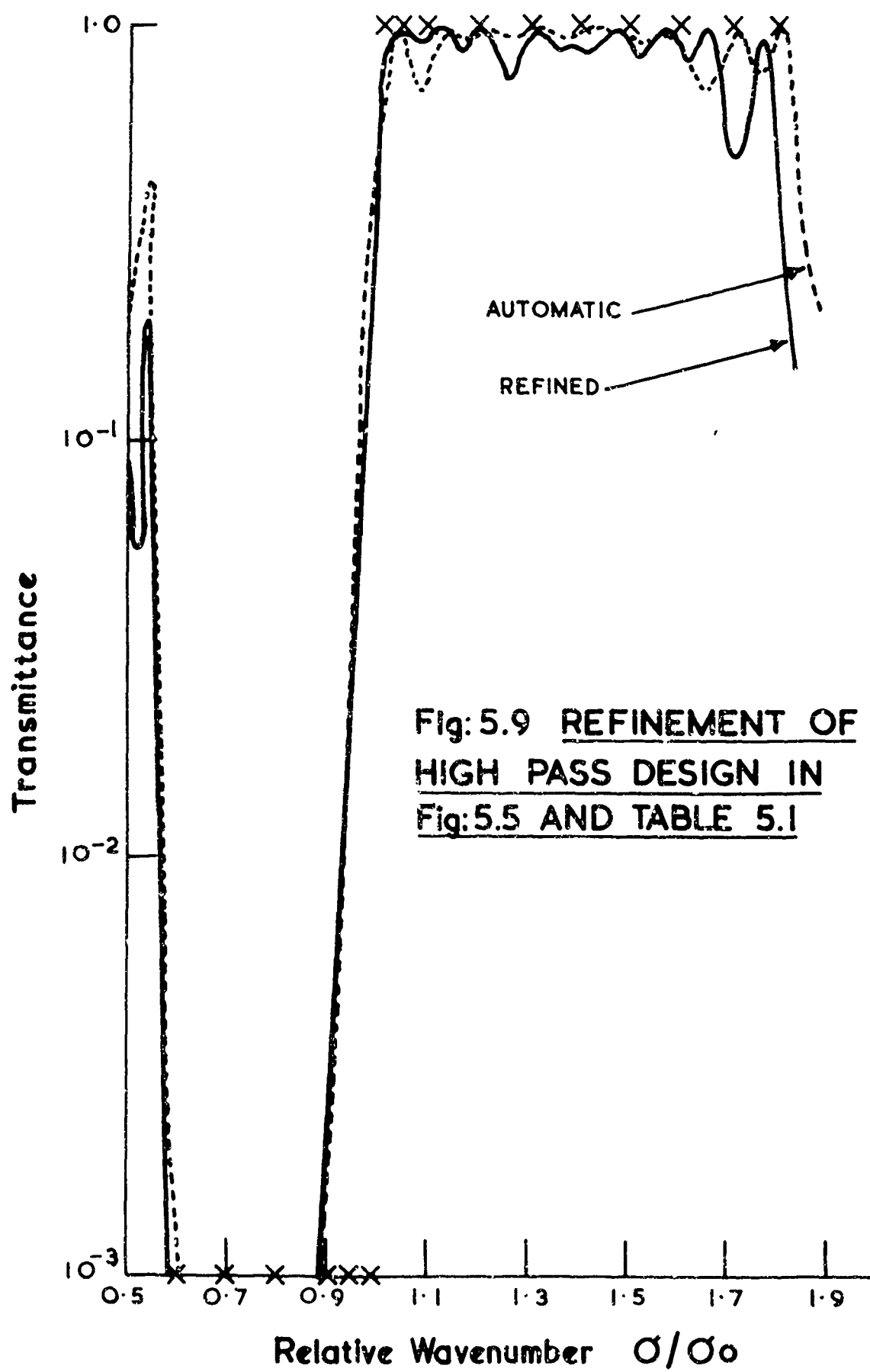


Fig:5.8 REFINEMENT OF LOW PASS  
DESIGN IN FIG:5.5 AND TABLE 5.1





# 10-LAYER FILTER

MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS

RAIR\* 1.0000

RSUB\* 4.0000

STANDARD DEVIATION\* 2.0000 PER CENT

## CASE NO. 1

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2567
5.3000	0.2458
2.3500	0.2545
5.3000	0.2530
2.3500	0.2611
5.3000	0.5080
2.3500	0.2515
5.3000	0.2537
2.3500	0.2406
5.3000	0.2522

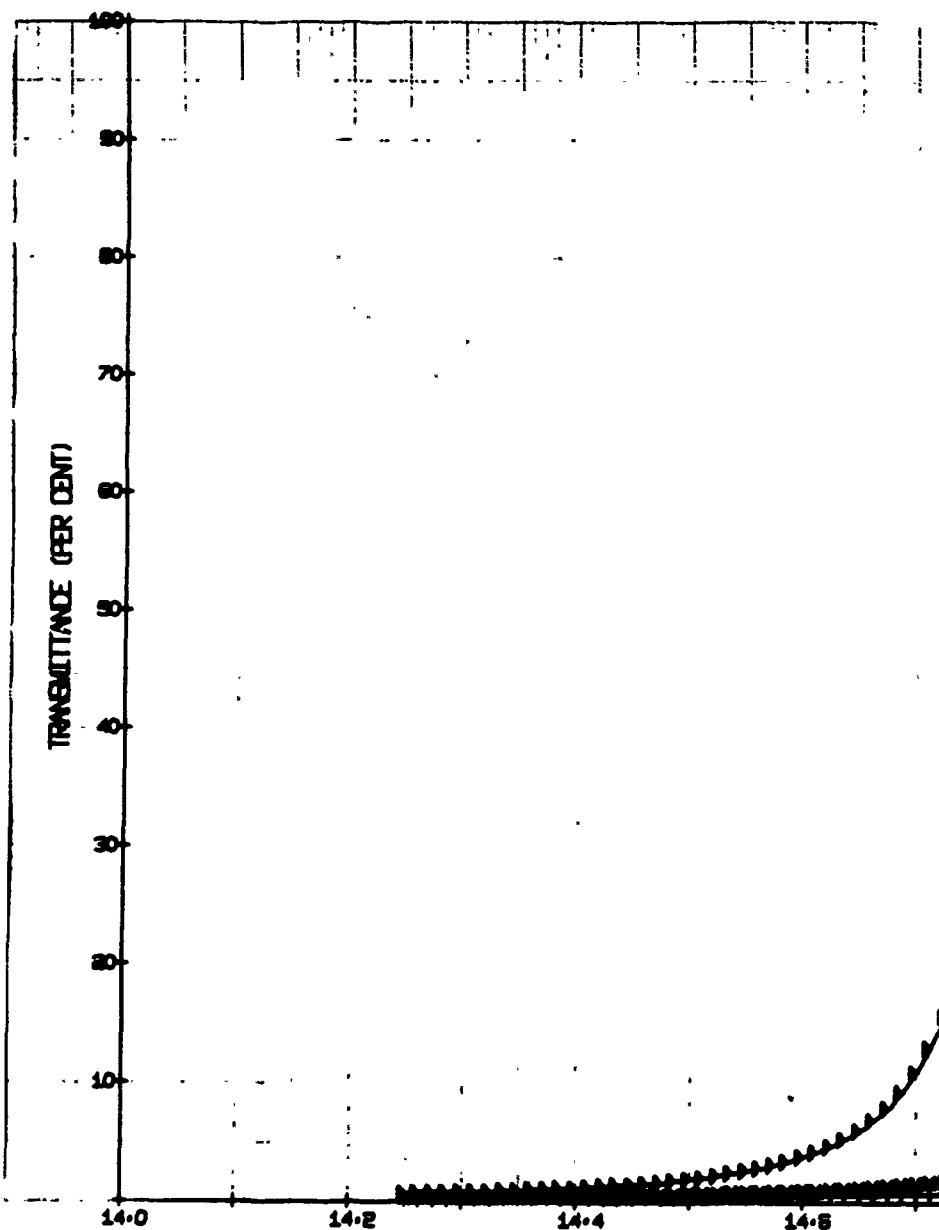
## CASE NO. 2

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2534
5.3000	0.2444
2.3500	0.2550
5.3000	0.2454
2.3500	0.2554
5.3000	0.5003
2.3500	0.2495
5.3000	0.2586
2.3500	0.2524
5.3000	0.2558

## CASE NO. 3

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2590
5.3000	0.2468
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2465
2.3500	0.2534
5.3000	0.4900
2.3500	0.2463
5.3000	0.2522
2.3500	0.2529
5.3000	0.2532

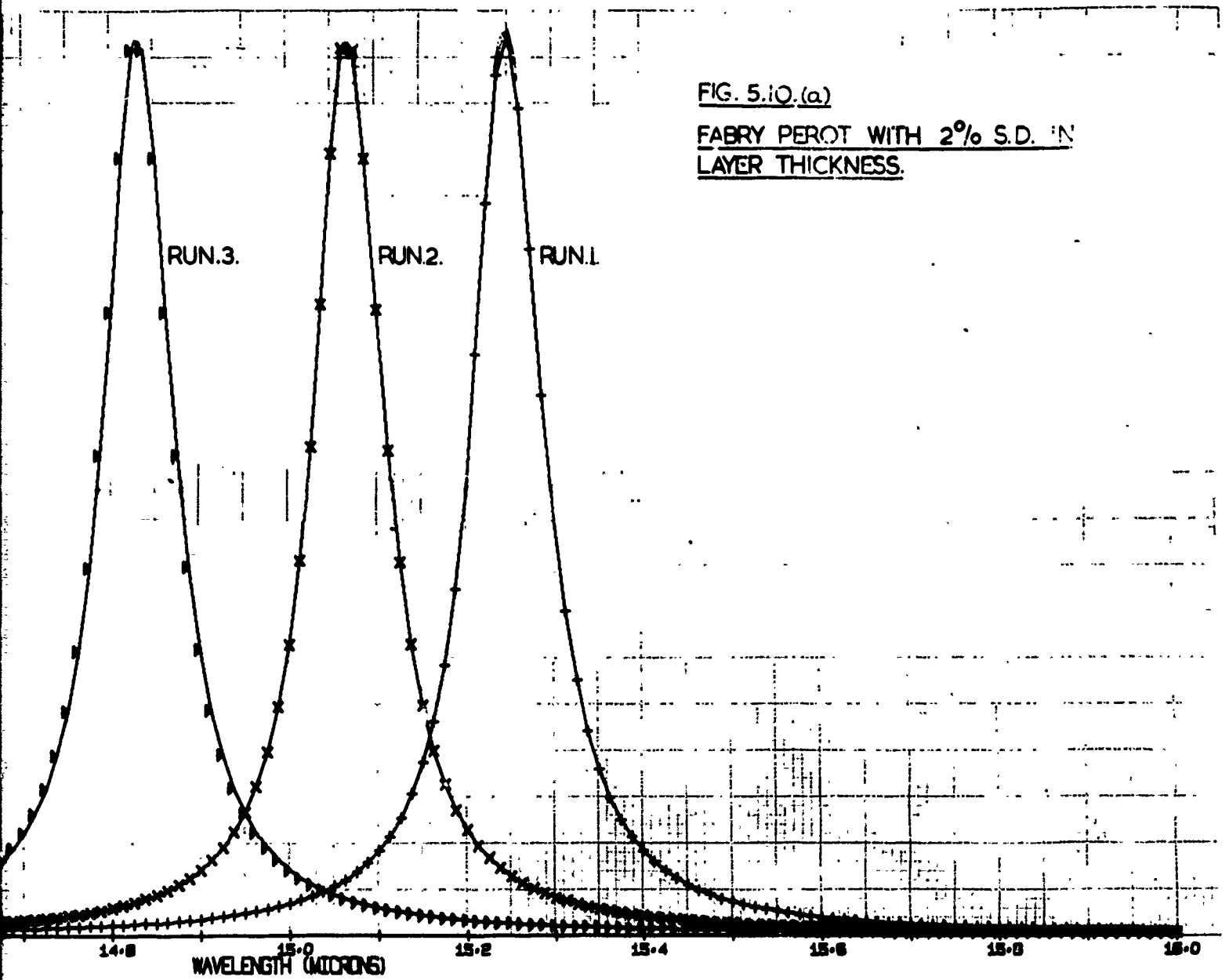
END OF CALCULATIONS



A

FIG. 5.10.(a)

FABRY PEROT WITH 2% S.D. IN  
LAYER THICKNESS.



B

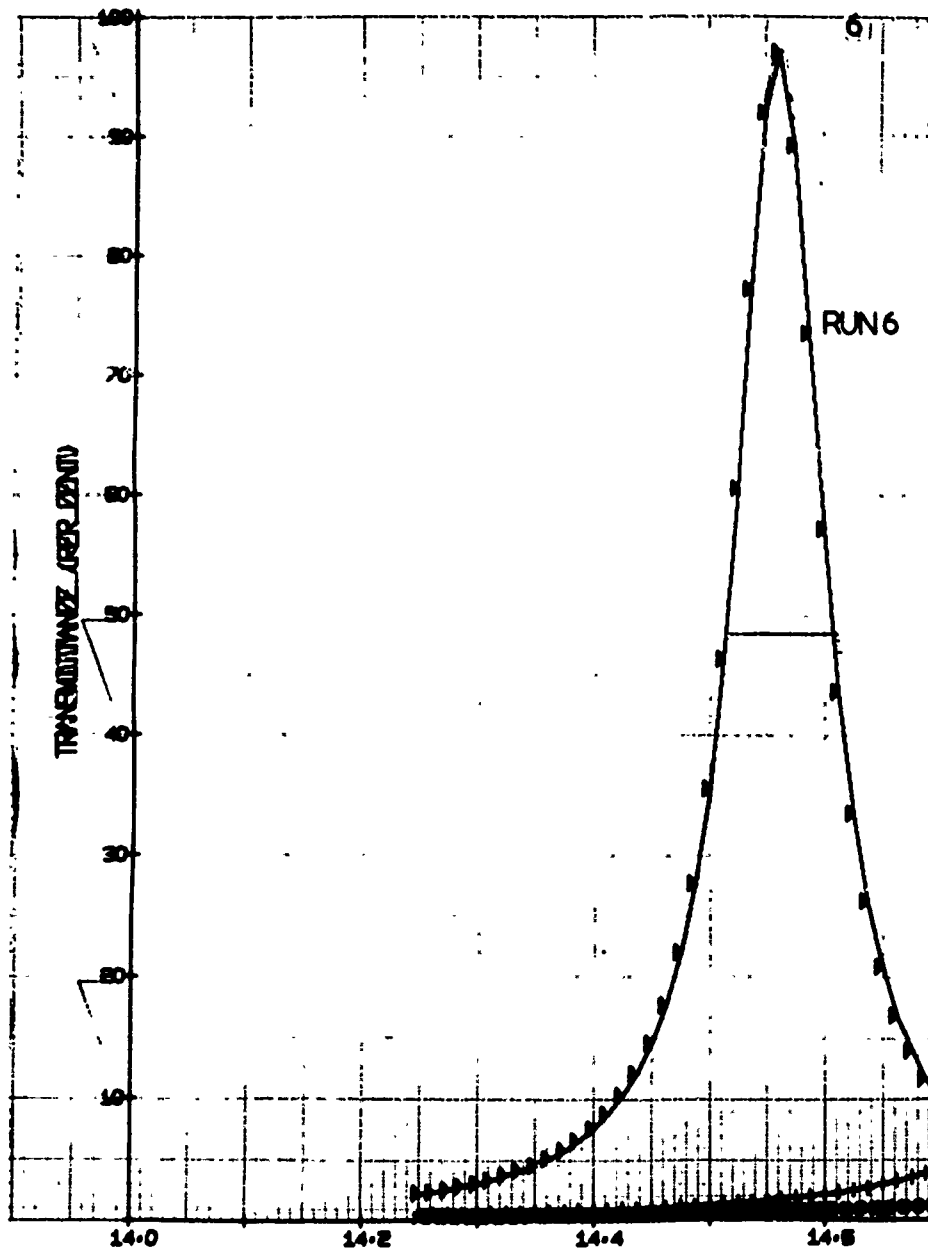
10-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR\* 1.0000  
 RSUB\* 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION\* 2.0000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1	
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2421
2.3500	0.2552
5.3000	0.2487
2.3500	0.2474
5.3000	0.4929
2.3500	0.2558
5.3000	0.2555
2.3500	0.2454
5.3000	0.2507

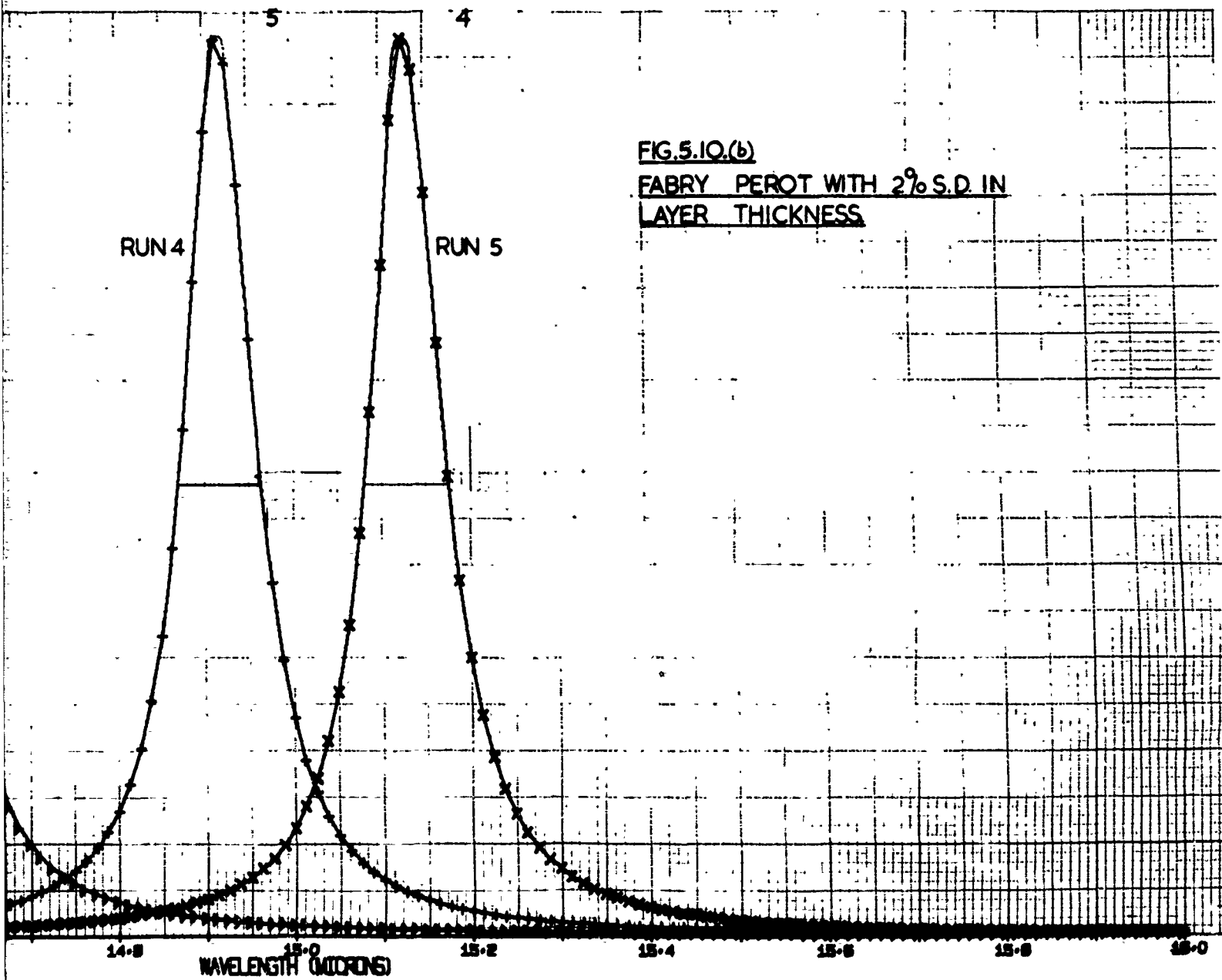
CASE NO. 2	
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2513
5.3000	0.2573
2.3500	0.2385
5.3000	0.2450
2.3500	0.2519
5.3000	0.5082
2.3500	0.2515
5.3000	0.2493
2.3500	0.2424
5.3000	0.2559

CASE NO. 3	
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2496
5.3000	0.2436
2.3500	0.2580
5.3000	0.2526
2.3500	0.2526
5.3000	0.4759
2.3500	0.2435
5.3000	0.2444
2.3500	0.2457
5.3000	0.2572

END OF CALCULATIONS



A



B



10-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH= 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR= 1.0000  
 RSUB= 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION= 2.0000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1  
 LAYER INDEX

LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2448
5.3000	0.2474
2.3500	0.2440
5.3000	0.2597
2.3500	0.2494
5.3000	0.5065
2.3500	0.2511
5.3000	0.2531
2.3500	0.2490
5.3000	0.2491

7

CASE NO. 2  
 LAYER INDEX

LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2482
5.3000	0.2514
2.3500	0.2437
5.3000	0.2500
2.3500	0.2403
5.3000	0.4996
2.3500	0.2483
5.3000	0.2408
2.3500	0.2474
5.3000	0.2581

8

CASE NO. 3  
 LAYER INDEX

LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2579
5.3000	0.2467
2.3500	0.2596
5.3000	0.2465
2.3500	0.2475
5.3000	0.5051
2.3500	0.2517
5.3000	0.2548
2.3500	0.2521
5.3000	0.2534

9

END OF CALCULATIONS

RUN 8

TRANSMITTANCE (PER CENT)

14.0

14.2

14.4

14.6

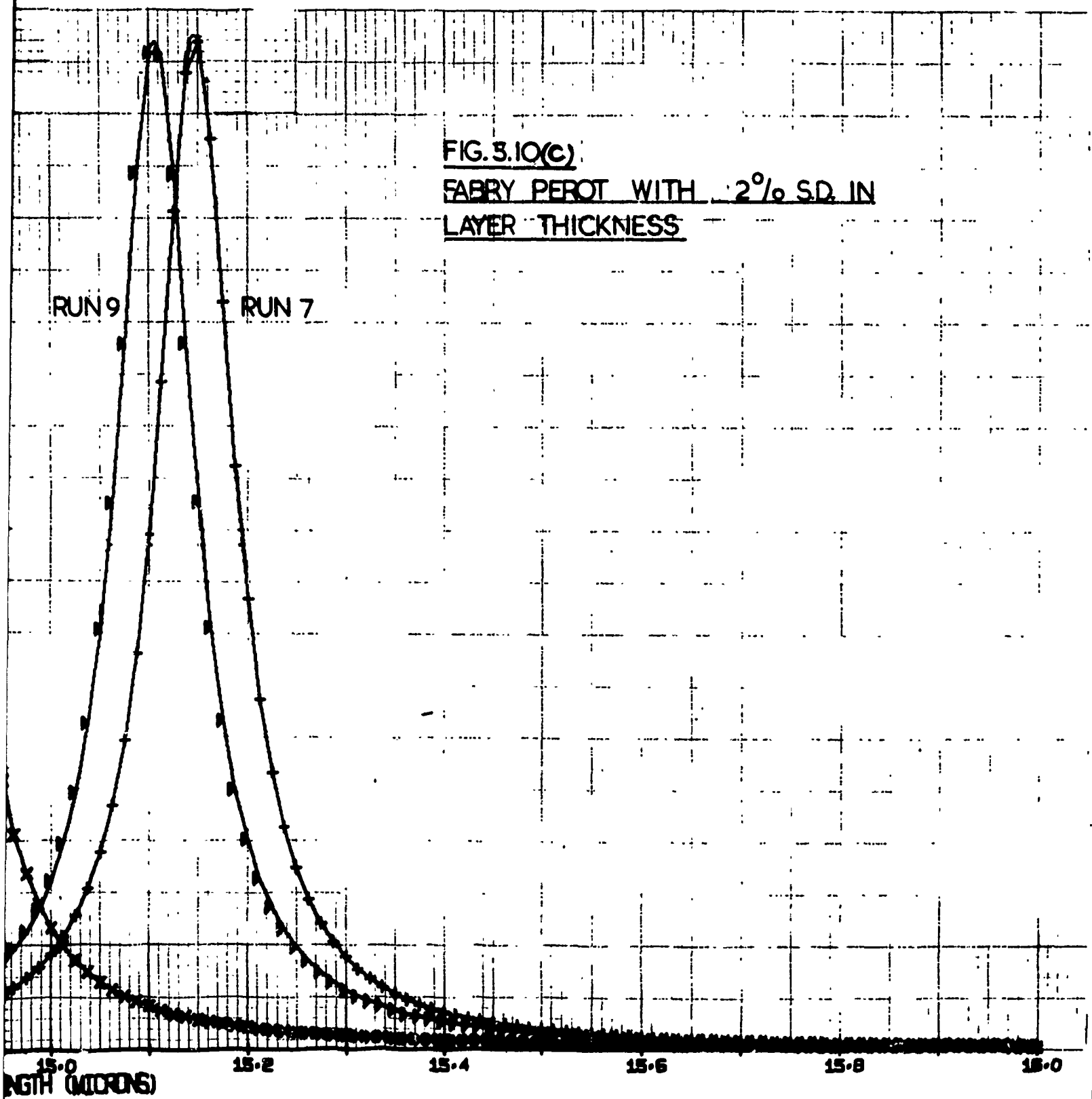
14.8

WAVELENGTH

A

FIG. 3.10(C)

FABRY PEROT WITH 2% SD. IN  
LAYER THICKNESS



B

10-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH= 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR= 1.0000  
 RSUB= 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION= 2.0000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1  
 LAYER INDEX

LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2436
5.3000	0.2518
2.3500	0.2496
5.3000	0.2521
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.5125
2.3500	0.2528
5.3000	0.2441
2.3500	0.2500
5.3000	0.2507

CASE NO. 2  
 LAYER INDEX

LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2510
5.3000	0.2510
2.3500	0.2507
5.3000	0.2501
2.3500	0.2442
5.3000	0.4960
2.3500	0.2464
5.3000	0.2496
2.3500	0.2524
5.3000	0.2499

CASE NO. 3  
 LAYER INDEX

LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2521
5.3000	0.2540
2.3500	0.2556
5.3000	0.2469
2.3500	0.2528
5.3000	0.5070
2.3500	0.2438
5.3000	0.2538
2.3500	0.2485
5.3000	0.2429

END OF CALCULATIONS

TRANSMITTANCE (PER CENT)

RUN II

14.0

14.2

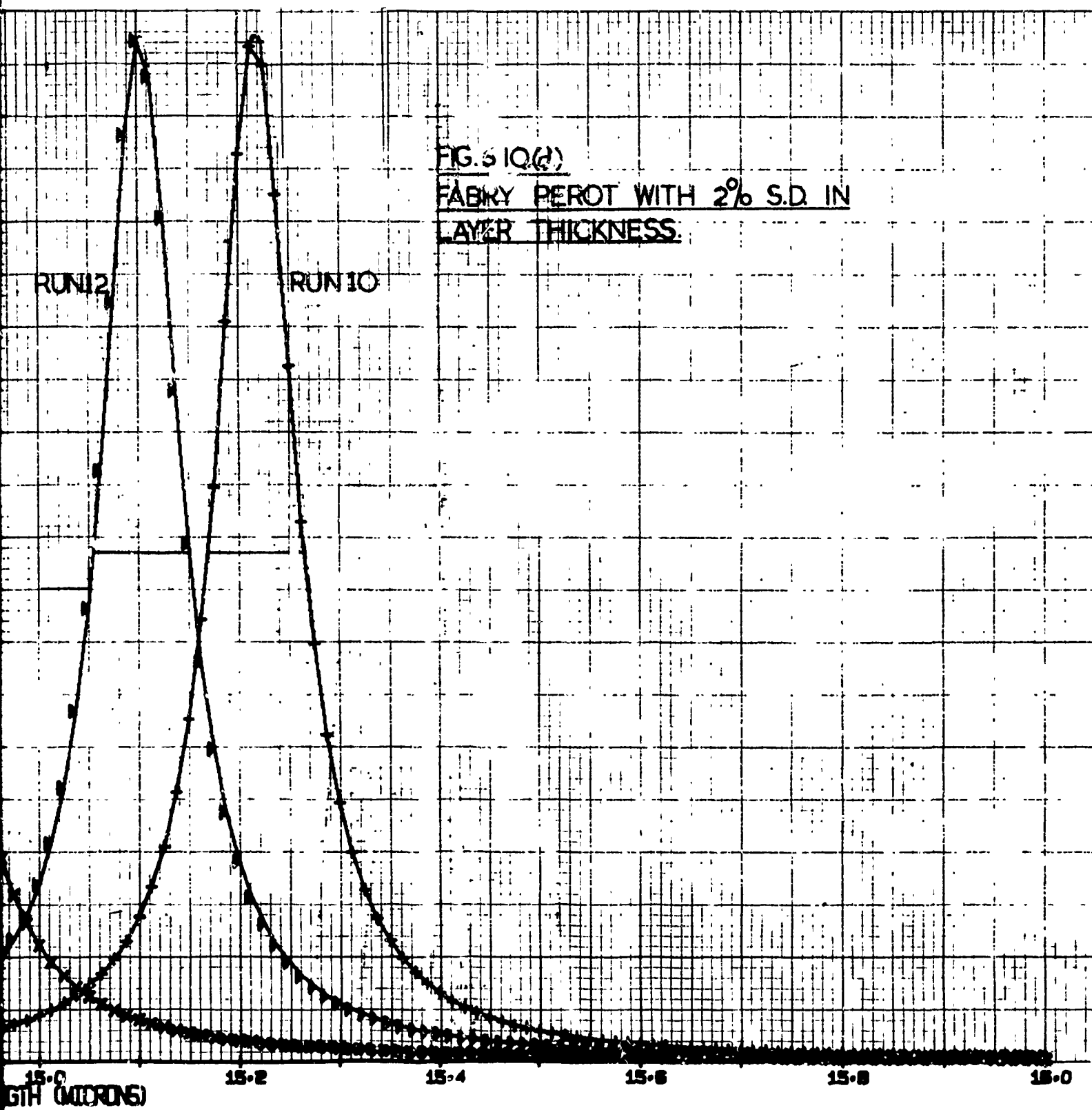
14.4

14.6

14.8

WAVELENGTH

A



14-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR\* 1.0000  
 RSUB\* 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION\* 2.0000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2436
5.3000	0.2518
2.3500	0.2496
5.3000	0.5043
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2562
2.3500	0.2528
5.3000	0.2441
2.3500	0.2500
5.3000	0.2507
2.3500	0.2510
5.3000	0.5021
2.3500	0.2507
5.3000	0.2501

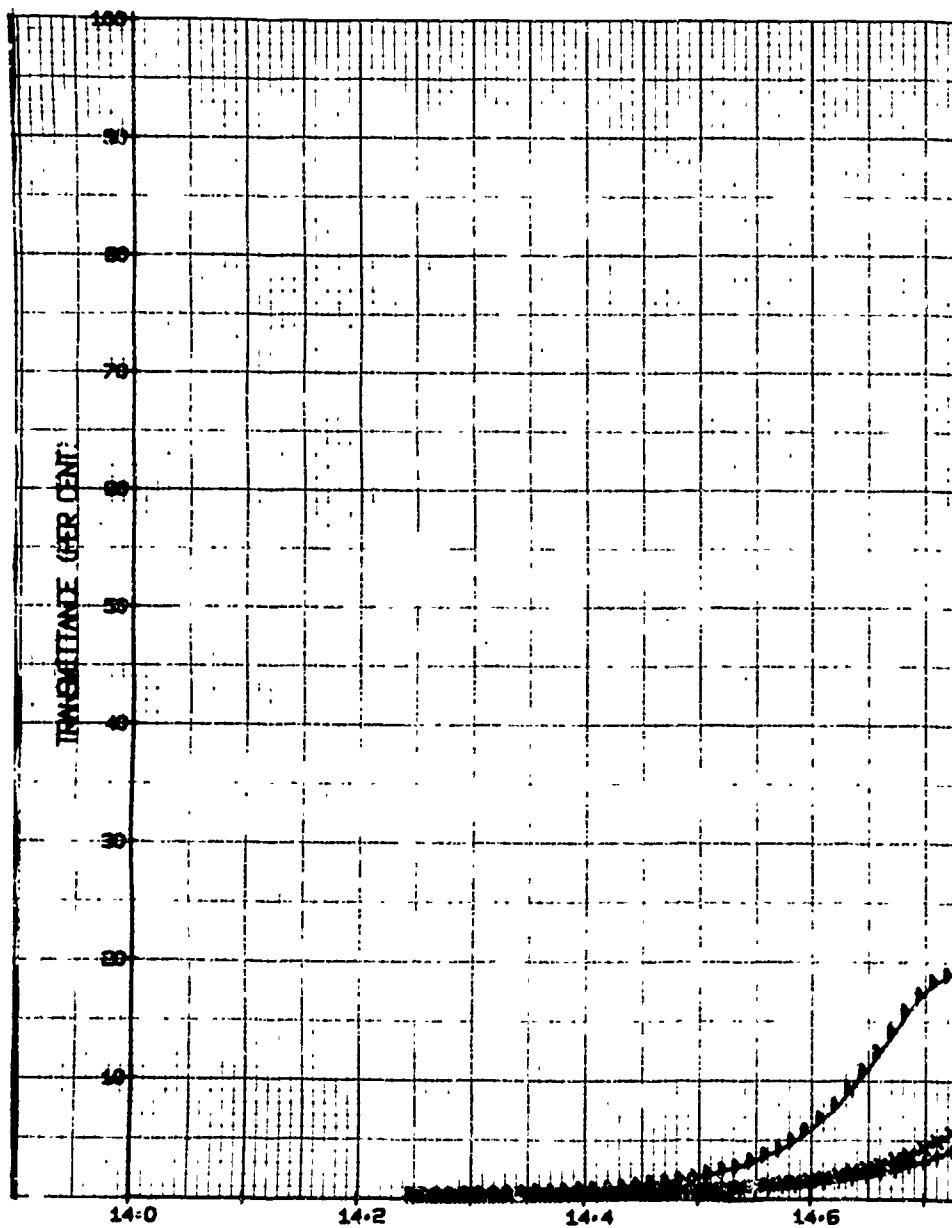
CASE NO. 2

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2442
5.3000	0.2480
2.3500	0.2464
5.3000	0.4992
2.3500	0.2524
5.3000	0.2449
2.3500	0.2521
5.3000	0.2530
2.3500	0.2556
5.3000	0.2469
2.3500	0.2528
5.3000	0.5070
2.3500	0.2438
5.3000	0.2538

CASE NO. 3

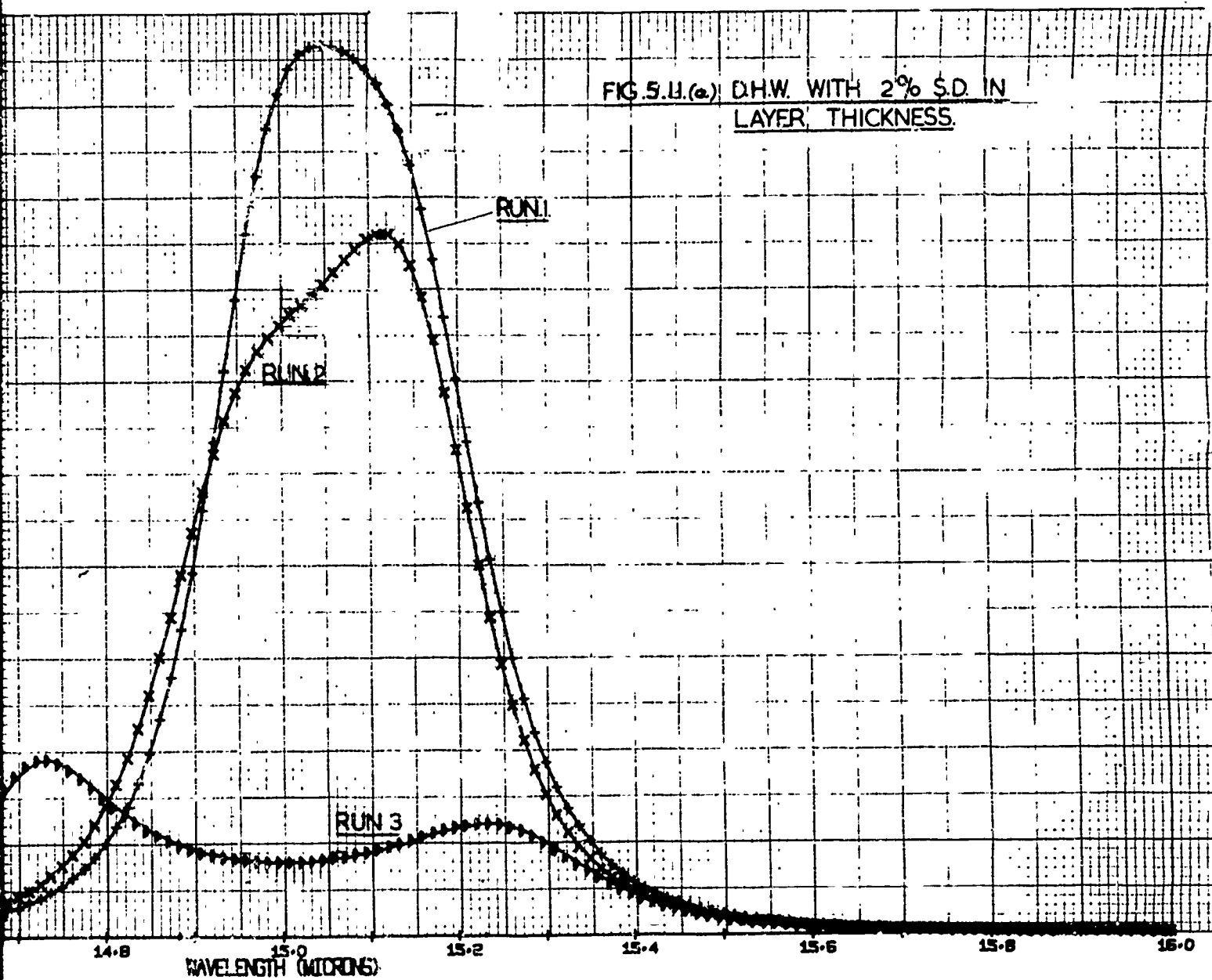
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2485
5.3000	0.2429
2.3500	0.2620
5.3000	0.5116
2.3500	0.2442
5.3000	0.2574
2.3500	0.2502
5.3000	0.2477
2.3500	0.2449
5.3000	0.2518
2.3500	0.2434
5.3000	0.4894
2.3500	0.2457
5.3000	0.2513

END OF CALCULATIONS



A

FIG. 5.11(a) D.H.W. WITH 2% S.D. IN  
LAYER THICKNESS.



B

1\*-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH 15.0000 MICRONS  
 R<sub>IR</sub> 1.0000  
 R<sub>SUB</sub> 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION 2.0000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2448
5.3000	0.2474
2.3500	0.2440
5.3000	0.5194
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2532
2.3500	0.2511
5.3000	0.2531
2.3500	0.2490
5.3000	0.2491
2.3500	0.2482
5.3000	0.5029
2.3500	0.2437
5.3000	0.2500

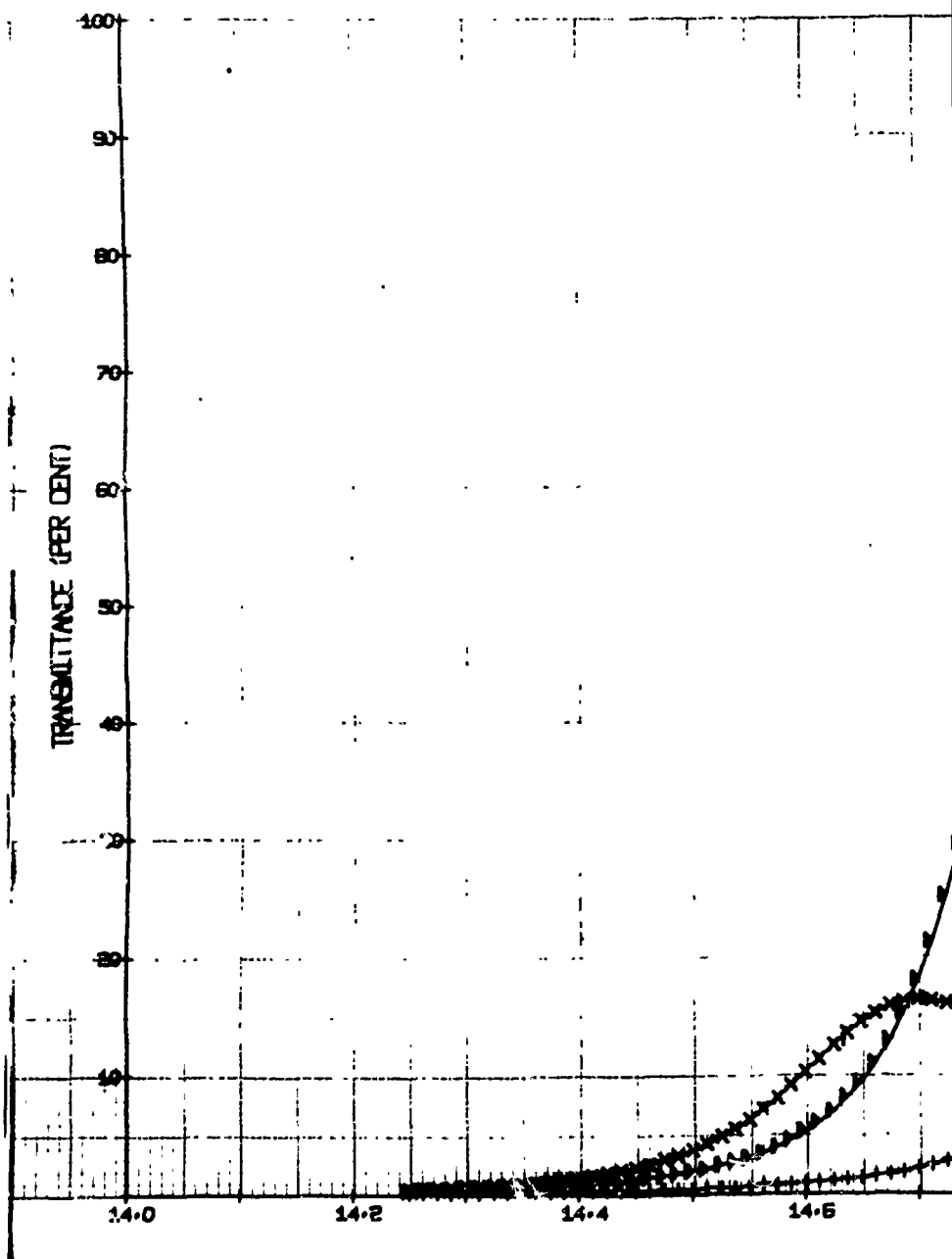
CASE NO. 2

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2403
5.3000	0.2498
2.3500	0.2483
5.3000	0.1817
2.3500	0.2474
5.3000	0.2581
2.3500	0.2579
5.3000	0.2467
2.3500	0.2596
5.3000	0.2465
2.3500	0.2475
5.3000	0.5051
2.3500	0.2517
5.3000	0.2548

CASE NO. 3

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2521
5.3000	0.2534
2.3500	0.2438
5.3000	0.4965
2.3500	0.2467
5.3000	0.2493
2.3500	0.2559
5.3000	0.2466
2.3500	0.2513
5.3000	0.2501
2.3500	0.2480
5.3000	0.4999
2.3500	0.2459
5.3000	0.2510

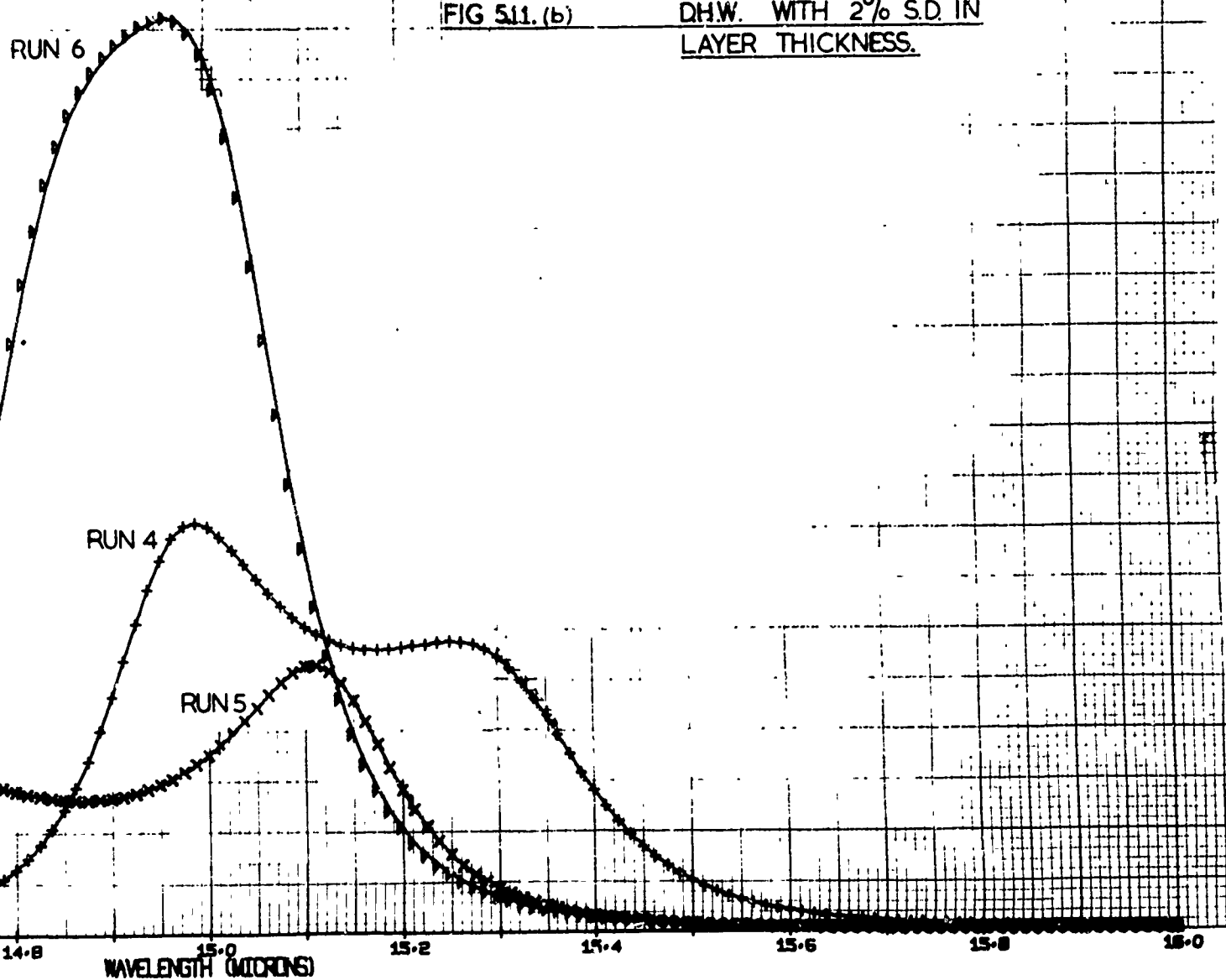
END OF CALCULATIONS



A

FIG 5.11. (b)

DH.W. WITH 2% S.D. IN  
LAYER THICKNESS.



B



14-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR\* 1.0000  
 RSUB\* 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION\* 2.0000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2421
2.3500	0.2552
5.3000	0.4974
2.3500	0.2474
5.3000	0.2464
2.3500	0.2558
5.3000	0.2555
2.3500	0.2454
5.3000	0.2507
2.3500	0.2513
5.3000	0.5146
2.3500	0.2385
5.3000	0.2450

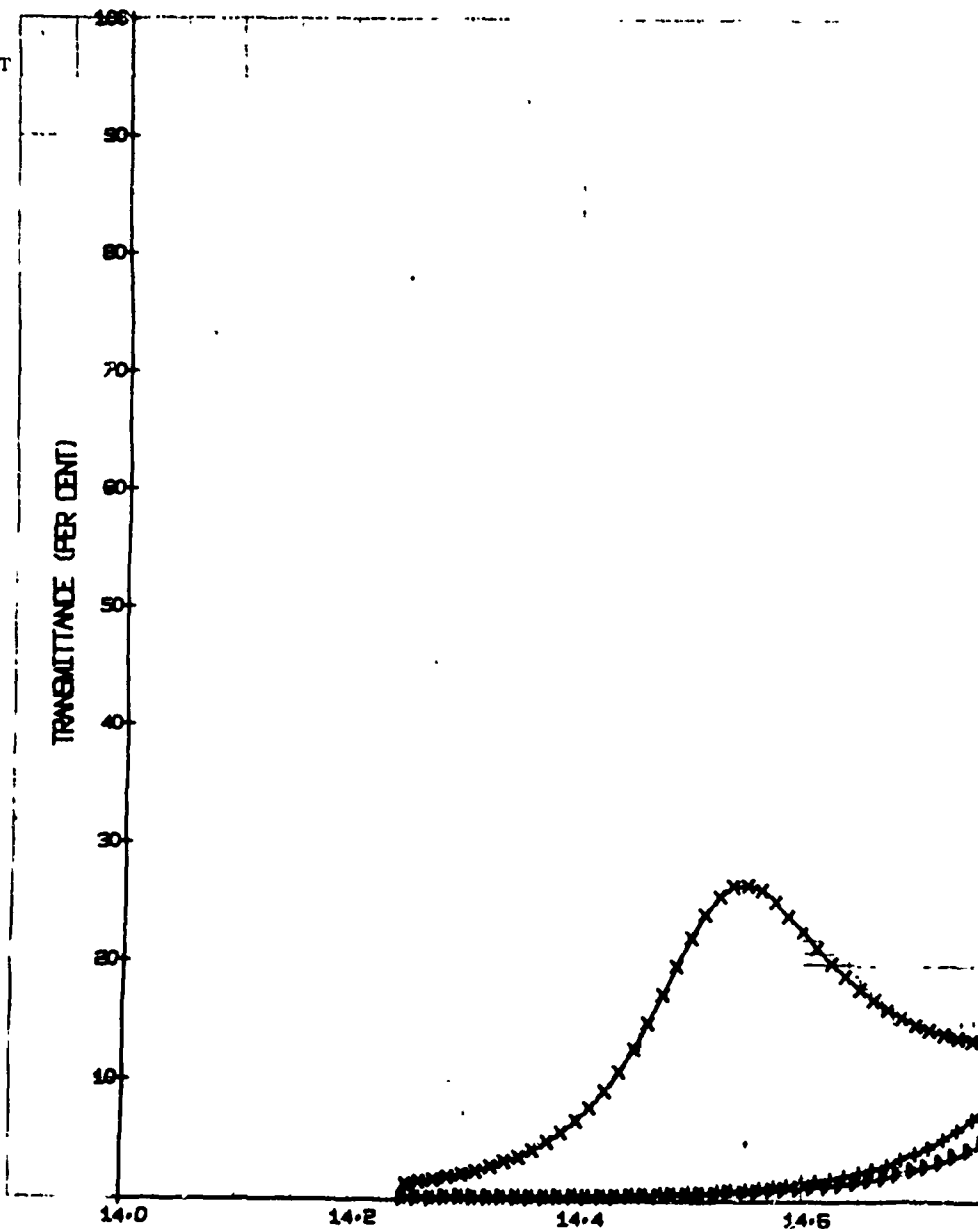
CASE NO. 2

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2519
5.3000	0.2541
2.3500	0.2515
5.3000	0.4987
2.3500	0.2424
5.3000	0.2559
2.3500	0.2496
5.3000	0.2436
2.3500	0.2580
5.3000	0.2526
2.3500	0.2526
5.3000	0.4759
2.3500	0.2435
5.3000	0.2444

CASE NO. 3

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2457
5.3000	0.2572
2.3500	0.2541
5.3000	0.5025
2.3500	0.2537
5.3000	0.2515
2.3500	0.2546
5.3000	0.2430
2.3500	0.2468
5.3000	0.2458
2.3500	0.2402
5.3000	0.5097
2.3500	0.2498
5.3000	0.2451

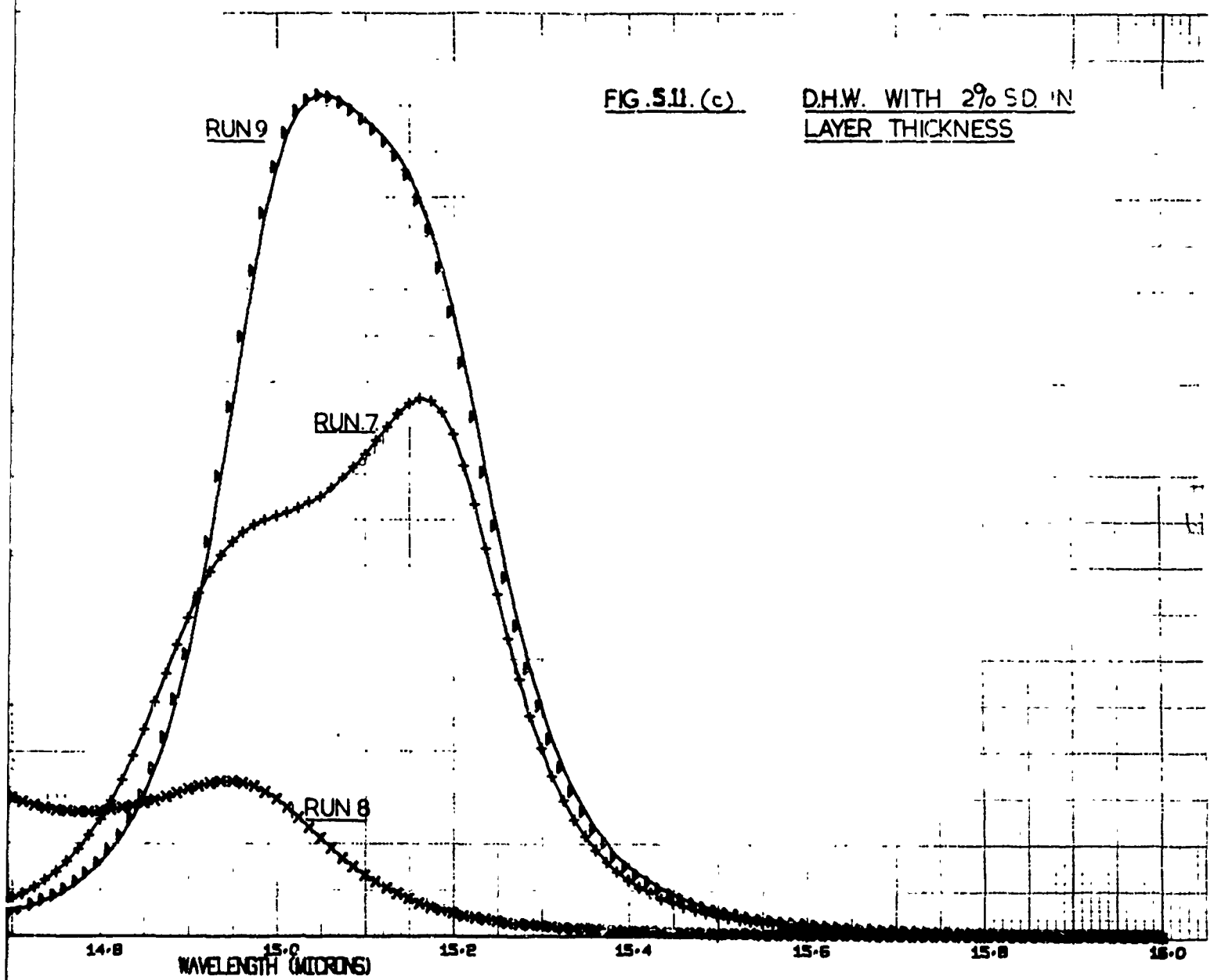
END OF CALCULATIONS



A

FIG. 5.11. (c)

D.H.W. WITH 2% SD IN  
LAYER THICKNESS



B

# 14-LAYER FILTER

MONITOR WAVELENGTH=

15.0000 MICRONS\*

FAIR= 1.0000

FSUB= 4.0000

STANDARD DEVIATION=

2.0000 PER CENT

## CASE NO. 1

### LAYER INDEX

### LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2567
5.3000	0.2458
2.3500	0.2545
5.3000	0.5060
2.3500	0.2611
5.3000	0.2540
2.3500	0.2515
5.3000	0.2537
2.3500	0.2406
5.3000	0.2522
2.3500	0.2534
5.3000	0.4889
2.3500	0.2550
5.3000	0.2454

10

## CASE NO. 2

### LAYER INDEX

### LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2554
5.3000	0.2501
2.3500	0.2495
5.3000	0.5172
2.3500	0.2524
5.3000	0.2558
2.3500	0.2550
5.3000	0.2468
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2465
2.3500	0.2534
5.3000	0.4900
2.3500	0.2463
5.3000	0.2522

11

## CASE NO. 3

### LAYER INDEX

### LAYER THICKNESS

2.3500	0.2529
5.3000	0.2532
2.3500	0.2532
5.3000	0.5159
2.3500	0.2473
5.3000	0.2464
2.3500	0.2552
5.3000	0.2536
2.3500	0.2518
5.3000	0.2446
2.3500	0.2521
5.3000	0.4987
2.3500	0.2512
5.3000	0.2528

12

TRANSMITTANCE (PER CENT)

14.0

14.2

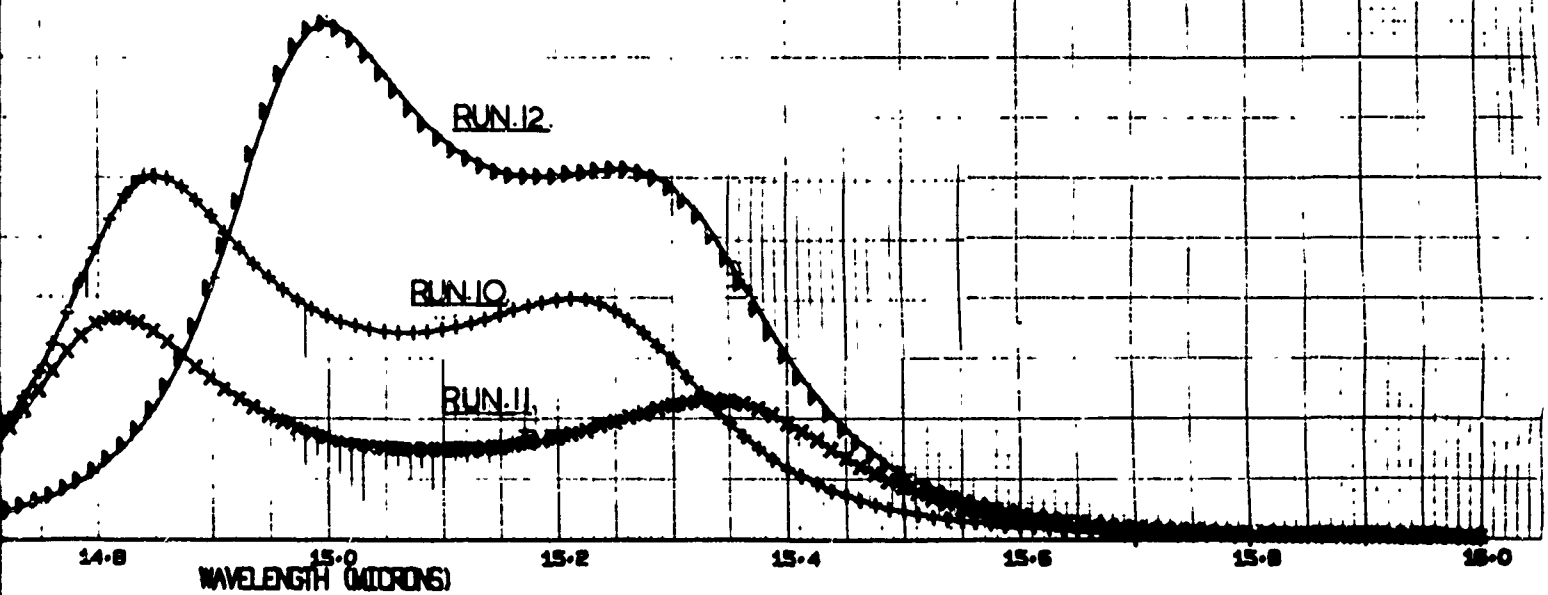
14.4

14.6

END OF CALCULATIONS

A

FIG. 5.12.(d). D.H.W. WITH 2% SD IN  
LAYER THICKNESS



B

PEAK TRANSMISSION AS A FUNCTION OF HALF-WIDTH  
 FOR THE DHW Ge/ LHL HH LHLHL HH LH FOR 2%  
 & 1.4% SD. IN LAYER THICKNESS.

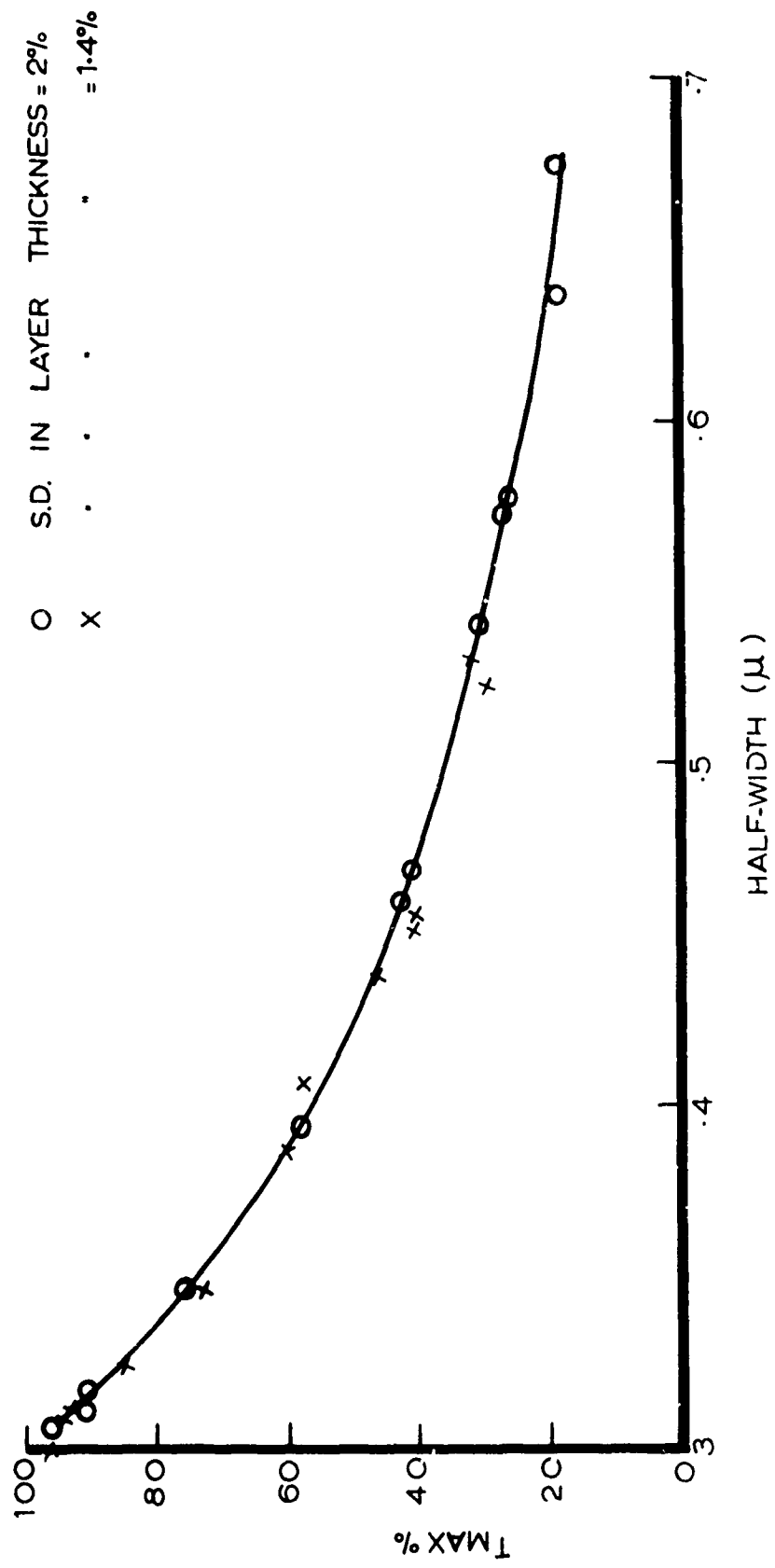


FIG. 5.12.

PEAK TRANSMISSION AND HALF-WIDTH OF THE D.H.W.  
 DESIGN  $\text{Ge/LHLHH LHLHLH LHLH}$  AS A FUNCTION  
 OF  $l\lambda_p - \lambda_c l$  FOR 2% AND 1.4% SD IN LAYER THICKNESS.

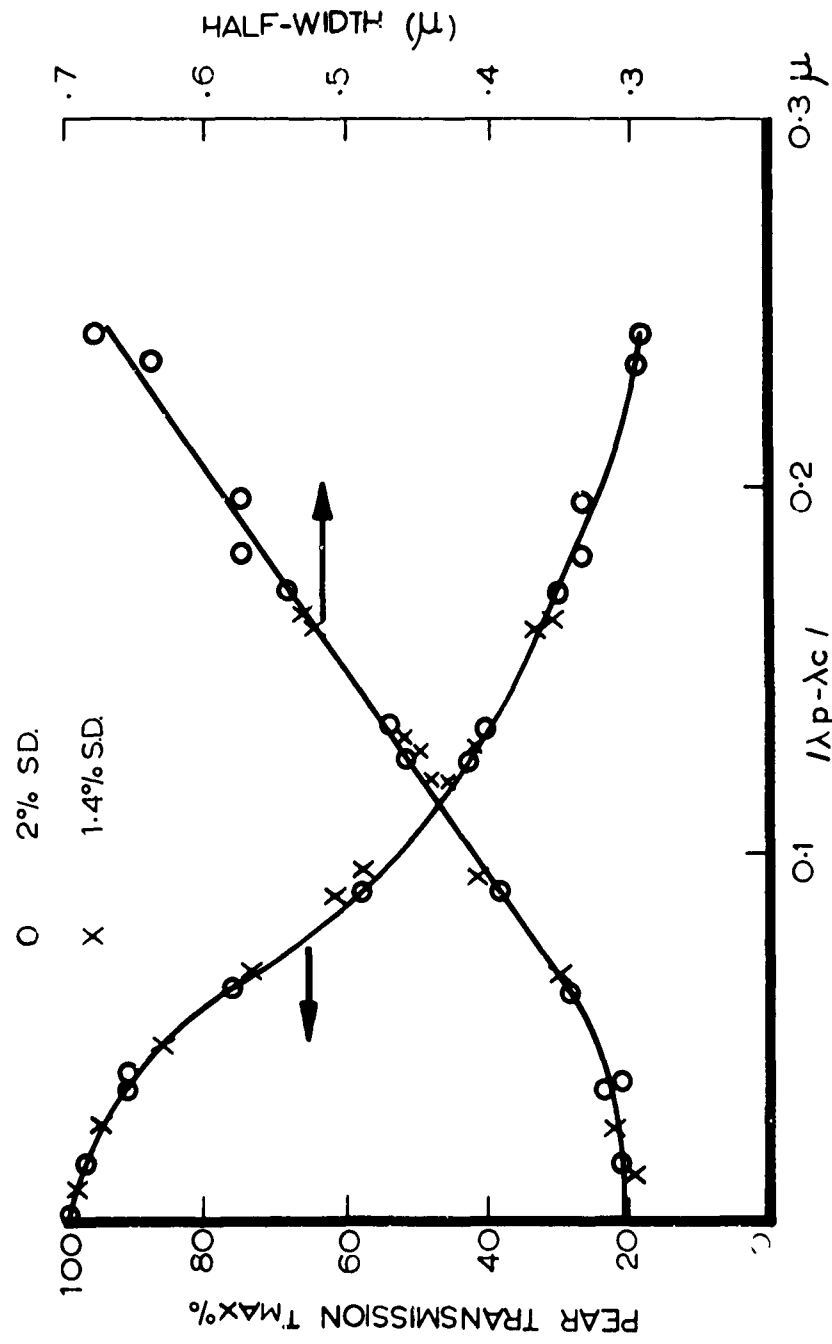


FIG.5.13.

# 14-LAYER FILTER

MONITOR WAVELENGTH= 15.0000 MICRONS  
RAIR= 1.0000  
RSUB= 4.0000  
STANDARD DEVIATION= 1.4000 PER CENT

## CASE NO. 1

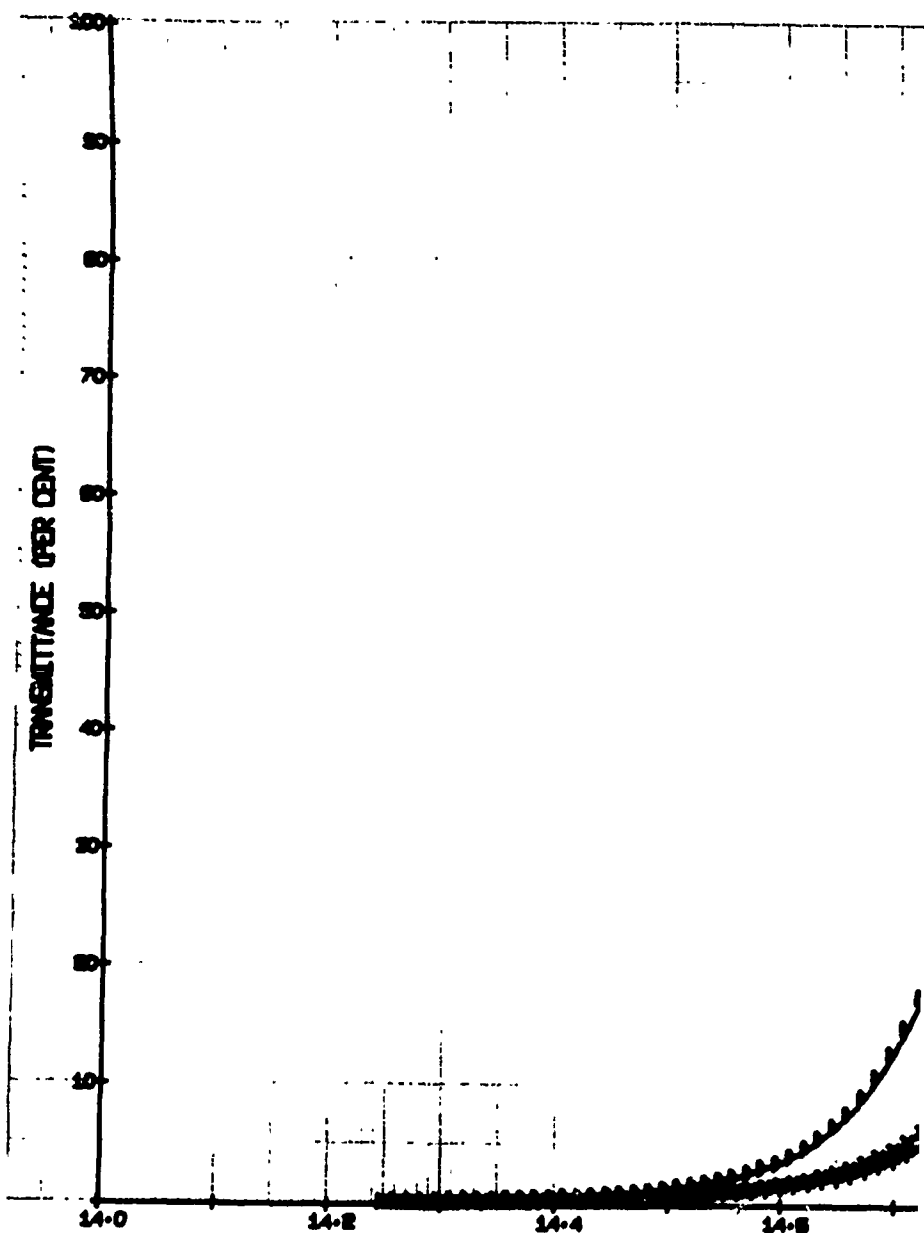
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2455
5.3000	0.2512
2.3500	0.2497
5.3000	0.5030
2.3500	0.2495
5.3000	0.2543
2.3500	0.2519
5.3000	0.2458
2.3500	0.2500
5.3000	0.2505
2.3500	0.2507
5.3000	0.5015
2.3500	0.2505
5.3000	0.2501

## CASE NO. 2

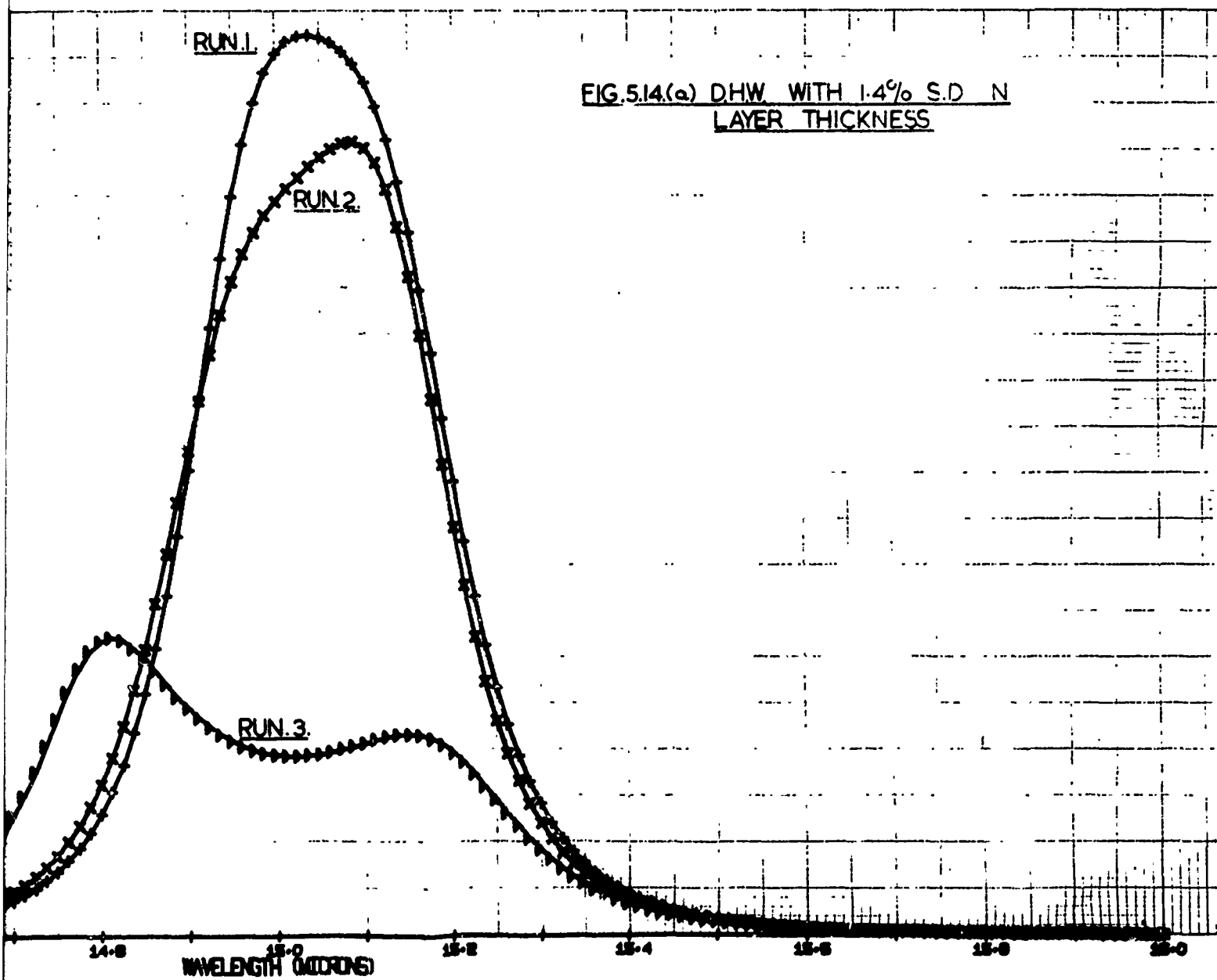
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2459
5.3000	0.2486
2.3500	0.2475
5.3000	0.4994
2.3500	0.2517
5.3000	0.2499
2.3500	0.2515
5.3000	0.2528
2.3500	0.2539
5.3000	0.2478
2.3500	0.2520
5.3000	0.5049
2.3500	0.2457
5.3000	0.2527

## CASE NO. 3

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2490
5.3000	0.2450
2.3500	0.2584
5.3000	0.5081
2.3500	0.2460
5.3000	0.2552
2.3500	0.2501
5.3000	0.2484
2.3500	0.2464
5.3000	0.2513
2.3500	0.2454
5.3000	0.4926
2.3500	0.2469
5.3000	0.2509



A



B



14-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR\* 1.0000  
 REUB\* 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION\* 1.4000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1

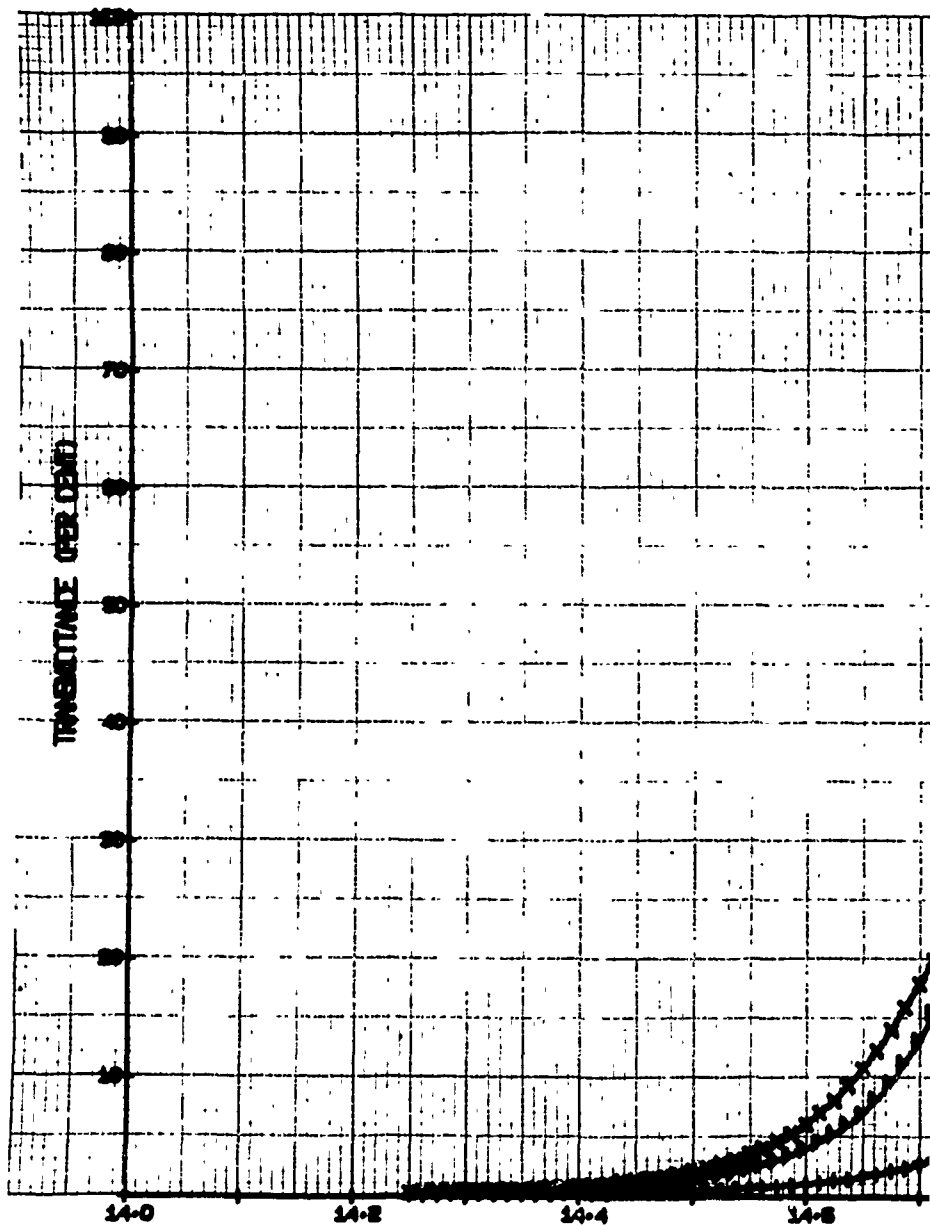
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2464
5.3000	0.2482
2.3500	0.2458
5.3000	0.5136
2.3500	0.2496
5.3000	0.2523
2.3500	0.2508
5.3000	0.2521
2.3500	0.2493
5.3000	0.2494
2.3500	0.2487
5.3000	0.5020
2.3500	0.2455
5.3000	0.2500

CASE NO. 2

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2432
5.3000	0.2498
2.3500	0.2488
5.3000	0.4872
2.3500	0.2482
5.3000	0.2557
2.3500	0.2555
5.3000	0.2477
2.3500	0.2567
5.3000	0.2475
2.3500	0.2482
5.3000	0.5036
2.3500	0.2512
5.3000	0.2534

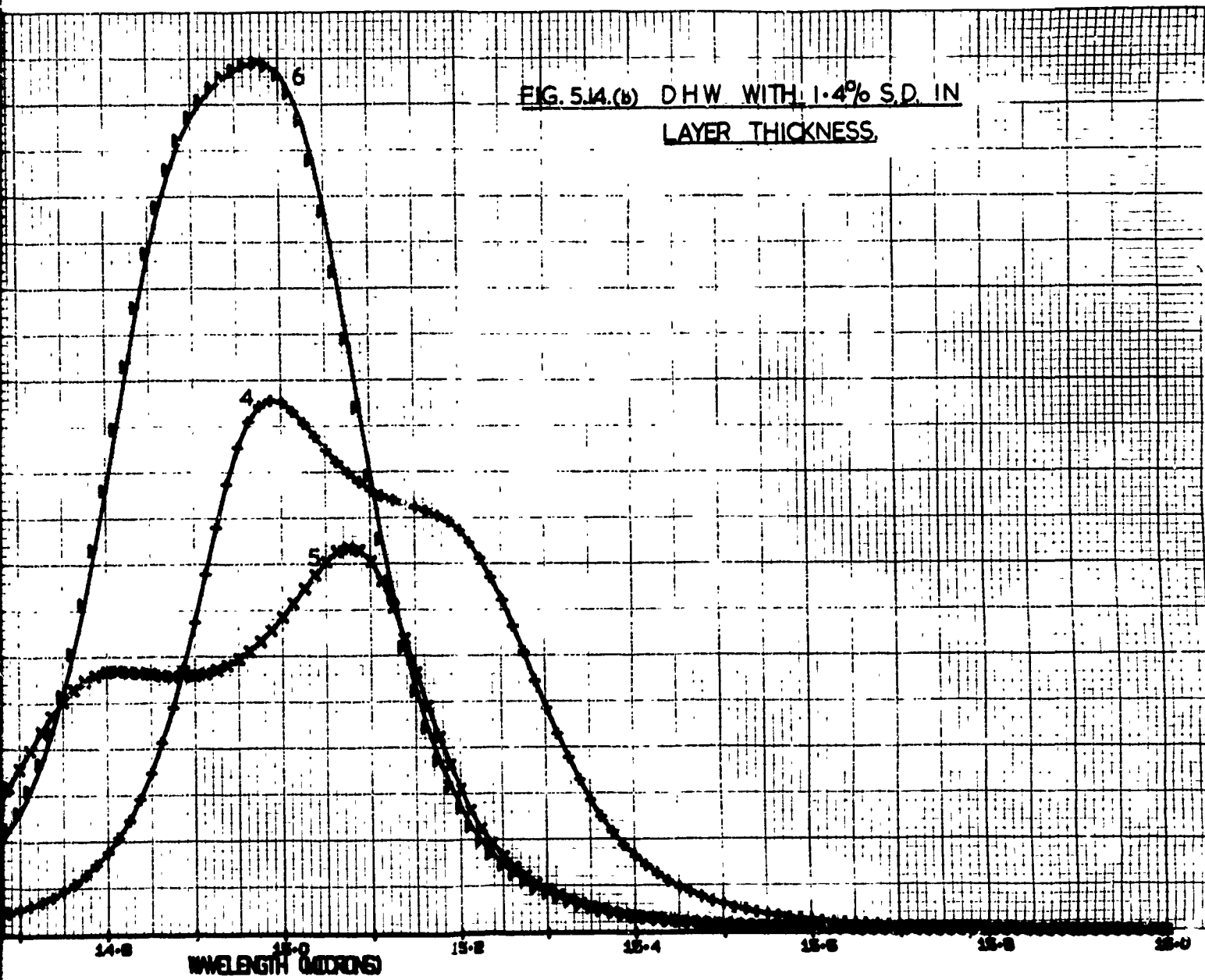
CASE NO. 3

LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2515
5.3000	0.2524
2.3400	0.2456
5.3000	0.4975
2.3500	0.2477
5.3000	0.2495
2.3500	0.2541
5.3000	0.2476
2.3500	0.2509
5.3000	0.2501
2.3500	0.2486
5.3000	0.4999
2.3500	0.2471
5.3000	0.2507



A

FIG. 5.14.(b) DHW WITH 1.4% S.D. IN  
LAYER THICKNESS.



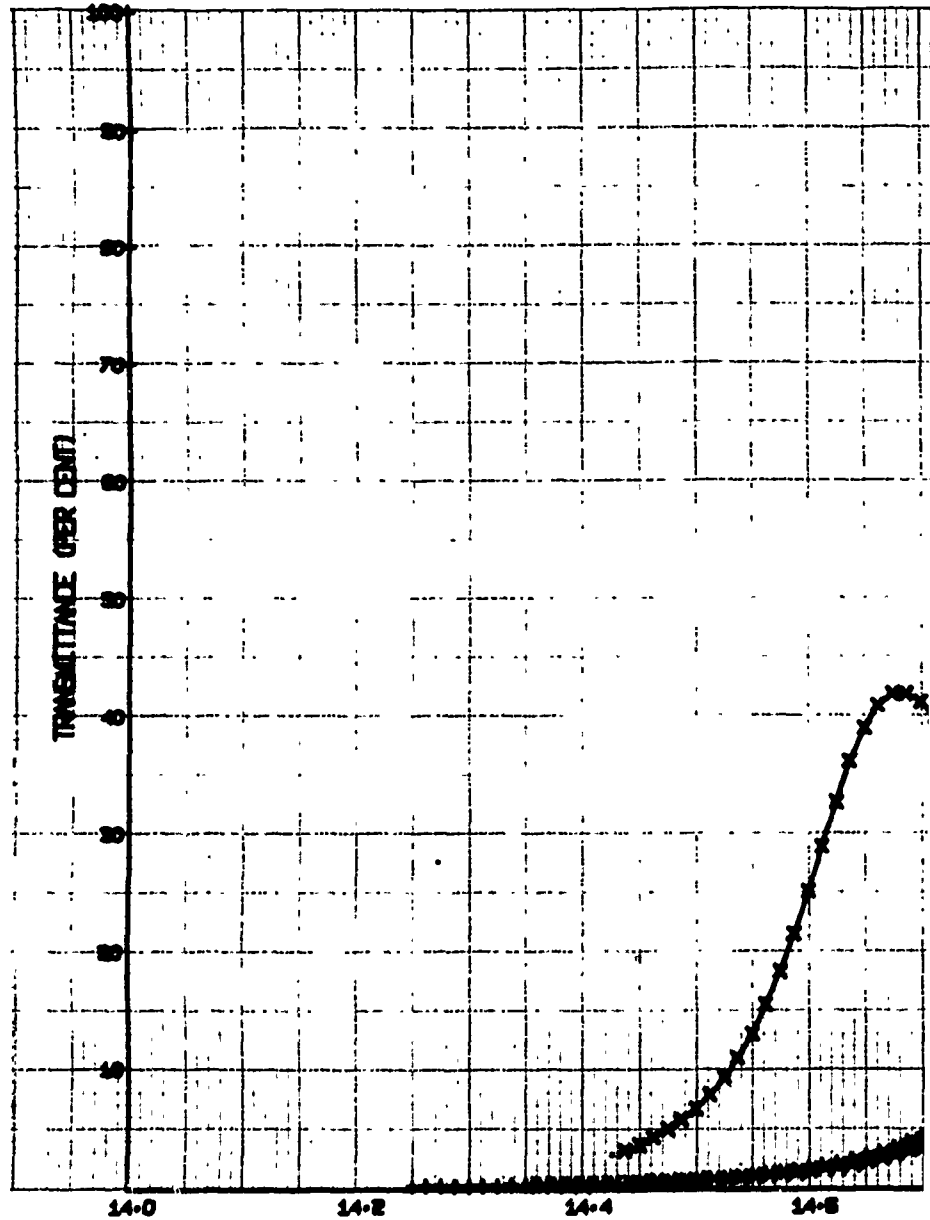
B

14-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR\* 1.0000  
 RSUB\* 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION\* 1.4000 PER CENT

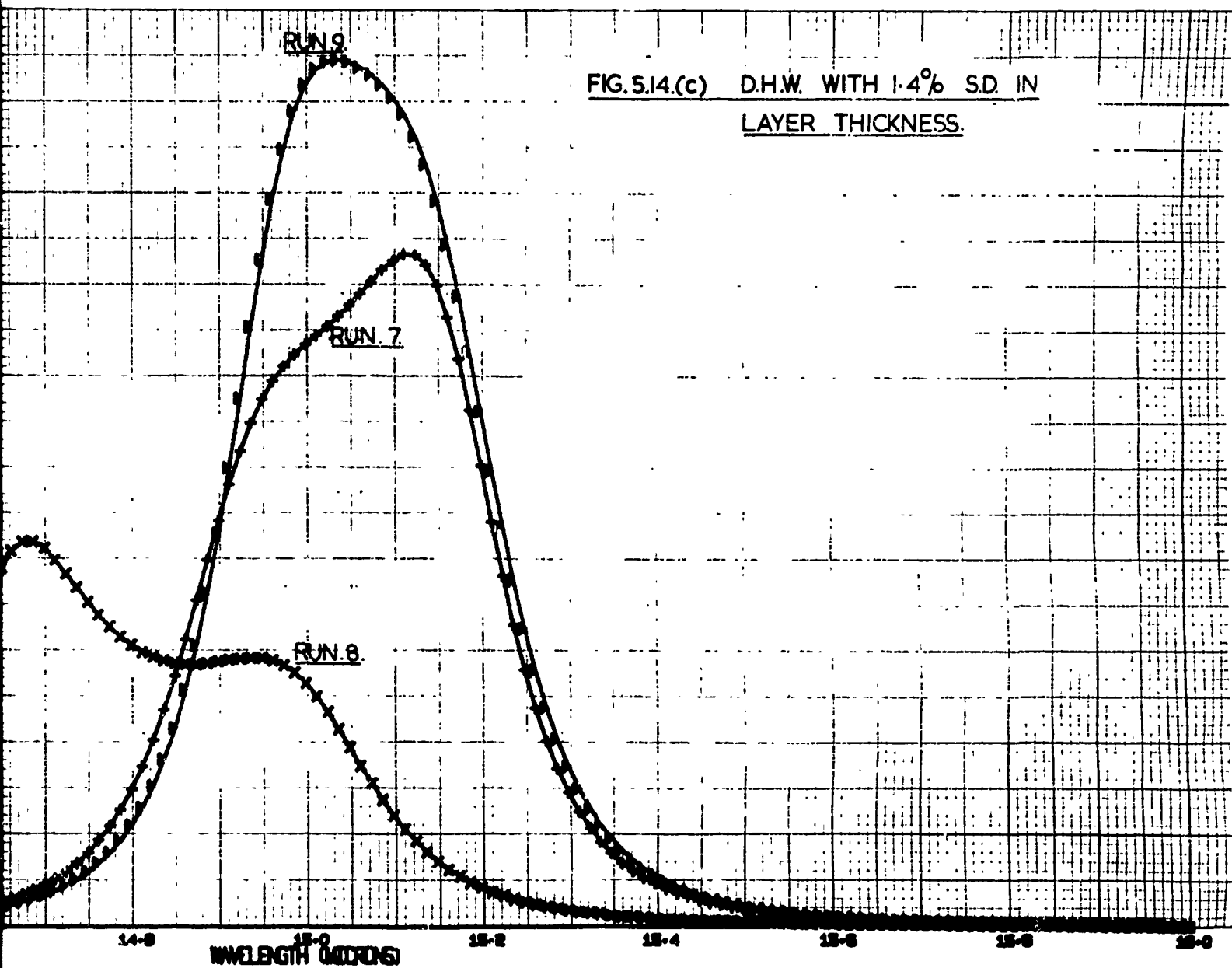
CASE NO. 1	
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2495
5.3000	0.2445
2.3500	0.2537
5.3000	0.4981
2.3500	0.2482
5.3000	0.2475
2.3500	0.2540
5.3000	0.2538
2.3500	0.2468
5.3000	0.2505
2.3500	0.2509
5.3000	0.5102
2.3500	0.2419
5.3000	0.2465

CASE NO. 2	
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2513
5.3000	0.2528
2.3500	0.2511
5.3000	0.4991
2.3500	0.2447
5.3000	0.2541
2.3500	0.2497
5.3000	0.2455
2.3500	0.2556
5.3000	0.2518
2.3500	0.2518
5.3000	0.4831
2.3500	0.2455
5.3000	0.2461

CASE NO. 3	
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS
2.3500	0.2470
5.3000	0.2550
2.3500	0.2528
5.3000	0.5018
2.3500	0.2526
5.3000	0.2510
2.3500	0.2532
5.3000	0.2451
2.3500	0.2477
5.3000	0.2471
2.3500	0.2431
5.3000	0.5068
2.3500	0.2499
5.3000	0.2466



A



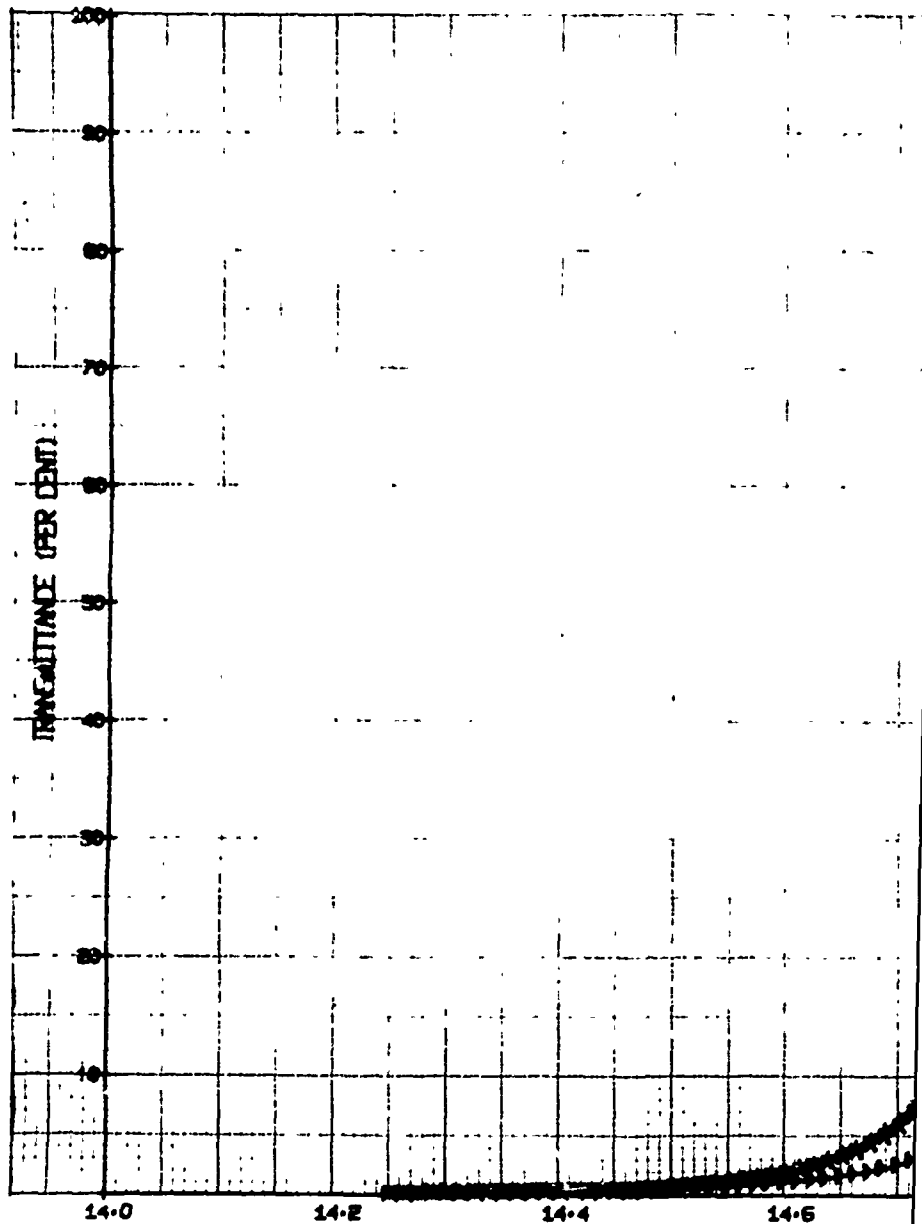
B

14-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH\* 15.0000 MICRONS  
 RAIR\* 1.0000  
 RSUB\* 4.0000  
 STANDARD DEVIATION\* 1.4000 PER CENT

CASE NO. 1		
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS	
2.3500	0.2547	
5.3000	0.2470	
2.3500	0.2532	
5.3000	0.5042	
2.3500	0.2578	
5.3000	0.2528	
2.3500	0.2510	10
5.3000	0.2526	
2.3500	0.2434	
5.3000	0.2515	
2.3500	0.2524	
5.3000	0.4922	
2.3500	0.2535	
5.3000	0.2468	

CASE NO. 2		
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS	
2.3500	0.2538	
5.3000	0.2501	
2.3500	0.2496	
5.3000	0.5120	
2.3500	0.2516	
5.3000	0.2541	
2.3500	0.2563	11
5.3000	0.2477	
2.3500	0.2495	
5.3000	0.2475	
2.3500	0.2524	
5.3000	0.4930	
2.3500	0.2474	
5.3000	0.2515	

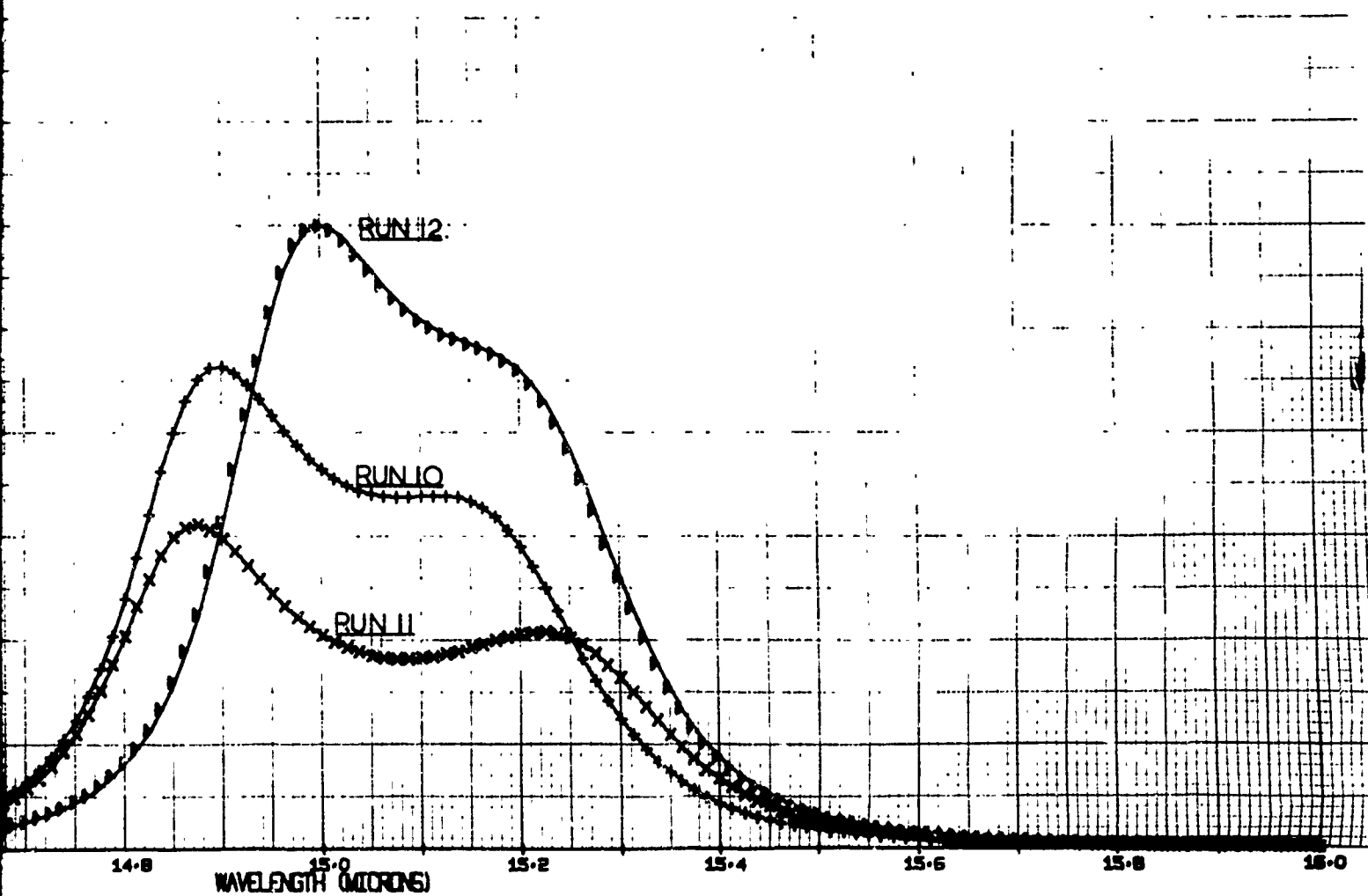
CASE NO. 3		
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS	
2.3500	0.2520	
5.3000	0.2522	
2.3500	0.2522	
5.3000	0.5111	
2.3500	0.2481	
5.3000	0.2475	
2.3500	0.2536	12
5.3000	0.2525	
2.3500	0.2512	
5.3000	0.2462	
2.3500	0.2515	
5.3000	0.4991	
2.3500	0.2508	
5.3000	0.2519	



A

FIG. 514(d)

D.H.W. WITH 1.4% S.D. IN  
LAYER THICKNESS.

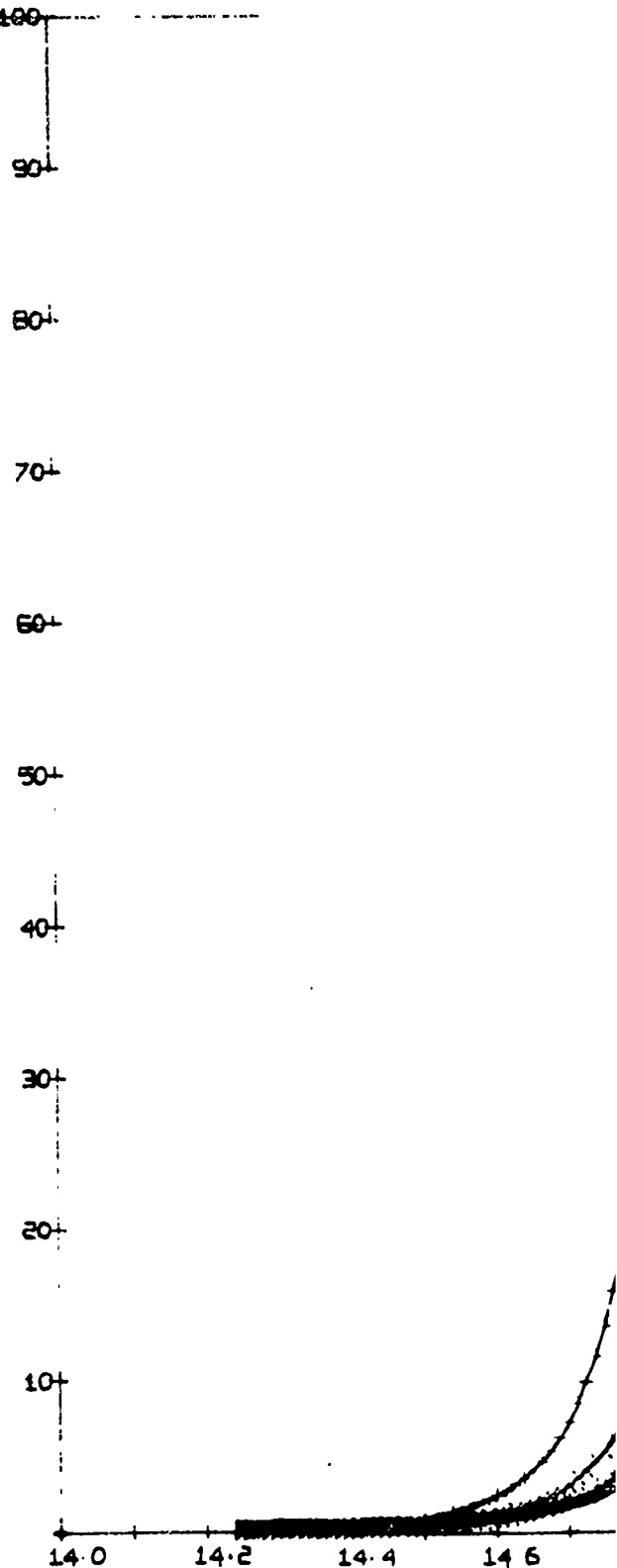


B

14-LAYER FILTER  
 MONITOR WAVELENGTH= 14.8200 MICRONS  
 RAIR= 1.0000  
 RSUB= 4.0000

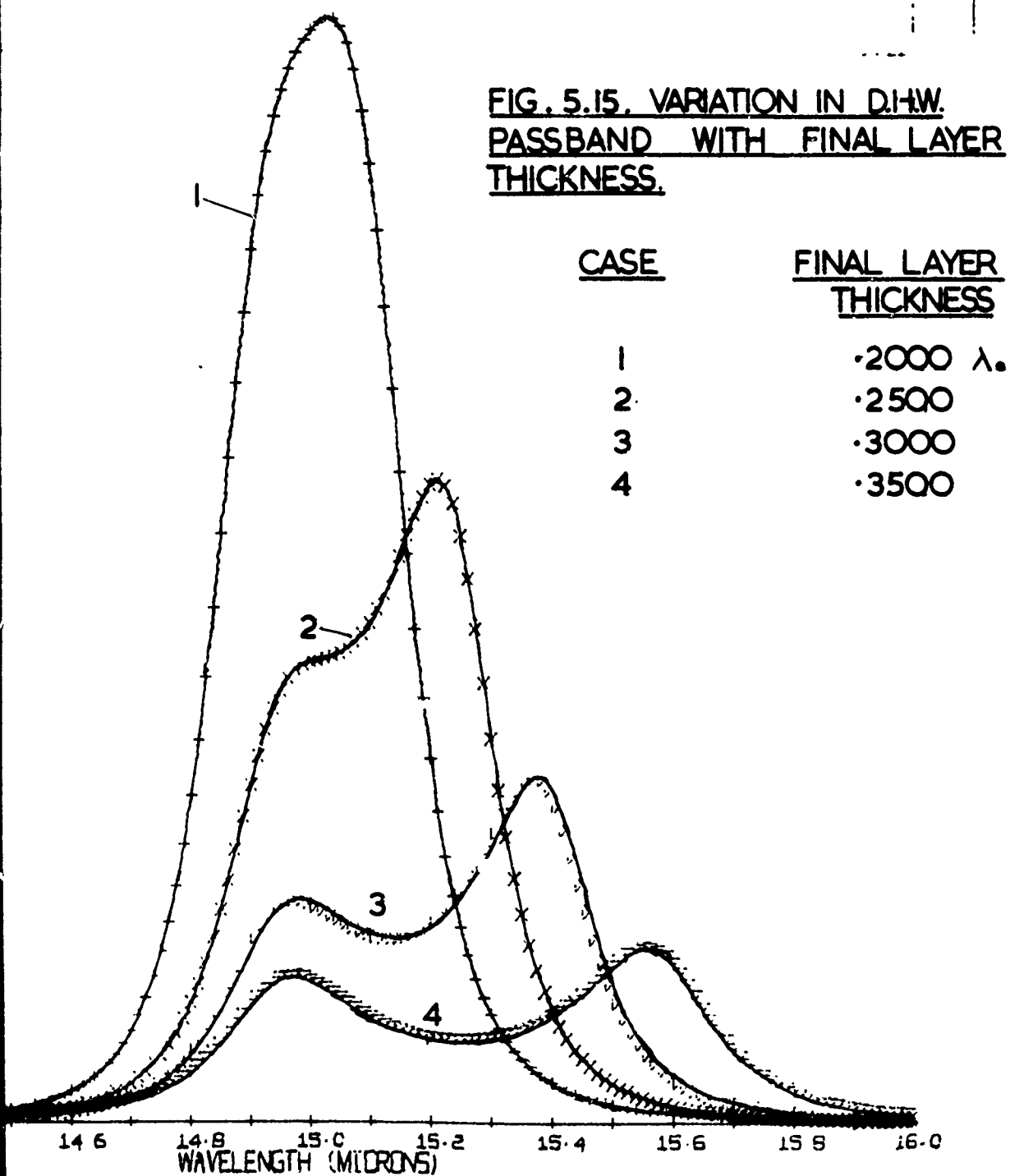
CASE NO. 1		
LAYER INDEX	LAYER THICKNESS	
2.3500	0.2464	
5.3000	0.2566	
2.3500	0.2537	
5.3000	0.5075	
2.3500	0.2467	
5.3000	0.2419	
2.3500	0.2491	
5.3000	0.2492	
2.3500	0.2604	
5.3000	0.2478	
2.3500	0.2518	
5.3000	0.5184	
2.3500	0.2564	
5.3000	0.2000	(1)
	0.2500	(2)
	0.3000	(3)
	0.3500	(4)

TRANSMITTANCE (PER CENT)

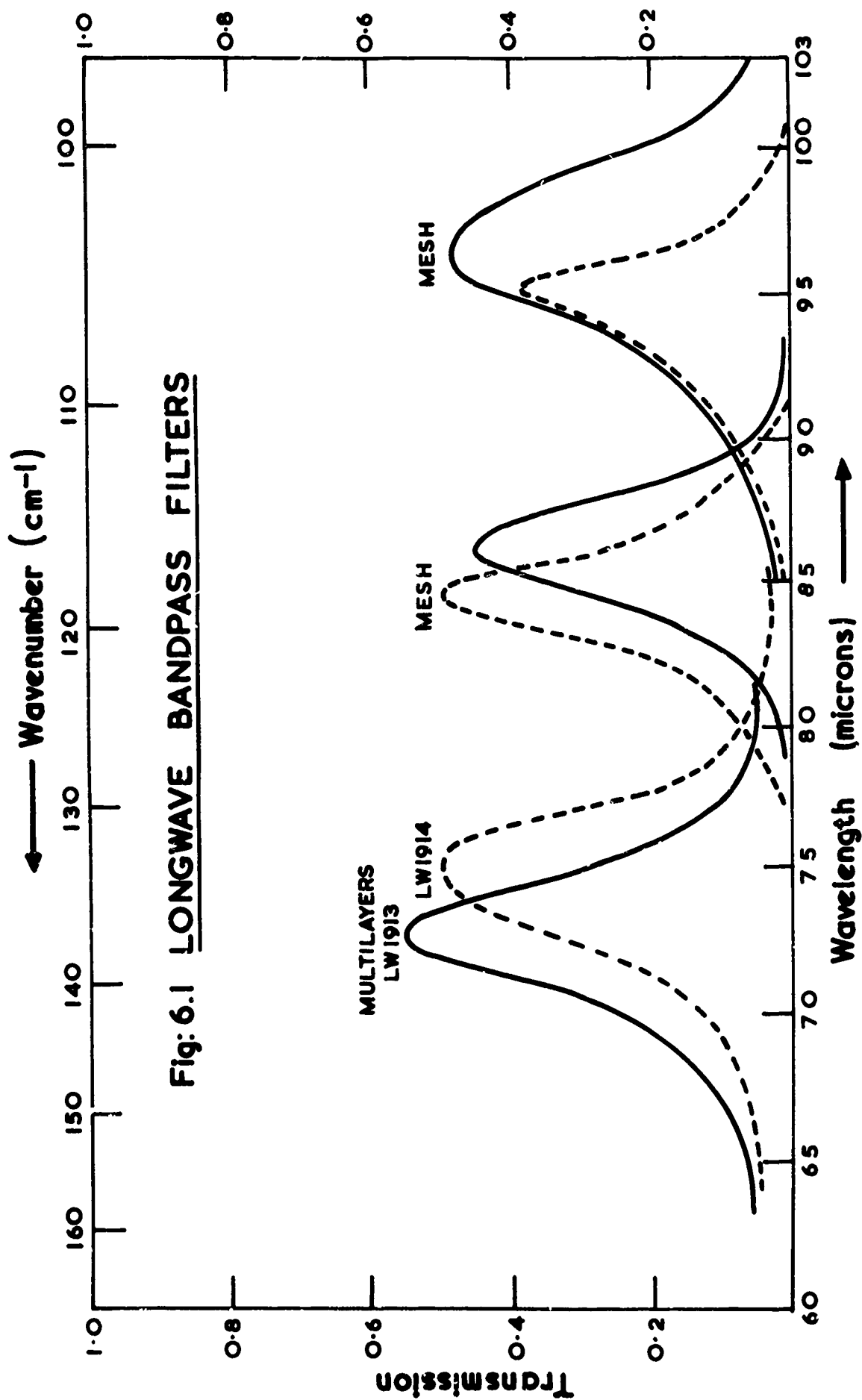


f1

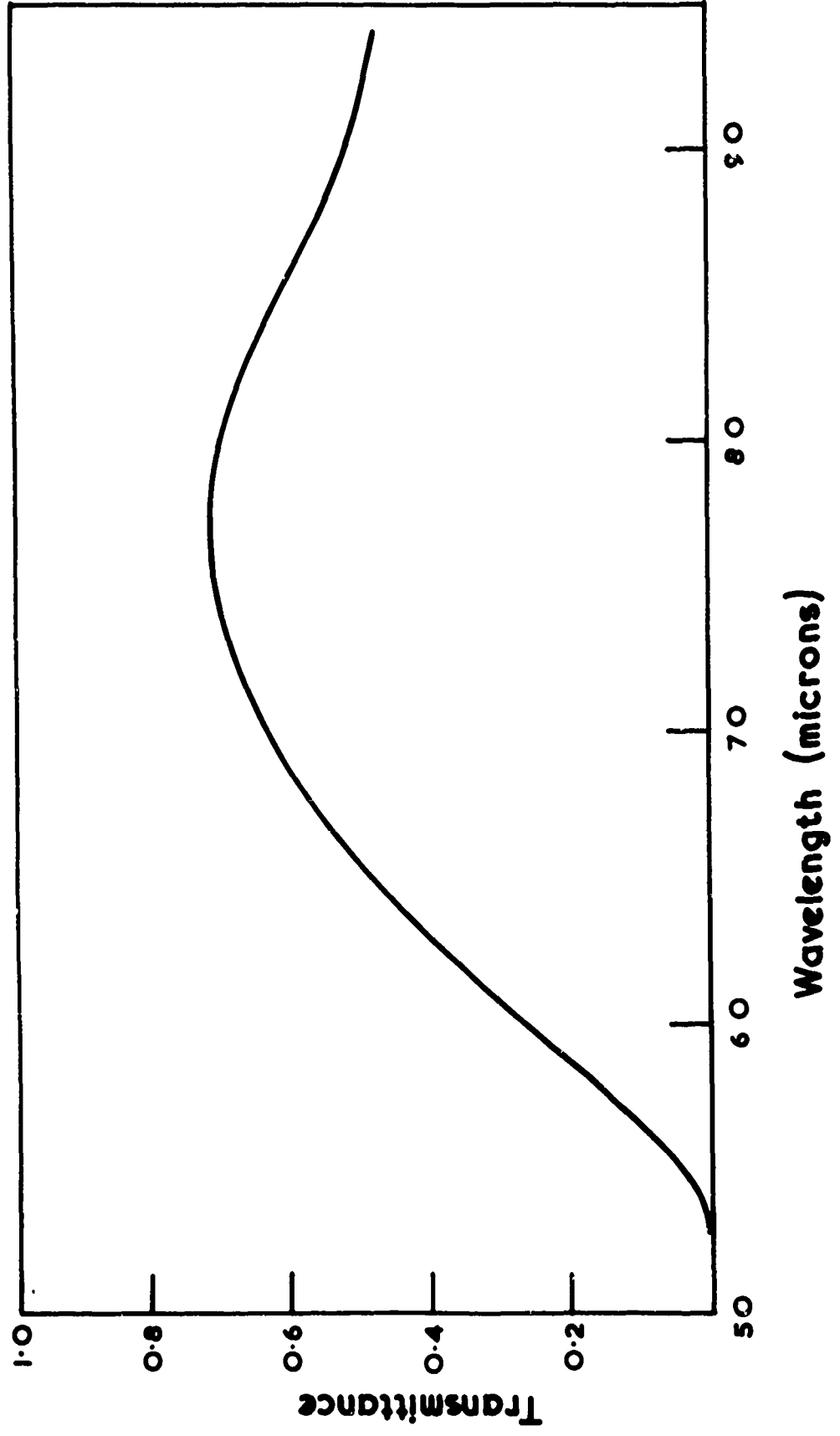
FIG. 5.15. VARIATION IN D.H.W. PASSBAND WITH FINAL LAYER THICKNESS.







**Fig: 6.2 LONGWAVE LOWPASS FILTER**



Security Classification

## DOCUMENT CONTROL DATA - R &amp; D

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13. ABSTRACT  A study of materials for multilayer evaporated film filters for the region 1-100 $\mu$ has yielded several successful high index-low index combinations, notably PbTe/ZnS (5 - 25 $\mu$ ) and Ge/CsI (10 - 80 $\mu$ ).  Filters of $\frac{1}{2}\%$ bandwidth, centred to $\frac{1}{4}\%$ can be produced on a routine basis for the 15 $\mu$ region. Band pass filters of 10% bandwidth between 50 $\mu$ and 100 $\mu$ have been achieved and evaporated film and mesh techniques have overlapped in the 60-70 $\mu$ region. Good blocking filters with edges out to 70 $\mu$ have also been obtained with performance better than other methods of filtering for this region.			

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	Multilayer filters, near infra-red, far infra-red, vacuum evaporation, micro-mesh, radiometry, semi-conductors.						